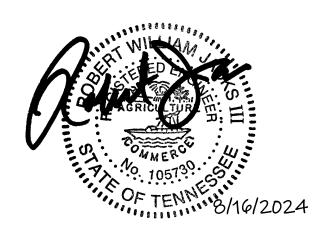


Transportation Impact Study Bob Gray Road Subdivision Knox County, Tennessee



Updated August 2024

Prepared for: Bob Gray Developers, LLC Mr. Arcip Horobet 3105 W Gallaher Ferry Road Knoxville, TN 37932



6-SB-24-C / 6-E-24-DP TIS Version 3 8/19/2024

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION	PAGE
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	1
DESCRIPTION OF EXISTING CONDITIONS	5
STUDY AREA	
EXISTING ROADWAYS	
PHOTO EXHIBITS	
EXISTING TRANSPORTATION VOLUMES PER MODE	14
PEDESTRIAN AND BICYCLE FACILITIES	15
FUTURE GREENWAY	16
WALK SCORE	17
TRANSIT SERVICES	17
CRASH DATA	18
PROJECT DESCRIPTION	19
LOCATION AND SITE PLAN	19
PROPOSED USES AND ZONING REQUIREMENTS	22
ON-SITE CIRCULATION	23
SERVICE AND DELIVERY VEHICLE ACCESS AND CIRCULATION	23
ANALYSIS OF EXISTING AND PROJECTED CONDITIONS	
EXISTING TRAFFIC CONDITIONS	
PROJECTED TRAFFIC CONDITIONS WITHOUT THE PROJECT	
TRIP GENERATION	
TRIP DISTRIBUTION AND ASSIGNMENT	
PROJECTED TRAFFIC CONDITIONS WITH THE PROJECT	
POTENTIAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY ISSUES	51
CONCLUSIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS	
LOVELL ROAD AT BOB GRAY ROAD AND YARNELL ROAD	
BOB GRAY ROAD AT THE PROPOSED ENTRANCE	
BOB GRAY ROAD SUBDIVISION INTERNAL ROADS	64



APPENDIX

APPENDIX

Appendix A - h	HISTORICAL TRAFFI	COUNT DATA
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APPENDIX B - FUTURE KNOX TO OAK RIDGE GREENWAY STUDY MAP

APPENDIX C - WALK SCORE

APPENDIX D - KNOXVILLE AREA TRANSIT MAP AND INFORMATION

APPENDIX E - ZONING MAP

APPENDIX F - MANUAL TRAFFIC COUNT DATA

APPENDIX G - CAPACITY ANALYSES – HCM WORKSHEETS (SYNCHRO 12)

APPENDIX H - LOCAL TRIP GENERATION DATA

APPENDIX I - 2021 CENSUS BUREAU DATA

APPENDIX J - KNOX COUNTY TURN LANE VOLUME THRESHOLD WORKSHEETS

APPENDIX K - SIMTRAFFIC VEHICLE QUEUE WORKSHEETS

APPENDIX L - RESPONSE DOCUMENT TO ADDRESS REVIEW COMMENTS



LIST OF FIGURES

FIG	URE	PAGE
1.	LOCATION MAP	7
2.	TRAFFIC COUNT LOCATIONS, TRAFFIC SIGNAGE & EXISTING LANE CONFIGURATIONS	11
3.	PROPOSED PLAN LAYOUT – BOB GRAY ROAD SUBDIVISION	21
4.	2024 PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC VOLUMES – EXISTING TRAFFIC CONDITIONS	26
5.	2027 PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC VOLUMES – PROJECTED TRAFFIC CONDITIONS WITHOUT THE PROJECT	33
6.	DIRECTIONAL DISTRIBUTION OF GENERATED TRAFFIC DURING AM AND PM PEAK HOUR	41
7A.	TRAFFIC ASSIGNMENT OF GENERATED TRAFFIC DURING AM AND PM PEAK HOUR – BOB GRAY ROAD SUBDIVISION ONLY	42
7B.	TRAFFIC ASSIGNMENT OF GENERATED TRAFFIC DURING AM AND PM PEAK HOUR – COMBINED RESIDENTIAL SUBDIVISIONS	43
7c.	TRAFFIC ASSIGNMENT OF GENERATED TRAFFIC DURING AM AND PM PEAK HOUR – LOVELL CROSSING DEVELOPMENT	44
8A.	2027 PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC VOLUMES – PROJECTED TRAFFIC CONDITIONS WITH THE PROJECT – BOB GRAY ROAD SUBDIVISION ONLY + LOVELL CROSSING DEVELOPMENT	47
8B.	2027 PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC VOLUMES – PROJECTED TRAFFIC CONDITIONS WITH THE PROJECT – COMBINED RESIDENTIAL SUBDIVISIONS +	18



LIST OF TABLES

TAE	BLE	PAGE
1.	STUDY CORRIDOR CHARACTERISTICS	8
2.	LEVEL OF SERVICE AND DELAY FOR UNSIGNALIZED INTERSECTIONS	29
3.	LEVEL OF SERVICE AND DELAY FOR SIGNALIZED INTERSECTIONS	30
4.	2024 INTERSECTION CAPACITY ANALYSIS RESULTS – EXISTING TRAFFIC CONDITIONS	31
5.	2027 INTERSECTION CAPACITY ANALYSIS RESULTS – PROJECTED TRAFFIC CONDITIONS WITHOUT THE PROJECT	34
6A.	TRIP GENERATION FOR BOB GRAY ROAD SUBDIVISION	
6в.	TRIP GENERATION FOR PARKWAY HEIGHTS TOWNHOUSES	36
6C.	TRIP GENERATION FOR COMBINED RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENTS	36
7A.	2027 INTERSECTION CAPACITY ANALYSIS RESULTS – PROJECTED TRAFFIC CONDITIONS WITH THE PROJECT BOB GRAY ROAD SUBDIVISION ONLY + LOVELL CROSSING DEVELOPMENT	49
7в.	2027 INTERSECTION CAPACITY ANALYSIS RESULTS – PROJECTED TRAFFIC CONDITIONS WITH THE PROJECT COMBINED RESIDENTIAL SUBDIVISIONS + LOVELL CROSSING DEVELOPMENT	50
8A.	TURN LANE STORAGE & VEHICLE QUEUE SUMMARY – 2027 PROJECTED PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC WITH THE PROJECT BOB GRAY ROAD SUBDIVISION ONLY + LOVELL CROSSING DEVELOPMENT	54
8B.	TURN LANE STORAGE & VEHICLE QUEUE SUMMARY – 2027 PROJECTED PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC WITH THE PROJECT COMBINED RESIDENTIAL SUBDIVISIONS + LOVELL CROSSING DEVELOPMENT	54
9A.	2027 INTERSECTION CAPACITY ANALYSIS RESULTS – PROJECTED TRAFFIC CONDITIONS WITH THE PROJECT – MODIFIED SIGNAL TIMING BOB GRAY ROAD SUBDIVISION ONLY + LOVELL CROSSING DEVELOPMENT	57



LIST OF TABLES (continued)

TAB	LE PAGE
9в.	TURN LANE STORAGE & VEHICLE QUEUE SUMMARY –
	2027 PROJECTED PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC WITH THE PROJECT
	MODIFIED SIGNAL TIMING
	BOB GRAY ROAD SUBDIVISION ONLY + LOVELL CROSSING DEVELOPMENT
10A.	2027 INTERSECTION CAPACITY ANALYSIS RESULTS –
	PROJECTED TRAFFIC CONDITIONS WITH THE PROJECT –
	MODIFIED SIGNAL TIMING
	COMBINED RESIDENTIAL SUBDIVISIONS + LOVELL CROSSING DEVELOPMENT
10в.	TURN LANE STORAGE & VEHICLE QUEUE SUMMARY –
	2027 PROJECTED PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC WITH THE PROJECT
	MODIFIED SIGNAL TIMING
	COMBINED RESIDENTIAL SUBDIVISIONS + LOVELL CROSSING DEVELOPMENT
11.	TRAFFIC SIGNAL GREEN TIME MODIFICATIONS
	LOVELL ROAD AT BOB GRAY ROAD AND YARNELL ROAD
12.	INTERSECTION CAPACITY ANALYSIS RESULTS –
	LOVELL ROAD AT BOB GRAY ROAD AND YARNELL ROAD60



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Note: This updated August 2024 report includes two important additions from the initial TIS. The first addition includes the final concept plan showing a single entrance to Bob Gray Road and a final count of 85 proposed townhouse units. The initial analysis included 94 townhouse units, and to provide a conservative analysis, the results provided in this updated report maintain the larger number of units. The second addition provided by the Tennessee Department of Transportation (TDOT) and suggested to be included in this updated report is a statement regarding a potential connection to Odin Street. Finally, this report includes the final concept plan in the provided figures and updates the final concept plan layout discussions.

Preface:

Bob Gray Developers, LLC proposes a residential development off Bob Gray Road in West Knox County adjacent to Pellissippi Parkway. The proposed development will include constructing 94 multi-family attached townhomes on 9.88 +/- acres. The development is named and referenced in this study as "Bob Gray Road Subdivision" since a formal name has not been chosen yet. The development proposes a single entrance on the south side of Bob Gray Road, approximately 1,500 feet east of the signalized intersection of Lovell Road at Bob Gray Road and Yarnell Road. The development is anticipated to be fully built and occupied by 2027.

The primary purpose of this study is to determine and evaluate the potential impacts of the development on the adjacent transportation system. The study includes a review of the primary access roads and intersections, and it is a Level 1 study established by Knoxville/Knox County Planning. This study also includes a review of the impacts of an existing adjacent residential development losing its road access to Pellissippi Parkway and its residents' trips diverted through the proposed Bob Gray Road Subdivision. Recommendations and mitigation measures are offered to accommodate the new residential subdivision if transportation operations are projected to be below recognized engineering standards. The measures also include recommendations if the adjacent subdivision loses its current road access and is routed to Bob Gray Road.

Study Results:

The significant findings of this study include the following:

• The Bob Gray Road Subdivision, with a maximum of 94 multi-family attached townhomes, is estimated to generate 903 trips at full build-out and occupancy on



- an average weekday. Of these daily trips, 51 are estimated to occur during the AM peak hour and 73 in the PM peak hour in 2027.
- The Proposed Entrance for the Bob Gray Road Subdivision is expected to operate
 with acceptable vehicle delays in the projected AM and PM peak hours. The
 addition of the Proposed Entrance approach on Bob Gray Road will operate
 adequately in 2027 with respect to vehicle capacity.
- The projected 2027 traffic volumes for the Bob Gray Road Subdivision alone will
 not warrant the construction of turn lanes on Bob Gray Road at the Proposed
 Entrance. A single exiting lane for the Proposed Entrance at Bob Gray Road will
 be sufficient.
- If the adjacent residential development to the south, Parkway Heights, loses its only road access via Pellissippi Parkway, its traffic will need to be re-routed through the new Bob Gray Road Subdivision. If this were to occur, the projected 2027 volumes indicate that the warrant thresholds for a separate westbound left-turn lane and eastbound right-turn lane on Bob Gray Road would be met. These lanes would not be warranted based on the Bob Gray Road Subdivision alone.

Recommendations:

The following recommendations are based on the study analyses to minimize the impacts of the proposed development and potential diverted trips on the adjacent transportation system while attempting to achieve an acceptable traffic flow and improved safety. More details regarding all the recommendations are discussed at the end of the report.

Lovell Road at Bob Gray Road and Yarnell Road:

 Knox County Engineering is recommended to modify the traffic signal timing to reduce the considerable vehicle delays for the westbound and eastbound approaches on Bob Gray Road and Yarnell Road in the existing and projected conditions. This modification would include utilizing the optimized green times offered in the report, particularly for these approaches in the PM peak hour.

Bob Gray Road at the Proposed Entrance:

• An eastbound separate right-turn lane is recommended to be constructed on Bob Gray Road at the Proposed Entrance if Parkway Heights loses its access to Pellissippi Parkway. Due to the limited development property road frontage along Bob Gray Road, the eastbound right-turn lane would need to be designed and constructed with a minimal lane taper and maximum deceleration length possible within the confines of the property road frontage. The civil site designer



would need to coordinate the design of this turn lane with Knox County and include a white right-turn arrow and lane lines on the pavement for this exclusive lane. This lane would not be warranted based on the Bob Gray Road Subdivision alone.

- A separate westbound left-turn lane is shown to be warranted in this study in the projected 2027 conditions if Parkway Heights loses its road access to Pellissippi Parkway and is diverted through the new Bob Gray Road Subdivision for road access to Bob Gray Road. However, as discussed in the report, this lane is not likely feasible to be constructed.
- It is recommended that advance intersection warning signs be installed on Bob Gray Road to the east and west of the Proposed Entrance. These warning signs should be Side Road Intersection Signs (W2-2r and W2-2l). The signs should be installed in both directions on Bob Gray Road, preferably no less than 450 feet in advance of the Proposed Entrance.
- It is recommended that a Stop Sign (R1-1) be installed and a 24" white stop bar be applied to the Proposed Entrance approach at Bob Gray Road. The stop bar should be applied a minimum of 4 feet away from the edge of Bob Gray Road and placed at the desired stopping point that maximizes the sight distance.
- Based on a posted speed limit of 40-mph on Bob Gray Road, the required intersection sight distance is 400 feet for turning vehicles at the Proposed Entrance. The existing sight distances at the Proposed Entrance location were estimated visually to be adequate in both directions and certified by a land surveyor. Intersection sight distance at the Proposed Entrance at Bob Gray Road must not be impacted by future landscaping, signage, or existing or future vegetation.

Bob Gray Road Subdivision Internal Roads:

- A 25-mph Speed Limit Sign (R2-1) is recommended to be posted near the beginning of the development entrance off Bob Gray Road. It is recommended that a "No Outlet" Sign (W14-2a) be installed at the front of the development at Bob Gray Road. The "No Outlet" sign can be installed above or below the street name sign or separately posted on the entrance road.
- Dual end-of-roadway object markers (OM4-1) should be installed at the end of the
 internal roads in the subdivision that end in hammerhead turnarounds. These
 markers should also be installed at the end of Road "A" if the road is not
 immediately connected to Blinken Street to the south in the Parkway Heights
 development. Furthermore, if an immediate road connection is not made to
 Blinken Street, an additional sign should be posted at the end of Road "A" to follow



Knoxville-Knox County Subdivision regulations. This sign is for notification of a possible future street connection. It should state, "NOTICE – This road may be extended and connected to the south – for more info. contact Knox Co. Engineering & Public Works (865) 215-5800".

- Stop Signs (R1-1) with 24" white stop bars are recommended to be installed at the internal road locations, as shown in the study.
- Sight distance at the new internal intersections must not be impacted by new signage, parked cars, or future landscaping. With a speed limit of 25-mph in the development, the internal intersection sight distance is 250 feet. The required stopping sight distance is 155 feet for a level road grade. The site designer should ensure that internal sight distance lengths are met and account for different proposed road grades.
- It is recommended that a small strip of the development property be reserved as a potential common area for all Bob Gray Road Subdivision residents to walk or ride their bikes to the east. This strip would allow for a pathway to the future Knox to Oak Ridge Greenway if the greenway is constructed adjacent to the subdivision and on the west side of Pellissippi Parkway.
- If directed by the local post office, the site designer should include a parking area and a centralized mail delivery center within the development for the subdivision residents.
- All drainage grates and covers for the residential development must be pedestrian and bicycle-safe.
- Road "A" in the subdivision will have a long, straight road segment. Straight road segments encourage higher vehicle speeds. Additionally, if Parkway Heights loses its access to Pellissippi Parkway, residents from this other development will increase traffic volumes and may contribute to speeding in the Bob Gray Road Subdivision. It is recommended that the civil site designer consider including traffic calming measures on the internal Road "A", such as speed humps or tables. Specifics regarding this recommendation should be discussed in the design phase with Knox County Engineering.
- All road and intersection elements should be designed to AASHTO and Knox County specifications and guidelines to ensure proper operation.
- If a connection to Odin Street to the south (Parkway Heights Townhouses) is pursued as part of this project or in the future, then the connection of Odin Street to Pellissippi Parkway <u>must</u> be closed.



DESCRIPTION OF EXISTING CONDITIONS

STUDY AREA:

The proposed location of this new residential development is shown on a map in Figure 1. This proposed development will be located off Bob Gray Road in West Knox County, TN. The development will be constructed on an existing single parcel, with a single entrance on the south side of Bob Gray Road. As requested, transportation impacts associated with the development were analyzed on Bob Gray Road, where the proposed development will have road access to and from external destinations.

The scope of work from Knoxville/Knox County Planning also requested that the study include a worst-case scenario if the existing adjacent townhouse development to the south, Parkway Heights, loses its current external road access. This worst-case scenario included routing the trips generated by the residents in Parkway Heights through the proposed new subdivision due to a road closure to Pellissippi Parkway. Parkway Heights only has external road access via its entrance at Pellissippi Parkway. Over the past few years, the Tennessee Department of Transportation has made a concerted effort to remove driveway access points and limit access to Pellissippi Parkway, forcing vehicular access to designated interchanges. Thus, this report includes two scenarios: an analysis of the proposed Bob Gray Road Subdivision alone and the other, the worst-case scenario, which includes the Bob Gray Road Subdivision plus the diverted trips from Parkway Heights Townhouses due to a potential entrance closure at Pellissippi Parkway.



The proposed development property is in a suburban area of West Knox County, TN, with many surrounding residential developments and a few commercial properties nearby on Lovell Road



to the west. Several established neighborhoods are near the development site, including single-family detached houses, townhouses, and apartments. The site property is a remaining pocket of undeveloped land in an area that has experienced a lot of development over the past few decades. The property has remained undeveloped due to site challenges, including topography, drainage, and road access. However, it has become much more attractive for development due to the enormous residential activity in Knox County and its desirable location in West Knoxville.

The existing development site has steep topography near Bob Gray Road, sloped towards the south, and further to the south, the property slope becomes gentler. The existing property is covered with young forest and is adjacent to and west of Pellissippi Parkway. No existing structures are on the development property.



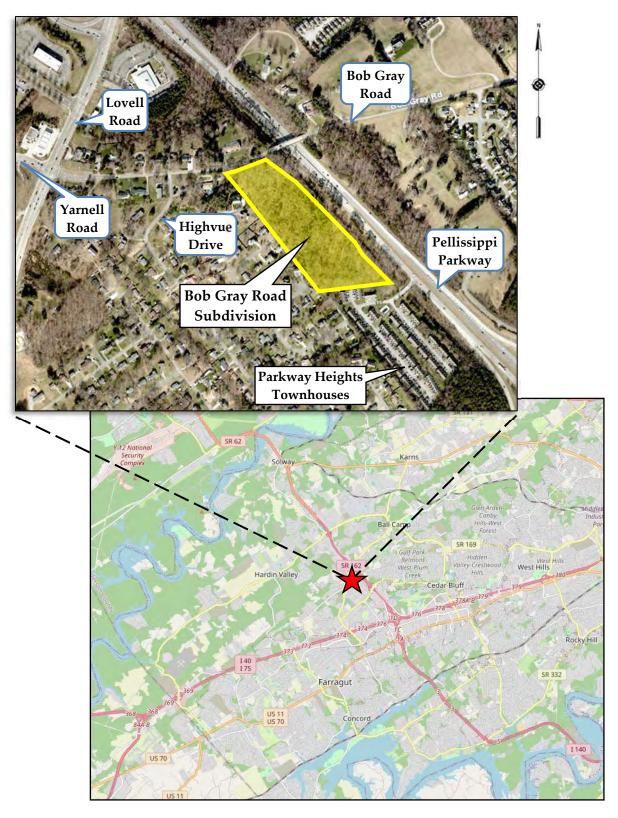


Figure 1 Location Map

EXISTING ROADWAYS:

Table 1 lists the characteristics of the existing primary roadways near the development property and included in the study:

TABLE 1 STUDY CORRIDOR CHARACTERISTICS

NAME	CLASSIFICATION 1	SPEED LIMIT	LANES	ROAD WIDTH ²	TRANSIT 3	PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES	BICYCLE FACILITIES
Bob Gray Road	Major Collector	40 mph	2 undivided	20 feet	None	No sidewalks along roadway	No bike lanes
Lovell Road (SR 131)	Minor Arterial	45 mph	4 undivided with TWLTL	70 feet	None	Sidewalks on both sides	Bike lanes on both sides
Yarnell Road	Major Collector	40 mph	2 undivided	25 feet	None	Sidewalk on north side of road for 500 feet at Lovell Road	No bike lanes

¹ 2018 Major Road Plan by Knoxville/Knox County Planning

Bob Gray Road is classified as a Major Collector and traverses generally in a west-east direction with a total length of 3.1 miles. Bob Gray Road begins at the signalized intersection with Lovell Road (SR 131) and Yarnell Road on its west side. On its east side, the road name terminates at the signalized intersection with North Cedar Bluff Road and continues to the east as Old Cedar Bluff Road. Along its length, Bob Gray Road has two roundabout intersections and a few notable vertical curves, but for the most part, the vertical and horizontal elevation changes are gradual. Nearly all properties along Bob Gray Road are residential in nature.

Bob Gray Road has a 2-lane pavement section with white edge lines and a double yellow centerline at the subdivision's Proposed Entrance location. Roadway lighting is absent in the adjacent study area along Bob Gray Road. Other roadway features, including curbing, sidewalks, bike lanes, and greenway paths, are not provided along Bob Gray Road.





² From edges of pavement and face of curbs near project site

³ According to Knoxville Area Transit System Map

Just east of the Proposed Entrance location, Bob Gray Road is delineated with guardrails on both sides before it transitions to an overpass bridge over Pellissippi Parkway. This overpass is designated and signed as a Memorial Bridge for Jackie Carroll Walker, a US Army 1st Lieutenant from Corryton, TN, who was killed in South Vietnam in November 1969.

Bob Gray Road has relatively good pavement conditions and will be the primary road for future subdivision residents. The asphalt pavement surface outside the white edge lines on Bob Gray Road near the development site ranges from a couple of inches to 6 inches. The pavement width at the Proposed Entrance is 20 feet. No paved shoulders are on Bob Gray Road, with most of the shoulders outside the pavement consisting of grass surfaces.

The Proposed Entrance for the subdivision will be located 1,500 feet east of the signalized intersection of Lovell Road at Bob Gray Road and Yarnell Road. The closest intersecting public street will be Highvue Drive, a local street for the adjacent Highvue Acres Subdivision, and will be 650 feet to the west of the Proposed Entrance.

Lovell Road (SR 131) is classified as a Minor Arterial and generally traverses north to south and is crossed by significant roadways along its route. Lovell Road is a Tennessee State Route and is maintained by TDOT. Lovell Road begins on the south side at the signalized intersection of Kingston Pike (SR 1) at Canton Hollow Road. Lovell Road formally ends on its north side at the signalized intersection with Middlebrook Pike, Ball Camp Byington Road, and Ball Camp Pike. Lovell Road has a total length of 6 miles. According to online



Lovell Road at the Signalized Intersection with Bob Gray Road and Yarnell Road

sources at the Knoxville Civil War Roundtable website, Lovell was a "corrupted" village name that used to exist near the intersection of Kingston Pike and the current Lovell Road. This village was known as Loveville and was established in 1797 by Robert Loveville, a companion of General James White, recognized as the founder of Knoxville, TN.

Closer to the study area, Lovell Road provides convenient access to Pellissippi Parkway to the north for travel to the south towards Interstate 40/75/140 and, in particular, for travel to the north towards Oak Ridge, TN. To the south, Lovell Road provides access to Interstate 40/75, the Turkey



Creek Shopping area, and Kingston Pike. The posted speed limit on Lovell Road is 45 mph near the project site.

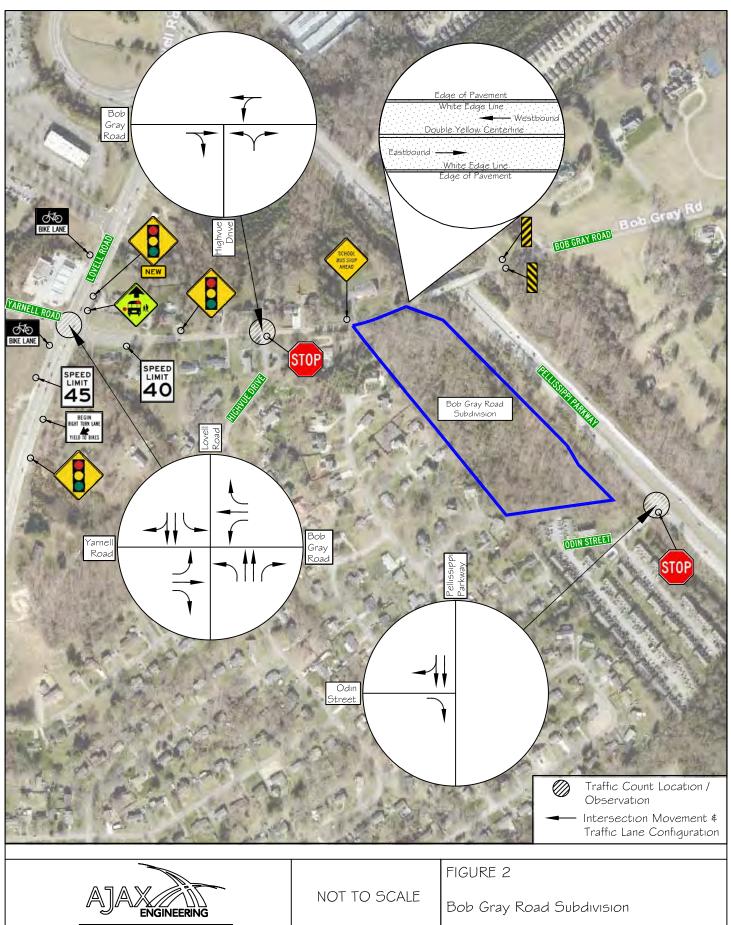
Lovell Road is a 4-lane undivided roadway near the proposed development site with a continuous center two-way left-turn lane (TWLTL). The TWLTL has a width of 12 feet with 11.5-foot wide dual-thru lanes in both directions. Each side of Lovell Road is flanked by 4.5-foot wide bike lanes, curb and gutter, and concrete sidewalks 4.5 feet wide. Road signage and pavement markings delineate the bike lanes on Lovell Road.

Recent improvements have been made along Lovell Road and at the signalized intersection of Lovell Road at Bob Gray Road and Yarnell Road. These improvements included repaving and restriping, new sidewalk ramps, pedestrian crossing buttons, and detectable surfaces to meet ADA (Americans with Disabilities Act) regulations. The traffic signal at the intersection of Lovell Road at Bob Gray Road and Yarnell Road is supported by strain poles, and the signal heads are hung on span wires. Pedestrian crosswalks are provided on all the approaches at the traffic signal.

Yarnell Road is classified as a Major Collector and traverses generally in a southwest-northeast direction. Yarnell Road begins at the unsignalized t-intersection with Everett Road on its southwest side and traverses 5.5 miles to its end to the northeast. Yarnell Road terminates at the signalized intersection with Lovell Road and Bob Gray Road on its northeast end. A driveway for a Weigel's Convenience Store is located just to the northwest of this signalized intersection. Yarnell Road has no bike lanes but has a short concrete sidewalk 500 feet in length on its north side between Lovell Road and the Lovell Crossing Apartments to the west. The sidewalk is 5 feet in width with a 6" curb.

Figure 2 shows the existing lane configurations of the roadways examined in the study, the traffic count locations, and the current traffic signage in the study area. The traffic signage shown in Figure 2 only includes warning and regulatory signage near the development site. The pages following Figure 2 give a further overview of the site study area with photographs.



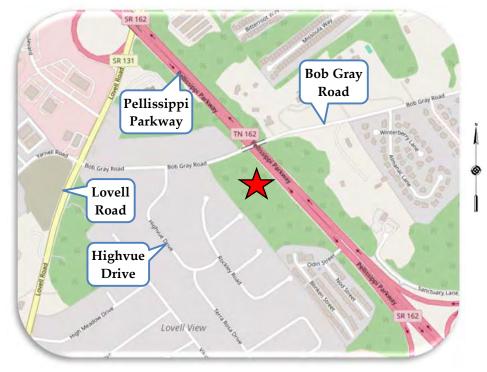


I 1812 Black Road Knoxville, TN 37932 Phone: (865) 556-0042 Email: ajaxengineering@gmail.com



Traffic Count Locations, Traffic Signage & Existing Lane Configurations

PHOTO EXHIBITS

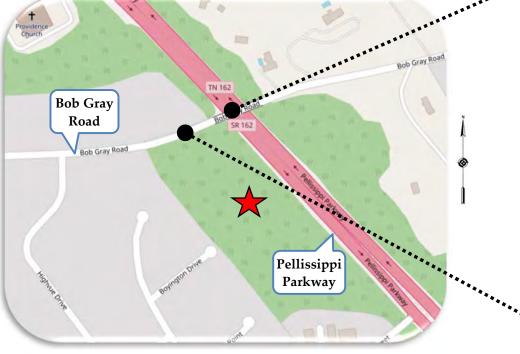


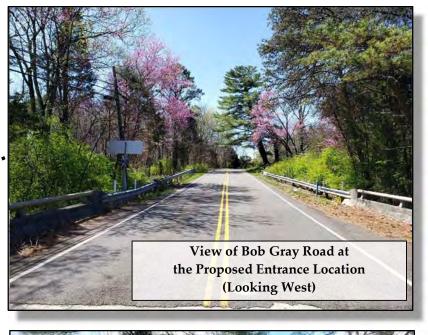
Proposed Development Area

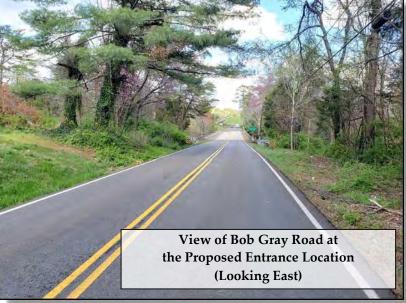












Bob Gray Road at the Proposed Development Site



EXISTING TRANSPORTATION VOLUMES PER MODE:

Three annual vehicular traffic count locations are in the study area, and the Tennessee Department of Transportation (TDOT) and the Knoxville Regional Transportation Planning Organization (TPO) conduct these counts. The count location data is the following and can be viewed with further details in Appendix A:

o Existing vehicular roadway traffic:

- TDOT reported an Average Daily Traffic (ADT) on Bob Gray Road, east of Pellissippi Parkway and the proposed development site, at 3,401 vehicles per day in 2023. From 2016 to 2023, this count station has indicated a 2.5% average annual traffic growth rate.
- TDOT reported an Average Daily Traffic (ADT) on Yarnell Road, west of Lovell Road and the proposed development site, at 3,636 vehicles per day in 2023.
 From 2013 to 2023, this count station has indicated a 1.7% average annual traffic growth rate.
- TPO reported an Average Daily Traffic (ADT) on Lovell Road, north of Bob Gray
 Road and northwest of the proposed development site, at 22,090 vehicles per
 day in 2022. From 2012 to 2022, this count station has indicated a 1.5% average
 annual traffic growth rate.

Existing bicycle and pedestrian volumes:

The average daily pedestrian and bicycle traffic along Bob Gray Road is unknown. However, with the lack of sidewalks and bike lanes, this roadway is assumed to have minimal pedestrian and bicyclist activity. During the traffic counts for this project, no bicyclists or pedestrians were observed along Bob Gray Road near the development site. However, a few pedestrians were observed on the sidewalk on the north side of Yarnell Road, the sidewalks on Lovell Road, and a few bicyclists were observed traveling on Lovell Road in the designated bike lanes.

An online website, <u>strava.com</u>, provides "heat" maps detailing routes taken by pedestrians, joggers, and bicyclists. The provided heat maps show the last two years of data, are updated monthly, and are gathered from individuals allowing their smart devices to track and compile their routes (millions of users). The activities in the maps are shown on the roads with color intensities with lighter colors signifying higher activity. The Strava heat maps show some bicycle activity but no pedestrian activity



along Bob Gray Road adjacent to the development site. However, quite a bit of pedestrian and bicyclist activity is shown along Lovell Road and Yarnell Road to the west of the development site.

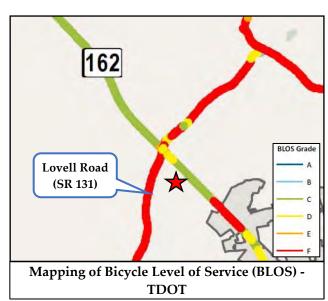




PEDESTRIAN AND BICYCLE FACILITIES:

Sidewalks and bike lanes are not provided on Bob Gray Road. However, bike lanes are provided on Lovell Road. These bike lanes exist in both directions on Lovell Road between Cedardale Lane to the north and Gilbert Drive to the south, a total of 2.0 miles. Bike lanes will be extended further to the north on Lovell Road in 2030 when TDOT widens the roadway between Cedardale Lane and the intersection of Hardin Valley Road/Middlebrook Pike and Ball Camp Pike to a 5-lane section.

TDOT has published mapping illustrating the Bicycle Level of Service (BLOS) for State Routes. BLOS is a nationally used measure of bicyclist comfort based on a roadway's geometry and traffic conditions. BLOS A designates the route as most suitable for bicyclists and BLOS F as the least suitable. The BLOS for Lovell Road (SR 131) near Bob Gray Road and Yarnell Road has a poor grade of F, even though bicycle lanes are provided.

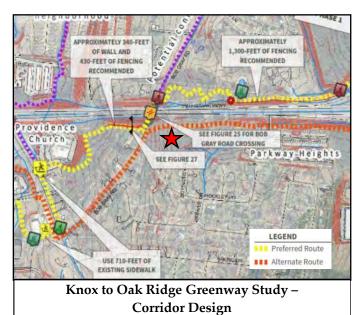




Note: it is unknown when TDOT's BLOS data was determined and whether it was calculated for Lovell Road before the bike lanes were installed in 2012 during the reconstruction of the roadway.

• FUTURE GREENWAY:

A Greenway Master Plan for Knox County to Oak Ridge was developed in 2015 by the Knoxville TPO. The plan developed potential routes to connect Knoxville, Knox County, and Oak Ridge communities via trails and greenways. Several maps in this report illustrated the preferred and alternate routes for a greenway between Knox County and Oak Appendix B and the adjacent image show a detailed map of the potential greenway routes near the proposed Bob Gray Road Subdivision

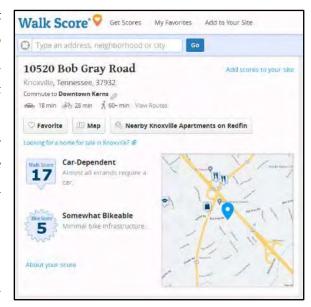


area. This map shows two distinct paths near the subdivision – the preferred route traversing across the Bob Gray Road overpass bridge to the other side of Pellissippi Parkway and an alternate route running adjacent to the proposed Bob Gray Road Subdivision and along the right-of-way for Pellissippi Parkway. The proposed Bob Gray Road Subdivision development is not expected to adversely impact the proposed greenway if the alternate route is selected.

WALK SCORE:

A private company offers a website at walkscore.com that grades and gives scores to locations within the United States based on "walkability", "bikeability", and transit availability based on a patented system. According to the website, the numerical values assigned for the Walk Score and the Bike Score are based on the distance to the closest amenity in various relevant categories (businesses, schools, parks, etc.) and are graded from 0 to 100.

Appendix C shows maps and other information for the Walk Score at the approximate



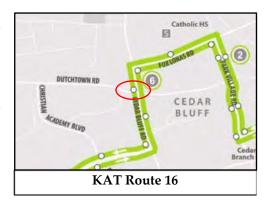
development property address at 10520 Bob Gray Road. The project site location is graded with a Walk Score of 17. This Walk Score indicates that the site is car-dependent and that all errands currently require a vehicle for travel to and from the development property. The site is given a Bike Score of 5. The lack of pedestrian and bike facilities and the distance to amenities reduce the Walk and Bike Scores at the development site. The site is not given a Transit Score since public transportation is unavailable near the development site.

Due to the lack of sidewalks and bike facilities, it is not expected that any measurable bicycle or pedestrian trips will be generated to reduce vehicle trips to and from the proposed development on Bob Gray Road. Thus, these potential alternative transportation modes are not used for vehicle trip reductions.

TRANSIT SERVICES:

The City of Knoxville has a network of public transit opportunities offered by Knoxville Area Transit (KAT). Bus service is not available near the development site. The overall KAT bus system map is provided in Appendix D.

The closest public transit bus service is 3.0 miles to the

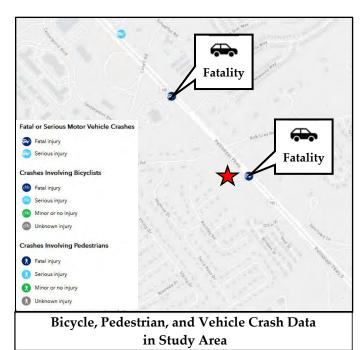




east at the corner of North Cedar Bluff Road and Dutchtown Road and is Route 16, "Cedar Bluff". It operates on weekdays and Saturdays, and this route map is included in Appendix D. Since the COVID-19 pandemic, KAT had to reduce its service schedule due to workforce shortages. These changes took place on August 29th, 2022, and the reduced schedule for this route is also included in Appendix D. However, KAT increased services on April 8th, 2024, for some routes on Sundays and evenings, but this did not include Route 16. Other transit services in the area include the East Tennessee Human Resource Agency (ETHRA) and the Community Action Committee (CAC), which provides transportation services when requested.

Since the distance to the nearest public bus service is several miles away, with no sidewalks or bike lanes available to access the bus stop without using a private vehicle, the proposed development is not expected to have any reduced vehicle trips due to public transit usage.

CRASH DATA:



The Knoxville TPO provides a website that lists bicycle, pedestrian, and vehicle severe or fatal crashes from October 2016 to September 2021. The data shows none of incidents occurred these near development site on Bob Gray Road, Lovell Road, or Yarnell Road during that time period. However, unfortunately, two fatalities are shown to have occurred on Pellissippi Parkway near the development site. These two fatalities occurred in two separate crashes on March 8, 2017, and December 11, 2017.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

LOCATION AND SITE PLAN:

The proposed plan layout with 94 multi-family attached townhomes on 9.88 +/- acres is designed by Batson, Himes, Norvell, and Poe and is shown in Figure 3. The design shows five new streets constructed for the residential development, Roads "A", "B", "D", "E", and "F". As shown in the figure, a single entrance will be constructed for the development on the south side of Bob Gray Road. The entrance road, Road "F", will be constructed just west of the existing guardrail and overpass bridge for Bob Gray Road over Pellissippi Parkway.

Internally, Road "A" will be the main road within the development and will provide access to four shorter feeder roads that include Roads "B", "D", and "E". These feeder roads and Road "A" will all end at hammerhead turnarounds.

As shown in Figure 3, Road "A" will traverse from north to south, and on its south end, it will be terminated at the property line to allow for a potential future connection to the existing townhouse development to the residential south. This development the to south, Parkway Heights, 123 townhouses and only has external road access to Pellissippi Parkway



via Odin Street. At the Parkway Heights entrance, access to Pellissippi Parkway is restricted to right-turns in and right-turns out only (RIRO) since a median opening is not provided on Pellissippi Parkway. This arrangement only allows residents to exit to the south and enter from the north, which is beneficial for the residents if this is their intended travel direction but is detrimental for the residents wishing to travel in the opposite direction. As stated previously, TDOT desires to eliminate all entrances and driveways from Pellissippi Parkway due to the large vehicular volumes and speeds and restrict access to designated interchanges. No specific plans or timelines have been offered for when Odin Street in Parkway Heights may be closed to Pellissippi Parkway. However, this study was asked to include this possibility, which would

force all trips generated by the Parkway Heights Townhouses to be re-routed to and from the north through the proposed Bob Gray Road Subdivision. Due to other existing surrounding developments, other road access options to the west or south are not feasible for Parkway Heights.



Bob Gray Road Overpass Bridge at Pellissippi Parkway (Looking East)

The Bob Gray Road Subdivision will have a fair amount of open space on the north and south sides of the development, which will include common areas and areas for stormwater control. An existing power transmission line runs between the development property and Pellissippi Parkway, with cleared and maintained vegetation below the lines.

The typical lot dimensions for the multi-family attached townhouses in the development will be 80 feet deep and 20 feet wide, providing an area of 1,600 square feet. Each townhouse will have a garage and driveway. The developer is not proposing on-site amenities for the future subdivision residents other than providing open common areas. Internal sidewalks are not proposed either.

The schedule for the completion of this new residential development depends on economic factors and construction timelines. This project is also contingent on permitting, design, and other regulatory approvals. This study assumed that the total construction build-out of the development and full occupancy would occur within the next three years (2027).

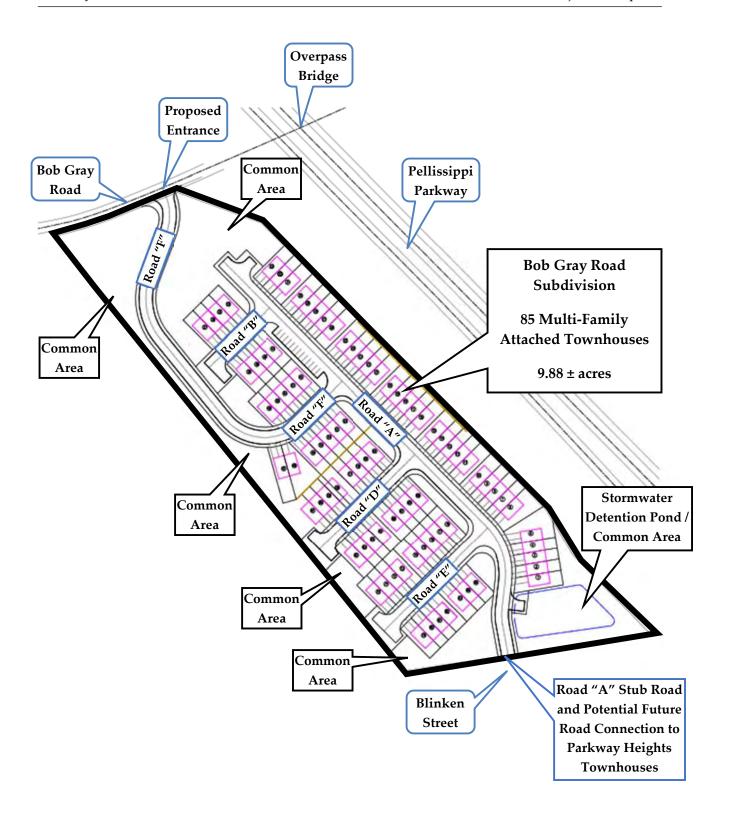


Figure 3 Proposed Plan Layout Bob Gray Road Subivision

Not to Scale



PROPOSED USES AND ZONING REQUIREMENTS:

The existing parcel comprising the Bob Gray Road Subdivision development property is in Knox County and was recently requested to be rezoned. Knox County Commission approved the rezoning on January 22, 2024. The property's existing zoning was Business and Technology Park (BP), and it was requested to be changed to Planned Residential (PR). Knoxville/Knox County Planning and Knox County Commission approved the property rezoning with a density of up to 10 units per acre. Uses permitted in the Planned Residential (PR) zone include single-family dwellings, duplexes, and multi-dwelling structures and developments. All the properties in this area along Pellissippi Parkway are overlaid with a Technology (TO) zone. According to the Knoxville/Knox County Planning website, the Technology (TO) overlay zone is described as a means to "encourage technology and related land uses while preserving forested ridges, rolling hills, and broad valleys. The zoning is fairly flexible and allows most types of office and light industry, with limits on retail development". This overlay designation was not changed. The most recently published online KGIS zoning map is provided in Appendix E. The existing adjacent surrounding zoning and land uses are the following:

- O Bob Gray Road binds the development site to the north and northwest. Across Bob Gray Road, one parcel is zoned Low Density Residential (RA) and is occupied by a single-family detached house. The house at 10519 Bob Gray Road has a single driveway on its west side.
- Seven adjacent properties to the west are in the Highvue Acres Subdivision, are zoned as Low Density Residential (RA), and are occupied by single-family detached houses. These properties have road access to Rockley Road, Boyington Drive, and Sprawls Point inside the Highvue Acres Subdivision.
- Several small parcels to the south and southeast are zoned as Planned Residential (PR) and include attached townhouses in the Parkway Heights Townhouse development. These townhouses have access to Blinken Street and Odin Street, which are private roads with joint permanent easements. Odin Street provides the only road access to Pellissippi Parkway for this development.
- Pellissippi Parkway binds the development property to the east and is shown within the Business and Technology Park (BP) zone. This zone is also applied to the properties to the east and on the other side of Pellissippi Parkway.







• ON-SITE CIRCULATION:

The total length of the internal Bob Gray Road Subdivision roads will be 2,527 feet (0.48 miles), designed and constructed to Knox County specifications, and most will end at hammerhead turnarounds. The development will have asphalt-paved internal roadways with 8" extruded concrete curbs. The lane widths internally will be 13 feet each for a total 26-foot pavement width. Roads "F" and most of Road "A" will be public roads. Roads "B", "D", "E", and the northern portion of Road "A" to the north of Road "F" will be private roads. The public right-of-way width within the development will be 50 feet. No sidewalks are proposed on the internal roads in this development. Knox County will maintain the public streets in the development after construction, and these will be dedicated public roads. The developer will maintain the private streets.

SERVICE AND DELIVERY VEHICLE ACCESS AND CIRCULATION:

Besides residential passenger vehicles, the internal roadways will provide access to service, delivery, maintenance, and fire protection/rescue vehicles. These vehicle types will not impact roadway operations except when they occasionally enter and exit the development. Curbside private garbage collection services are expected to be available for this residential subdivision if desired. The new public streets will be designed and constructed to Knox County specifications and are expected to be adequate for fire protection and rescue vehicles, trash collection trucks, and single-unit delivery trucks. The development's internal drives will accommodate the larger vehicle types and residents' standard passenger vehicles with hammerhead layouts at the road ends sufficiently sized to allow vehicles to turn around.



ANALYSIS OF EXISTING AND PROJECTED CONDITIONS

EXISTING TRAFFIC CONDITIONS:

This study conducted traffic counts at three intersections near the proposed development site on Thursday, March 28th, 2024. An 8-hour traffic count was conducted at the signalized intersection of Lovell Road at Bob Gray Road and Yarnell Road, and a 6-hour traffic count was conducted at the unsignalized t-intersection of Bob Gray Road at Highvue Drive. A limited traffic count was also conducted at the intersection of Odin Street at Pellissippi Parkway. Manual traffic counts were conducted to identify and tabulate the morning and afternoon peak period volumes and the travel directions near the proposed development site. Local public schools were in session when the traffic counts were conducted. The signalized intersection of Lovell Road at Bob Gray Road and Yarnell Road was observed having an AM and PM peak hour at 7:30 – 8:30 a.m. and 4:45 – 5:45 p.m. The AM and PM peak hours at the t-intersection of Bob Gray Road at Highvue Drive were 7:30 – 8:30 a.m. and 4:30 – 5:30 p.m. At the intersection of Odin Street at Pellissippi Parkway, only the entering and exiting traffic was tabulated, and the AM and PM peak hours for these movements occurred at 7:30 – 8:30 a.m. and 3:45 – 4:45 p.m. The manual tabulated traffic counts can be reviewed in Figure 4 and Appendix F. Some observations of the vehicular traffic at the intersections include the following:

Lovell Road at Bob Gray Road and Yarnell Road

- o No pedestrians or bicyclists were observed in the morning. In the afternoon, three bicyclists traveled on the bike lanes on Lovell Road, and two pedestrians were observed on the sidewalks on Lovell Road.
- Most vehicles at this intersection were passenger vehicles, but school buses, semi-tractor trailer trucks, single-unit trucks, and construction vehicles with trailers were observed.
- In the afternoon peak times, occasional, brief, and limited backups occurred for northbound traffic on Lovell Road from the adjacent signalized intersection to the north at Centerpoint Boulevard.
- Much higher eastbound volumes on Yarnell Road and some of the other turning movements at this intersection were observed compared to a previous traffic count in 2015.

Bob Gray Road at Highvue Drive

o Nearly all exiting vehicles from the Highvue Acres Subdivision were observed turning left (westbound). This observation shows a high attraction to Lovell Road to the west



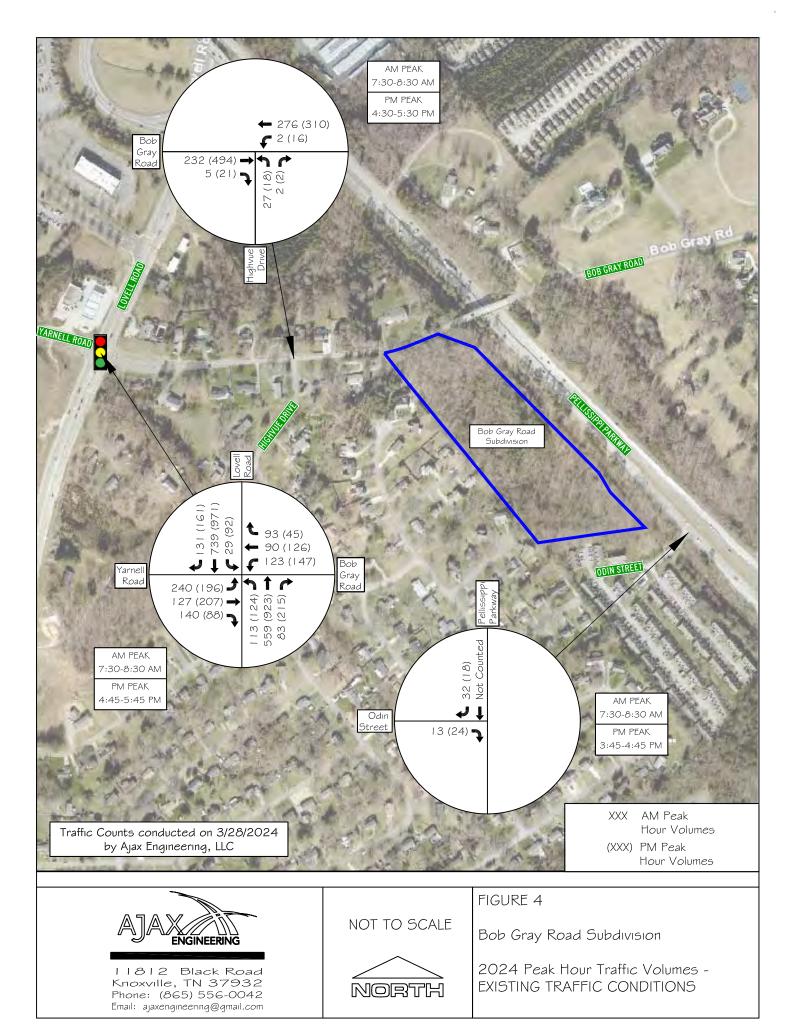
versus toward the east from this residential subdivision, especially since only two subdivision entrances are provided. If there were much attraction to the east on Bob Gray Road by the Highvue Acres Subdivision residents, they would be expected to use this entrance intersection.

- Most vehicles at this intersection were passenger vehicles, but a fair amount of school buses were observed, along with some single-unit trucks. Two semi-tractor trailer trucks were observed traveling westbound on Bob Gray Road.
- o No bicyclists or pedestrians were observed at this intersection.

Odin Street at Pellissippi Parkway

- o Nearly all exiting vehicles from Parkway Heights suffered significant delays due to the high volumes on Pellissippi Parkway.
- The maximum vehicle queue with five passenger vehicles occurred during the morning peak.
- o No bicyclists or pedestrians were observed at this intersection.





Capacity analyses were undertaken to determine the Level of Service (LOS) for the existing 2024 intersection traffic volumes shown in Figure 4 (except for the intersection of Odin Street at Pellissippi Parkway). The capacity analyses were calculated following the Highway Capacity Manual (HCM) methods and utilizing Synchro Traffic Software (Version 12).

Methodology:

LOS is a qualitative measurement developed by the transportation profession to express how well an intersection or roadway performs based on a driver's perception. LOS designations include LOS A through LOS F. The designation of LOS A signifies a roadway or intersection operating at best, while LOS F signifies road operations at worst. This grading system provides a reliable, straightforward means to communicate road operations to the public. The HCM lists the level of service criteria for unsignalized intersections and signalized intersections.



LOS is defined by delay per vehicle (seconds), and roadway facilities are also characterized by the volume-to-capacity ratio (v/c). LOS designations, which are based on delay, are reported differently for unsignalized and signalized intersections. For example, a delay of 20 seconds at an unsignalized intersection would indicate LOS C, representing the additional delay a motorist would experience traveling through the intersection. Also, for example, a v/c ratio of 0.75 for an approach at an unsignalized intersection would indicate that it is operating at 75% of its available capacity. This difference is primarily due to motorists' different expectations between the two road facilities. Generally, for most instances, the LOS D / LOS E boundary is considered the upper limit of acceptable delay during peak periods in urban and suburban areas.

For unsignalized intersections, LOS is measured in terms of delay (in seconds). This measure attempts to quantify delay, including travel time, driver discomfort, and fuel consumption. For unsignalized intersections, the analysis assumes that the mainline thru and right-turn traffic does not stop and is not affected by the traffic on the minor side streets. Thus, the LOS for a two-way stop (or yield) controlled intersection is defined by

the delay for each minor approach and major street left-turn movements. Table 2 lists the level of service criteria for unsignalized intersections. The analysis results of unsignalized intersections using the HCM methodologies are conservative due to the more significant vehicle gap parameters used in the method. More often, in normal road conditions, drivers are more willing to accept smaller gaps in traffic than what is modeled using the HCM methodology. The unsignalized intersection methodology also does not account for more significant gaps sometimes produced by nearby upstream and downstream signalized intersections. For unsignalized intersections, in most instances, the upper limit of acceptable delay during peak hours is the LOS D/E boundary at 35 seconds.

For signalized intersections, LOS is based on delay (in seconds) for various movements within the intersection and the overall operation of all the traffic entering the intersection. This delay measures driver discomfort, frustration, fuel consumption, and lost travel time and depends on traffic signal cycle lengths, lengths of green phases, and the quality of traffic progression. This control delay includes deceleration/acceleration delay, queue move-up time, and stopped delay time. For signalized intersections, in most instances, the upper limit of acceptable delay during peak hours is the LOS D/E boundary at 55 seconds. Table 3 lists the level of service criteria for signalized intersections.



>50

TABLE 2
LEVEL OF SERVICE AND DELAY FOR UNSIGNALIZED INTERSECTIONS

LEVEL OF	DESCRIPTION	CONTROL DELAY
SERVICE	Little or no delay	(seconds/vehicle)
В	Short Traffic Delays	>10 -15
С	Average Traffic Delays	>15 - 25
D	Long Traffic Delays	>25 - 35
E	Very Long Traffic Delays	>35 - 50
	The Control of the Co	

Extreme Traffic Delays

Source: Highway Capacity Manual, 7th Edition

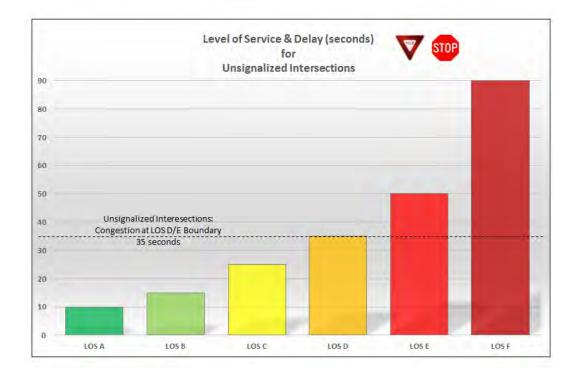


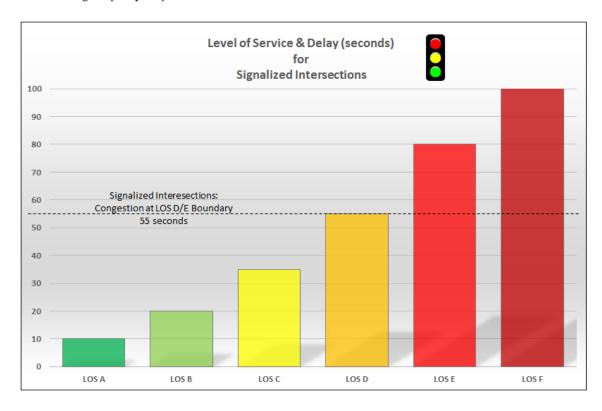


TABLE 3
LEVEL OF SERVICE AND DELAY FOR SIGNALIZED INTERSECTIONS



LEVEL OF SERVICE	DESCRIPTION	CONTROL DELAY (seconds/vehicle)
	Operation with very low control delay.	
A	Progression is extremely favorable	≤10.0
	and most vehicles do not stop at all.	
	Generally good level of progression.	
В	More vehicles stop than with LOS A,	> 10 - 20
	causing higher levels of average delay.	
	Higher delays with individual cycle failures	
C	may begin at this level. Many vehicles may	> 20 - 35
	still pass through without stopping.	
	Approaching unstable flow. The influence	
D	of congestion becomes more noticeable.	> 35 - 55
	Many vehicles stop.	
	Considered the limit of acceptable delay.	
E	High delays indicated by poor progression,	> 55 - 80
	long cycle lengths, and high v/c ratios.	
	Unacceptable delay occurs.	
F	Progression is extremely poor with	>80
	long cycle lengths and high v/c ratios.	

Source: Highway Capacity Manual, 7th Edition



Intersection capacity results from the existing 2024 peak hour traffic are shown in Table 4. The intersections in the table are shown with a LOS designation, delay (in seconds), and v/c ratio (volume/capacity) for the AM and PM peak hours. The intersection of Bob Gray Road at Highvue Drive was not requested to be included in the scope of work provided by Knoxville/Knox County Planning but is included in the study as a courtesy since it was included in the traffic counts and adjacent to the development site. Appendix G includes the worksheets for the existing 2024 peak hour capacity analyses.

TABLE 4 2024 INTERSECTION CAPACITY ANALYSIS RESULTS -EXISTING TRAFFIC CONDITIONS

	TRAFFIC	APPROACH/		AM PEAK			PM PEAK	
INTERSECTION	CONTROL	MOVEMENT	LOS a	DELAY b	v/c °	LOS a	DELAY b	v/c °
				(seconds)			(seconds)	
Lovell Road (SB & NB) at	_	Eastbound	D	41.4		F	141.0	
Bob Gray Road (WB) and	Zed	Westbound	D	47.1		E	58.0	
Yarnell Road (EB)	Signalize	Northbound	В	17.8		В	15.8	
	Sig	Southbound	C	26.6		C	20.5	
		Summary	С	29.5		D	40.3	
Bob Gray Road (WB & EB) at	pəz	Northbound Left/Right	В	12.6	0.071	C	15.7	0.087
Highvue Drive (NB)	STOP ignali	Westbound Left	A	8.6	0.004	A	8.7	0.036
	Unsign							

 $Note:\ All\ analyses\ were\ calculated\ in\ Synchro\ 12\ software\ and\ reported\ with\ HCM\ 7th\ Edition\ methodology$

As shown in Table 4, the signalized intersection is calculated to operate with average LOS and reasonable vehicle delays in the existing 2024 conditions for the northbound and southbound approaches of Lovell Road. However, the westbound (Bob Gray Road) approach and especially the eastbound (Yarnell Road) approach have high vehicle delays calculated in the PM peak hour. The unsignalized intersection of Bob Gray Road at Highvue Drive is calculated with good to average LOS and short vehicle delays.

The signal timing used to analyze the Lovell Road at Bob Gray Road and Yarnell Road intersection was obtained from Knox County Engineering and is included in Appendix G. The traffic signal operates on a 100-second cycle length during the identified AM peak hour and a 120-second cycle length during the identified PM peak hour in an actuated-coordinated system. The signal timings were not changed or optimized for the existing analysis and were used as given.



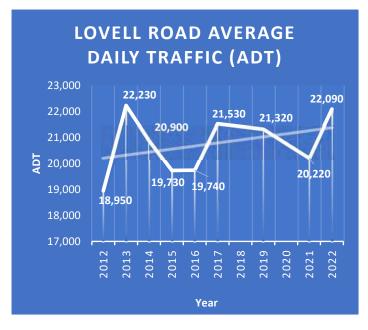
^a Level of Service , ^b Average Delay (sec/vehicle) , ^c Volume-to-Capacity Ratio

PROJECTED TRAFFIC CONDITIONS WITHOUT THE PROJECT:

Horizon year traffic conditions represent the projected traffic volumes in the study area without the proposed project being developed (no-build option). This proposed development's build-out and full occupancy are assumed to occur by 2027.

According to the nearby TDOT and TPO count stations, vehicular traffic on Lovell Road, Bob Gray Road, and Yarnell Road has grown moderately over the past ten years. The data in Appendix A shows that these roads have experienced annual growth between 1.5 - 2.5% over the past ten years.

For this study, an annual growth rate of +2.5% was used to calculate future growth on the studied intersections up to 2027 to account for potential traffic

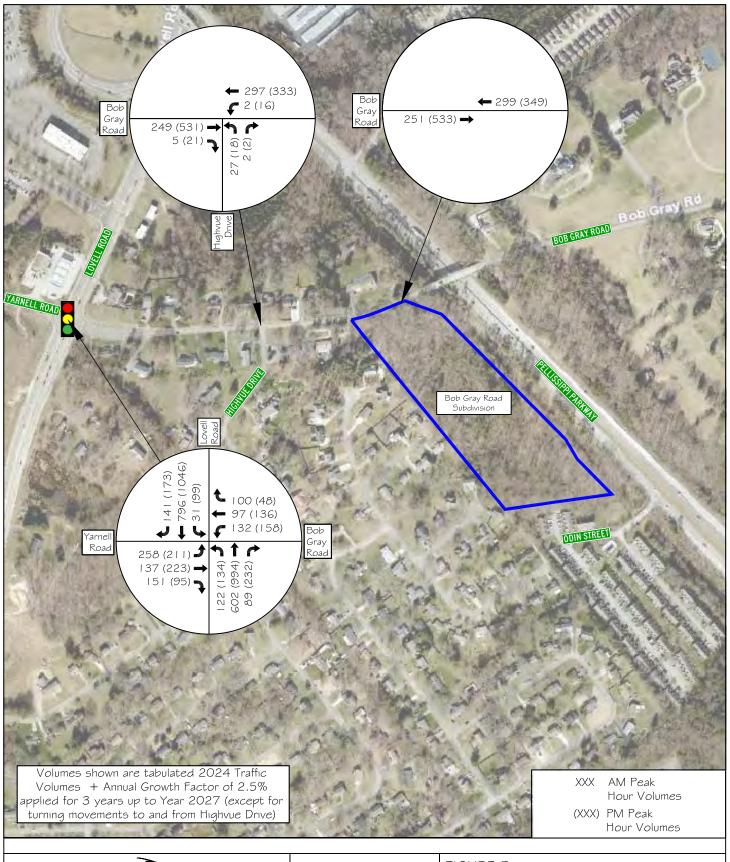


growth in the study area. The annual growth rate of 2.5% was applied to the existing 2024 volumes tabulated on Lovell Road, Bob Gray Road, and Yarnell Road to estimate the future volumes in the horizon year of 2027 without the potential development traffic. Volumes to and from Highvue Drive were not included. Figure 5 shows the projected 2027 horizon year traffic volumes at the studied intersections without the project during the AM and PM peak hours.

Capacity analyses were undertaken to determine the projected LOS in 2027 without the project. The signal timings were not changed or optimized for the capacity analyses in the projected conditions without the project. The results are shown in Table 5, and Appendix G includes the capacity analysis worksheets.

As expected, the results in Table 5 show moderately worse vehicle delays for all the intersection approaches in the 2027 projected conditions without the developments' generated trips versus the existing 2024 conditions.







NOT TO SCALE



FIGURE 5

Bob Gray Road Subdivision

2027 Peak Hour Traffic Volumes - PROJECTED TRAFFIC CONDITIONS WITHOUT THE PROJECT

TABLE 5 2027 INTERSECTION CAPACITY ANALYSIS RESULTS -PROJECTED TRAFFIC CONDITIONS WITHOUT THE PROJECT

	TRAFFIC	APPROACH/		AM PEAK			PM PEAK	
INTERSECTION	CONTROL	MOVEMENT	LOS a	DELAY b	v/c °	LOS a	DELAY b	v/c °
				(seconds)			(seconds)	
Lovell Road (SB & NB) at		Eastbound	D	41.6		F	162.9	
Bob Gray Road (WB) and	Zed	Westbound	D	47.3		E	59.1	
Yarnell Road (EB)	Signalize	Northbound	В	19.4		В	17.0	
	Sig	Southbound	C	30.9		C	22.5	
		Summary	С	31.6		D	44.8	
Bob Gray Road (WB & EB) at	pəz	Northbound Left/Right	В	13.1	0.075	C	16.6	0.094
Highvue Drive (NB)	STOP E	Westbound Left	A	8.7	0.004	A	8.8	0.037
	Unsign							

Note: All analyses were calculated in Synchro 12 software and reported with HCM 7th Edition methodology



 $^{^{\}rm a}$ Level of Service , $^{\rm b}$ Average Delay (sec/vehicle) , $^{\rm c}$ Volume-to-Capacity Ratio

■ TRIP GENERATION:

A generated trip is a single or one-direction vehicle movement entering or exiting the study site. The estimated traffic the Bob Gray Road Subdivision will generate was based on the equations provided by Knoxville/Knox County Planning. These equations were developed from an extensive local study to estimate townhouse (and apartment) trip generation in the surrounding area and were published in December 1999. For Knox County, this is the preferred rate to use for townhouses and apartments. This local rate calculates slightly higher trip rates than the similar land use in the often-referenced Institute of Transportation (ITE) <u>Trip Generation Manual</u>.

The data and calculations from the local trip generation study for the proposed land use are shown in Appendix H. A summary of this information is presented in Table 6a:

TABLE 6a
TRIP GENERATION FOR BOB GRAY ROAD SUBDIVISION
94 Multi-Family Attached Townhouses

ITE LAND LAND USE UNI USE CODE DESCRIPTION		UNITS	GENERATED DAILY TRAFFIC	GENERATED TRAFFIC AM PEAK HOUR			GENERATED TRAFFIC PM PEAK HOUR		
			ENTER	EXIT	TOTAL	ENTER	EXIT	TOTAL	
Local Trip		Lance of	1 1 1 2 2	22%	78%		55%	45%	
Rate	Townhouses	94 Townhouses	903	11	40	51	40	33	73
To	Total New Volume Site Trips		903	11	40	51	40	33	73

Data from Local Trip Rates and calculated by using Fitted Curve Equations

For the proposed residential development, it is estimated that 11 vehicles will enter and 40 will exit, for a total of 51 generated trips during the AM peak hour in the year 2027. Similarly, it is estimated that 40 vehicles will enter and 33 will exit, for a total of 73 generated trips during the PM peak hour in the year 2027. The calculated trips generated for an average weekday are estimated to be 903 vehicles for the proposed development. No vehicle trip reductions were included in the calculations or analysis.

As part of the scope of work that requested a worst-case scenario analysis, where TDOT closes access to Pellissippi Parkway to the Parkway Heights Subdivision, the trip generation for this existing subdivision was also calculated by utilizing the local trip generation rates described above and is shown in Table 6b.



TABLE 6b
TRIP GENERATION FOR PARKWAY HEIGHTS TOWNHOUSES
123 Multi-Family Attached Townhouses

ITE LAND LAND USE UNITS USE CODE DESCRIPTION		UNITS	GENERATED DAILY TRAFFIC	GENERATED TRAFFIC AM PEAK HOUR			GENERATED TRAFFIC PM PEAK HOUR		
			ENTER	EXIT	TOTAL	ENTER	EXIT	TOTAL	
Local Trip				22%	78%		55%	45%	
Rate	Townhouses	123 Townhouses	1,150	14	51	65	51	42	93
To	tal New Volume Si	ite Trips	1,150	14	51	65	51	42	93

Data from Local Trip Rates and calculated by using Fitted Curve Equations

Combining the results in Tables 6a and 6b results in the trip volumes shown in Table 6c.

TABLE 6c
TRIP GENERATION FOR COMBINED RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENTS

ITE LAND LAND USE USE CODE DESCRIPTION			GENERATED DAILY TRAFFIC	GENERATED TRAFFIC AM PEAK HOUR			GENERATED TRAFFIC PM PEAK HOUR		
		4	ENTER	EXIT	TOTAL	ENTER	EXIT	TOTAL	
Local Trip	Test to a control		1 12 2 1	22%	78%		55%	45%	
Rate	Townhouses	217 Townhouses	2,053	25	91	116	91	75	166
To	Total New Volume Site Trips		2,053	25	91	116	91	75	166

Data from Local Trip Rates and calculated by using Fitted Curve Equations

The trips shown in Table 6c are the projected volumes that would be expected at the Proposed Entrance on Bob Gray Road once the Bob Gray Road Subdivision is constructed and fully occupied and if access to Pellissippi Parkway via Odin Street is closed at Parkway Heights and a road connection between the two subdivisions is provided.

As described earlier, the entering and exiting volumes at the intersection of Odin Street at Pellissippi Parkway were tabulated to determine the peak volumes generated by the townhouses in Parkway Heights. The peak results from this traffic count were the following:

AM Entering Trips = 13 AM Exiting Trips = 32 Total AM Trips = 45 PM Entering Trips = 24 PM Exiting Trips = 18 Total PM Trips = 42



As seen from the traffic count for the entering and exiting trips to and from Parkway Heights, the theoretical, calculated trip volumes shown in Table 6b are much higher. However, the calculated generated trips for Parkway Heights were used instead of the observed volumes to ensure a conservative analysis.



■ TRIP DISTRIBUTION AND ASSIGNMENT:

The projected trip distribution and assignment for the Bob Gray Road Subdivision development are based on several sources and engineering judgment. The first source is based on the existing traffic count volumes and the observed travel directions collected on Bob Gray Road near the proposed development site.

During the traffic count, directional splits were observed for the westbound and eastbound Bob Gray Road volumes during the morning and afternoon peak hours. In the AM peak hour, 54% of traffic on Bob Gray Road was observed traveling west towards Lovell Road and 46% east. In the PM peak hour, the directional flows were more pronounced, with 38% of the traffic on Bob Gray Road traveling westbound and 62% eastbound.

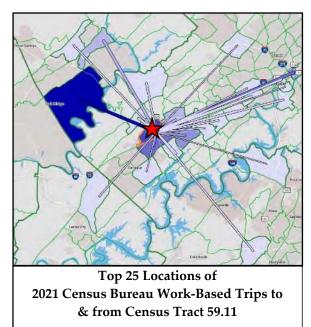
Bob Gray Road at Highvue Drive is an intersection that serves as an entrance to the Highvue Acres Subdivision. This intersection is approximately 650 feet west of the proposed Bob Gray Road Subdivision. This subdivision has dozens of single-family detached houses with two entrances, one at Bob Gray Road on the north side and the other at Lovell Road to the southwest. The observed entering and exiting splits on Highvue Drive are projected to be a good analog for the future residents of the Bob Gray Road Subdivision development since this road serves a similar residential land use as proposed for the development site. The entering and exiting percentages during the observed AM and PM peak hours to and from Highvue Drive at Bob Gray Road were the following:

Observed Entering and Exiting Vehicle Distribution at Highvue Drive on Bob Gray Road

	AM PE	AK HOUR		
ENTER FROM WEST	71%			
ENTER FROM EAST				29%
EXIT TO WEST		93%		
EXIT TO EAST			7%	
	PM PE.	AK HOUR		
ENTER FROM WEST	57%			
ENTER FROM EAST				43%
EXIT TO WEST		90%		
EXIT TO EAST			10%	
•				

During the traffic count, as shown in the table, most vehicles entered and exited Highvue Drive to and from the west during the AM and PM peak hours.

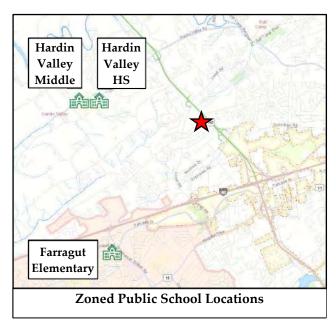




The second source for determining the projected trip distribution is based on work-related trips in the local area. Work-based trips will be a significant impetus for trips generated by residential development, and these trips are more likely to travel to and from the northwest and northeast. This assertion is based on data from the United States Bureau website for Census Tract 59.11, where the development property is located. Based on 2021 (latest available) census data shown in Appendix I, most work-based trips in the surrounding area correspond to nearby areas in West Knoxville, downtown Knoxville, the University of Tennessee area, and Oak Ridge. For

future work-related travel to and from the development site, the proximity of the Lovell Road interchange on Pellissippi Parkway to the north and the Lovell Road interchange on Interstate 40/75 interchange to the south will draw a good portion of these trips. These trips will follow the pattern observed at the Highvue Acres Subdivision with predominate flows to and from the west on Bob Gray Road.

In addition to employment centers, some generated traffic will travel to and from public and private schools. Schools will be another impetus for external trip-making. The development property is currently zoned for Farragut Elementary, Hardin Valley Middle, and Hardin Valley Academy (High School). These zoned public schools are located northwest and southwest of the development site. For parents and children not utilizing public school bus transportation, the most direct route to these schools would be initially traveling on Bob Gray Road to Lovell Road



and then utilizing other roads to the schools. Farragut Elementary is the closest to the development site at 4.1 miles, and Hardin Valley Middle School is the furthest at just under 5 miles. Hardin Valley Academy is 4.5 miles away, and both this school and the middle school

will likely be best accessed during peak hours via Bob Gray Road, Yarnell Road, N Campbell Station Road, and then Hardin Valley Road. Farragut Elementary will require the residents to travel to and from the west on Bob Gray Road and then south on Lovell Road students by private vehicles.

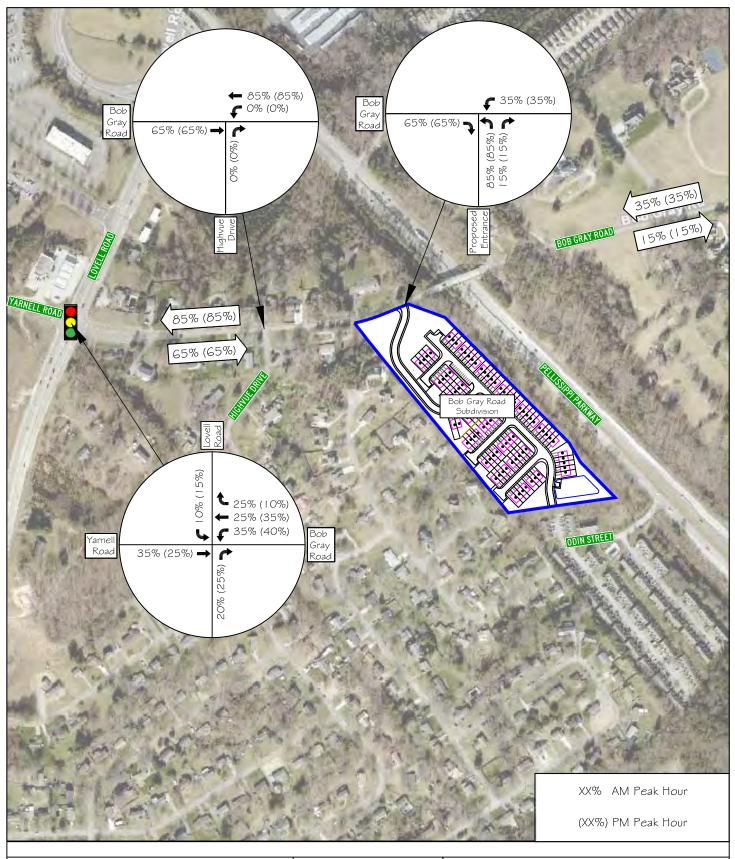
The Knox County Schools Transportation Department has developed Parental Responsibility Zones (PRZ) to determine whether students are offered transportation services to and from school. The PRZ is defined as being 1.5 miles for grades 6-12 and 1.0 miles for grades K-5 from where the students' parcel is accessed to the point where the buses unload at the school. This development will be outside the PRZ for all the zoned schools, and all school-age children attending public schools in the development will be able to utilize this service if desired.

Figure 6 shows the projected distribution of traffic entering and exiting the development at the Proposed Entrance at Bob Gray Road. The percentages shown in the figure only pertain to the trips generated by the proposed dwellings in the development calculated from the local trip rates. Ultimately, the projected, assumed trip distribution was heavily based on the observed traffic entering and exiting Highvue Drive at Bob Gray Road. The distributions shown in Figure 6 will also apply for the trips to and from the Parkway Heights Townhouses if their access to Pellissippi Parkway is eliminated and routed through the Bob Gray Road Subdivision. The percentages shown at the signalized intersection were based on the observed splits tabulated during the peak hours.

Figure 7a shows the traffic assignment of the computed trips generated by the Bob Gray Road Subdivision and is based on the assumed distribution of trips shown in Figure 6. Figure 7b shows the traffic assignment of the computed trips generated by the Bob Gray Road Subdivision plus the diverted trips from the Parkway Heights Townhouses if road access for this subdivision to Pellissippi Parkway is removed.

Additionally, Figure 7c includes a minor number of trips generated by a new nearby commercial development proposed on the southwest corner of Lovell Road at Bob Gray Road and Yarnell Road. This commercial development will include a 26,600 ft² building that will include retail and office space and is projected to also open by 2027. The assigned volumes shown in Figure 7c were obtained from the Transportation Impact Study for this other proposed development, Lovell Crossing.







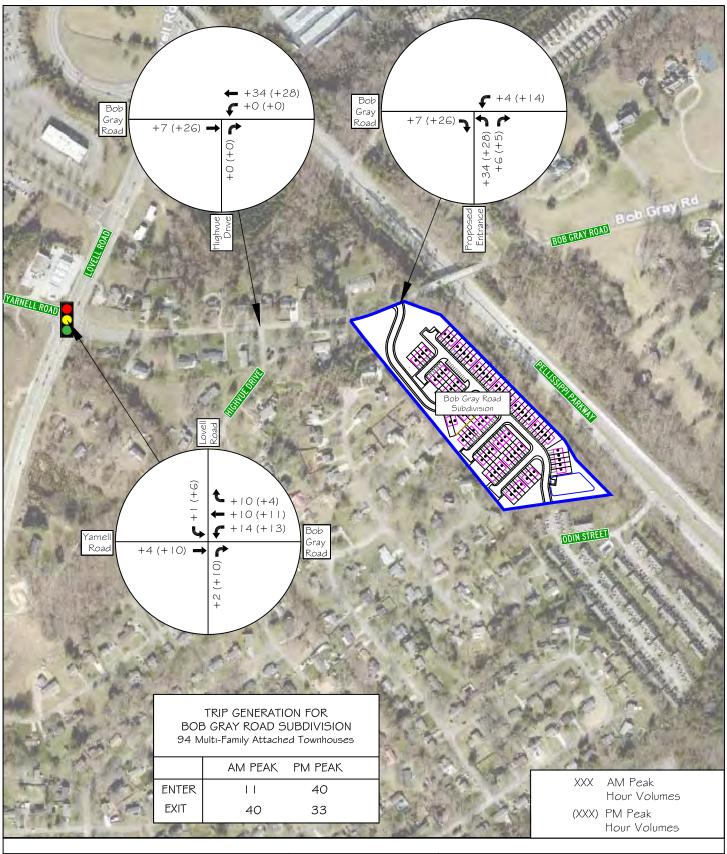
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FIGURE 6

Bob Gray Road Subdivision

Directional Distribution of Generated Traffic during AM and PM Peak Hour





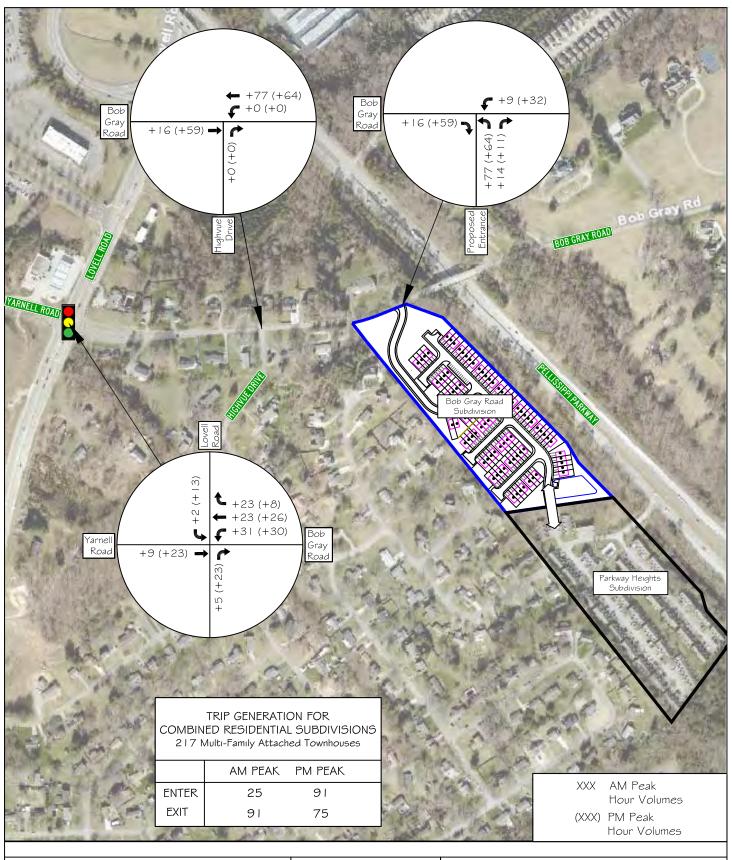
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FIGURE 7a

Bob Gray Road Subdivision

Traffic Assignment of Generated Traffic during AM and PM Peak Hour -Bob Gray Road Subdivision Only





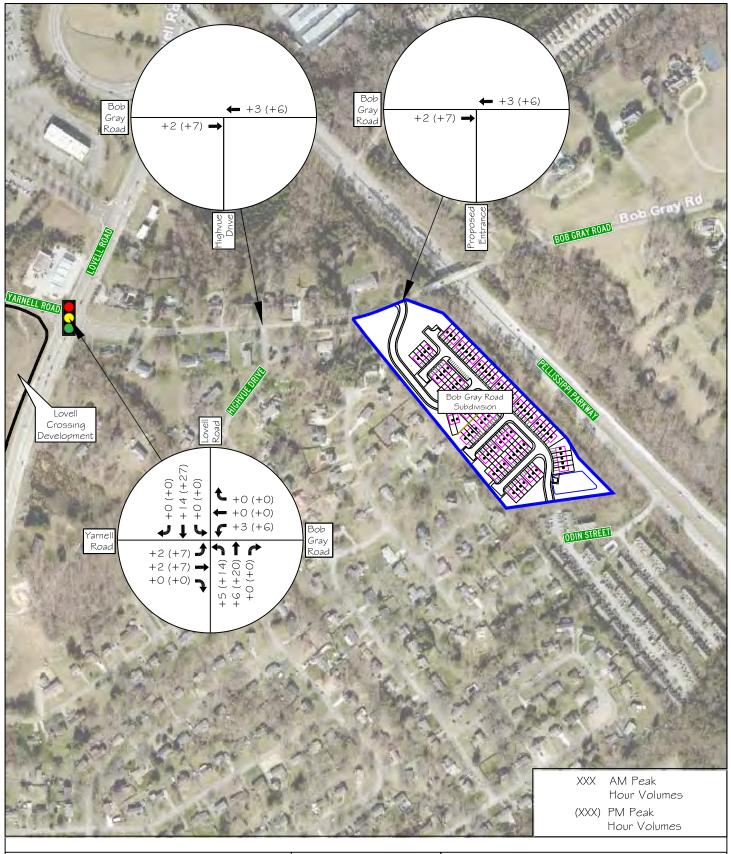
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FIGURE 7b

Bob Gray Road Subdivision

Traffic Assignment of Generated Traffic during AM and PM Peak Hour - Combined Residential Subdivisions





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FIGURE 7c

Bob Gray Road Subdivision

Traffic Assignment of Generated Traffic during AM and PM Peak Hour -Lovell Crossing Development

PROJECTED TRAFFIC CONDITIONS WITH THE PROJECT:

Several additive steps were taken to estimate the <u>total</u> projected traffic volumes at the studied intersections on Bob Gray Road when the development is constructed and fully occupied in 2027. The steps are illustrated below for clarity and review:



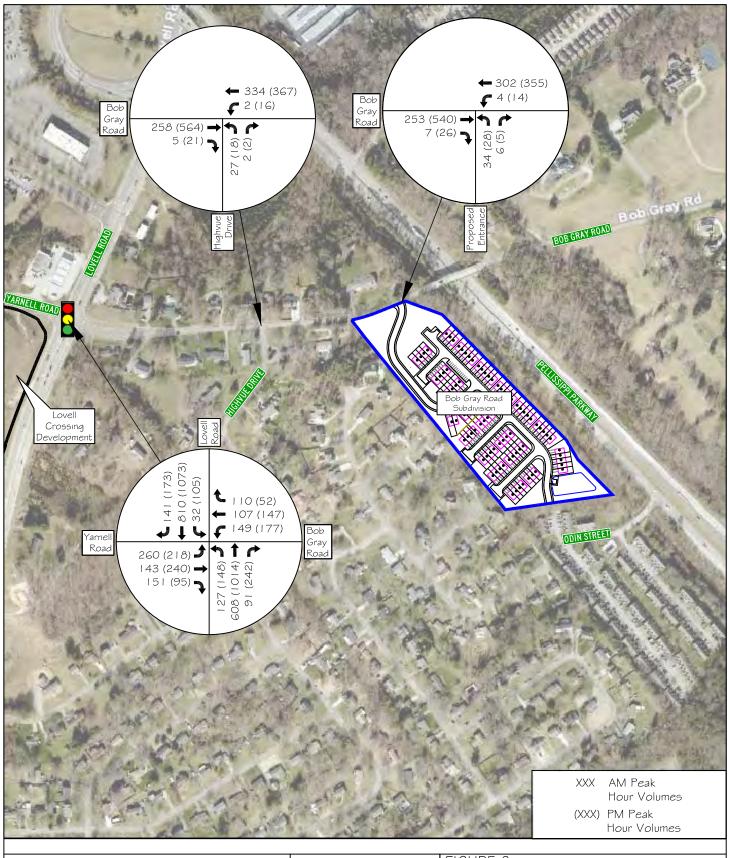
The calculated peak hour traffic generated by the Bob Gray Road Subdivision development was added to the 2027 horizon year traffic by following the predicted trip distributions and assignments. This procedure was completed to obtain the <u>total</u> projected traffic volumes at the studied intersections when the Bob Gray Road Subdivision development is fully built and occupied in 2027. In addition to the Bob Gray Road Subdivision trips, projected 2027 volumes were also calculated to include the additional trips if Parkway Heights loses its access to Pellissippi Parkway, with residents diverted through the Bob Gray Road Subdivision for external road access. The calculations also included trips from the nearby proposed Lovell Crossing Development that will be opened in 2027.

Figure 8a shows the projected 2027 AM and PM peak hour volumes for the Bob Gray Road Subdivision trips only, plus the trips from the proposed Lovell Crossing Development. Figure



8b includes the worst-case scenario, which includes the projected 2027 AM and PM peak hour volumes for the Bob Gray Road Subdivision trips, the diverted trips from the Parkway Heights Townhouses, and the proposed Lovell Crossing Development trips.







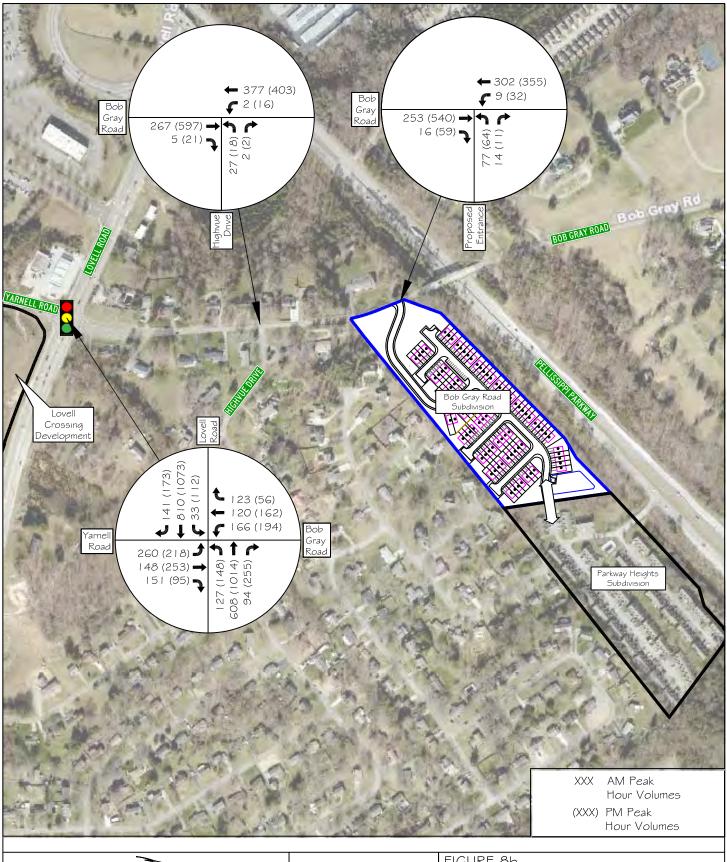
NOT TO SCALE



FIGURE 8a

Bob Gray Road Subdivision

2027 Peak Hour Traffic Volumes - PROJECTED TRAFFIC CONDITIONS WITH THE PROJECT - Bob Gray Road Subdivision Only + Lovell Crossing Development





NOT TO SCALE



FIGURE 8b

Bob Gray Road Subdivision

2027 Peak Hour Traffic Volumes - PROJECTED TRAFFIC CONDITIONS WITH THE PROJECT -Combined Residential Subdivisions + Lovell Crossing Development

Capacity analyses were conducted to determine the projected LOS with the development traffic in 2027, shown in Figures 8a and 8b. Intersection capacity results from the projected 2027 peak hour traffic are shown in Tables 7a and 7b. Table 7a shows the projected 2027 AM and PM peak hour results for the Bob Gray Road Subdivision trips only, plus the trips from the Lovell Crossing Development. Table 7b shows the projected 2027 AM and PM peak hour worst-case results for the Bob Gray Road Subdivision trips, plus the diverted trips from the Parkway Heights Townhouses and the Lovell Crossing Development trips.

Appendix G includes the worksheets for the projected 2027 peak hour capacity analyses. The signal timings were not changed or optimized for the projected 2027 conditions results shown in the tables. As shown in Tables 7a and 7b, the unsignalized intersections are calculated to operate adequately with reasonable vehicle delays in the projected 2027 conditions. However, the signalized intersection of Lovell Road at Bob Gray Road and Yarnell Road is calculated to have very high vehicle delays, especially for the eastbound and westbound approaches of Yarnell Road and Bob Gray Road in the PM peak hour.

TABLE 7a
2027 INTERSECTION CAPACITY ANALYSIS RESULTS PROJECTED TRAFFIC CONDITIONS WITH THE PROJECT
Bob Gray Road Subdivision Only + Lovell Crossing Development

	TRAFFIC	APPROACH/		AM PEAK			PM PEAK	
INTERSECTION	CONTROL	MOVEMENT	LOS a	DELAY b	v/c °	LOS a	DELAY b	v/c °
				(seconds)			(seconds)	
Lovell Road (SB & NB) at		Eastbound	D	42.1		F	189.8	
Bob Gray Road (WB) and	Zed	Westbound	D	47.8		E	63.5	
Yarnell Road (EB)	ignalize	Northbound	В	20.0		В	17.5	
	5	Southbound	С	32.7		C	23.5	
		Summary	C	32.8		D	50.3	
Bob Gray Road (WB & EB) at	zed	Northbound Left/Right	В	13.6	0.080	С	17.7	0.102
Highvue Drive (NB)	STOP HE	Westbound Left	A	8.7	0.004	A	9.0	0.038
	Unsignaliz							
	un							
Bob Gray Road (WB & EB) at	zed	Northbound Left/Right	В	13.4	0.094	D	27.7	0.188
Proposed Entrance (NB)	Unsignaliz	Westbound Left	A	7.8	0.003	A	9.4	0.019
	Sign							
	r i							

 $Note:\ All\ analyses\ were\ calculated\ in\ Synchro\ 12\ software\ and\ reported\ with\ HCM\ 7th\ Edition\ methodology$



 $^{^{\}rm a}$ Level of Service , $^{\rm b}$ Average Delay (sec/vehicle) , $^{\rm c}$ Volume-to-Capacity Ratio

TABLE 7b
2027 INTERSECTION CAPACITY ANALYSIS RESULTS PROJECTED TRAFFIC CONDITIONS WITH THE PROJECT
Combined Residential Subdivisions + Lovell Crossing Development

	TRAFFIC	APPROACH/		AM PEAK			PM PEAK	
INTERSECTION	CONTROL	MOVEMENT	LOS a	DELAY b	v/c °	LOS a	DELAY b	v/c °
				(seconds)			(seconds)	
Lovell Road (SB & NB) at		Eastbound	D	42.6		F	213.5	
Bob Gray Road (WB) and	Zed	Westbound	D	48.9		E	73.2	
Yarnell Road (EB)	Signalized	Northbound	C	20.5		В	17.7	
	Sig	Southbound	С	33.9		C	23.5	
	•	Summary	С	33.9		Е	55.4	
Bob Gray Road (WB & EB) at	pəz	Northbound Left/Right	В	14.3	0.086	С	19.0	0.111
Highvue Drive (NB)	STOP HE	Westbound Left	A	8.8	0.004	A	9.1	0.040
	4019 Unsignalized							
Bob Gray Road (WB & EB) at	pəz	Northbound Left/Right	В	15.0	0.219	E	43.5	0.480
Proposed Entrance (NB)	STOP Heli	Westbound Left	A	7.8	0.008	A	9.6	0.044
	Unsignalized		'					

Note: All analyses were calculated in Synchro 12 software and reported with HCM 7th Edition methodology



^a Level of Service , ^b Average Delay (sec/vehicle) , ^c Volume-to-Capacity Ratio

POTENTIAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY ISSUES:

The study area was investigated for potential existing and future safety issues when the development is constructed. These transportation features are discussed in the following pages.

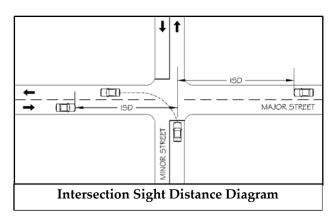
EVALUATION OF SIGHT DISTANCE

For intersections, sight distance evaluations have two categories: Stopping Sight Distance (SSD) and Intersection Sight Distance (ISD).

Methodology:

SSD is the distance required for a motorist on a major street to perceive, react, and the vehicle to come to a complete stop before colliding with an object on the road. For evaluating intersections, this object would be another vehicle entering the intersection from a minor street. SSD can be considered the <u>minimum</u> visibility distance standard for evaluating the safety of an intersection.

ISD is the <u>required</u> visibility distance standard for evaluating the safety of an intersection per section 3.04.J.5 in the Knoxville-Knox County Subdivision Regulations. ISD is based on the time required to perceive, react, and complete the desired traffic maneuver once a motorist on a minor street decides to perform a traffic maneuver.

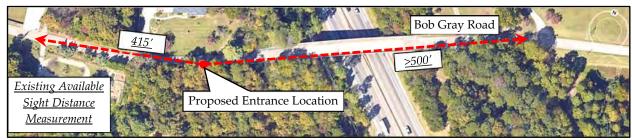


Three traffic maneuvers are available for vehicles stopped on a minor street at a 4-way intersection: (1) left-turn, (2) right-turn, (3) or a crossing maneuver across the major street. For turns from the minor street, ISD is needed to allow a stopped motorist to turn onto a major street without being overtaken by an approaching vehicle. The most critical ISD is for left turns from the minor street. The ISD for this maneuver includes the time to turn left and clear half of the intersection without conflicting with the oncoming traffic from the left and accelerating to the road's operating speed without causing the approaching vehicles from the right to reduce their speed substantially.



Bob Gray Road has a posted speed limit of 40-mph. Based on Knox County's policy of requiring 10 feet of sight distance per 1-mph of speed, the required intersection sight distance is 400 feet. Batson, Himes, Norvell, and Poe measured the sight distance from the Proposed Entrance location and determined that the available sight distance is adequate. The sight distance was measured to be 415 feet to the west and over 500 feet to the east from the Proposed Entrance location. A vertical curve on Bob Gray Road west of the Proposed Entrance limits the visual distance beyond 415 feet.

Images of the existing sight distances at the Proposed Entrance location are labeled below with the ISD and land surveyor-measured sight distances.





View of Sight Distance on Bob Gray Road at the Proposed Entrance Location (Looking West)



View of Sight Distance on Bob Gray Road at the Proposed Entrance Location (Looking East)

• EVALUATION OF TURN LANE THRESHOLDS

The need for separate entering turn lanes was evaluated in the projected 2027 conditions for the Proposed Entrance at Bob Gray Road.

The criteria used for these turn lane evaluations were based on Knox County's "Access Control and Driveway Design Policy". This design policy relates vehicle volume thresholds based on prevailing speeds for two-lane and four-lane roadways. The location of the Proposed Entrance on Bob Gray Road is within a 40-mph speed zone; thus, it was evaluated based on this speed.

For the scenario that only includes the Bob Gray Road Subdivision, separate turn lanes on Bob Gray Road at the Proposed Entrance will not be warranted based on the projected peak hour 2027 traffic volumes. For the scenario which includes the Bob Gray Road Subdivision and the diverted trips from Parkway Heights, a separate eastbound right-turn lane and a separate westbound left-turn lane on Bob Gray Road at the Proposed Entrance will be warranted based on the projected PM peak hour 2027 traffic volumes. The worksheets for these evaluations are provided in Appendix J.

• PROJECTED VEHICLE QUEUES

An additional software program calculated the 2027 AM and PM peak hour projected vehicle queues at the studied intersections. The previously mentioned Synchro Traffic Software includes SimTraffic. The Synchro portion of the software performs the macroscopic calculations for intersections, and SimTraffic performs micro-simulation and animation of vehicular traffic. SimTraffic software was utilized to estimate the projected vehicle queues.

The 95th percentile vehicle queue is the recognized measurement in the traffic engineering profession as the design standard used when considering vehicle queue lengths. A 95th percentile vehicle queue length means 95% certainty that the vehicle queue will not extend beyond that point. The calculated vehicle queue results were based on averaging the outcome obtained during ten traffic simulations in the software. The 95th percentile vehicle queue lengths at the intersections are shown in Table 8a for the projected 2027 conditions with the Bob Gray Road Subdivision only. Table 8b shows the 95th percentile vehicle queue lengths for the projected 2027 conditions with the combined residential subdivisions. The vehicle queue worksheet results from the SimTraffic software are in Appendix K.



TABLE 8a
TURN LANE STORAGE & VEHICLE QUEUE SUMMARY 2027 PROJECTED PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC WITH THE PROJECT
Bob Gray Road Subdivision Only + Lovell Crossing Development

INTERSECTION	TRAFFI CONTRO		APPROACH/	STORAGE		5 th PERCENTILE ENGTH (ft)	ADEQUATE
			MOVEMENT	LENGTH (ft)	AM PEAK HOUR	PM PEAK HOUR	LENGTH?
Lovell Road (SB & NB) at		1	Eastbound Left	180	216	317	NO
Bob Gray Road (WB) and		1	Eastbound Thru	n/a	174	557	n/a
Yarnell Road (EB)		1	Eastbound Right	300	80	600	NO
		1	Westbound Left	175	131	208	NO
	_ 7	1	Westbound Thru	n/a	126	228	n/a
	Signalized	1	Westbound Right	215	58	44	~
	o c	1	Northbound Left	TWLTL	116	193	~
	<u> </u>	1	Northbound Thru *	n/a	197	325	n/a
		1	Northbound Right	245	45	89	~
		:	Southbound Left	220	117	200	~
		!	Southbound Thru	n/a	328	396	n/a
		:	Southbound Thru/Right	n/a	279	361	n/a
Bob Gray Road (WB & EB) at	þəz	1	Westbound Left/Thru	n/a	10	35	n/a
Highvue Drive (NB)	STOP E	1	Northbound Left/Right	n/a	44	39	n/a
	dols Unsignalized						
Bob Gray Road (WB & EB) at	pəz	,	Westbound Left/Thru	n/a	14	40	n/a
Proposed Entrance (NB)	STOP E]	Northbound Left/Right	n/a	49	48	n/a
	dols Unsignalized						

Note: 95th percentile queues were calculated in SimTraffic 11 software

TABLE 8b
TURN LANE STORAGE & VEHICLE QUEUE SUMMARY 2027 PROJECTED PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC WITH THE PROJECT
Combined Residential Subdivisions + Lovell Crossing Development

	TRAFE	EIC			SIMTR AFFIC OF	5 th PERCENTILE	
INTERSECTION	CONTR		APPROACH/	STORAGE		NGTH (ft)	ADEQUATE
III III III III			MOVEMENT	LENGTH (ft)	AM PEAK HOUR	PM PEAK HOUR	LENGTH?
Lovell Road (SB & NB) at			Eastbound Left	180	220	330	NO
Bob Gray Road (WB) and			Eastbound Thru	n/a	194	596	n/a
Yarnell Road (EB)			Eastbound Right	300	100	602	NO
			Westbound Left	175	150	244	NO
			Westbound Thru	n/a	144	346	n/a
	dize		Westbound Right	215	60	174	~
	Signalized		Northbound Left	TWLTL	119	186	~
	_ S		Northbound Thru *	n/a	208	313	n/a
			Northbound Right	245	45	93	~
			Southbound Left	220	119	211	~
			Southbound Thru	n/a	328	392	n/a
			Southbound Thru/Right	n/a	282	349	n/a
Bob Gray Road (WB & EB) at	pəz		Westbound Left/Thru	n/a	9	38	n/a
Highvue Drive (NB)	STOP E		Northbound Left/Right	n/a	43	42	n/a
	dols						
Bob Gray Road (WB & EB) at	pəz		Westbound Left/Thru	n/a	19	52	n/a
Proposed Entrance (NB)	STOP HE		Northbound Left/Right	n/a	63	61	n/a
	dols Unsignalized						

Note: 95th percentile queues were calculated in SimTraffic 11 software

^{*} Longest queue in dual thru lanes



^{*} Longest queue in dual thru lanes

Tables 8a and 8b show considerable projected vehicle queue lengths at the signalized intersection of Lovell Road at Bob Gray Road and Yarnell Road in the 2027 peak hour conditions in both scenarios, with many extending beyond the available vehicle storage.

However, the projected vehicle queues for the exiting traffic in the 2027 AM and PM peak hours at the Proposed Entrance are calculated to be very reasonable for either scenario. The longest queue on the northbound (exiting) approach of the Proposed Entrance at Bob Gray Road is calculated to occur for the scenario with combined residential subdivisions (Table 8b). In this scenario, the longest queue on the northbound (exiting) approach of the Proposed Entrance at Bob Gray Road with a shared left/right lane was calculated to be nearly three vehicles, assuming a length of 25 feet per vehicle.



CONCLUSIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS

The following is an overview of recommendations to minimize the transportation impacts of the Bob Gray Road Subdivision development on the adjacent transportation system while attempting to achieve an acceptable traffic flow and safety level. The recommendations also take into account if Parkway Heights loses its access to Pellissippi Parkway and its trips are routed through the Bob Gray Road Subdivision.



<u>Lovell Road at Bob Gray Road and Yarnell Road</u>: The 2027 projected level of service calculations for this intersection resulted in high vehicle delays and poor LOS for the westbound and eastbound approaches of Bob Gray Road and Yarnell Road, particularly in the PM peak hour. The Synchro software was used to optimize the traffic signal phases to combat these poor results.

The signal timing for the projected 2027 PM peak hour volumes was optimized in the Synchro software while keeping the same cycle lengths in the AM and PM peak periods since the intersection is in a coordinated system. This optimization substantially reduced vehicle delays for the westbound and eastbound approaches and reduced the vehicle queue lengths. However, the optimization results in the mainline traffic on Lovell Road having slightly increased vehicle delays and queue lengths in the PM peak hour.

The capacity analysis results of this modified AM and PM signal timing are shown below in Tables 9a and 9b. The capacity analysis results are included in Appendix G. The optimization results are presented for the two scenarios included in the report, one for the Bob Gray Road Subdivision only (plus the Lovell Crossing Development) and the other for the combined residential subdivisions (plus the Lovell Crossing Development).

The results in Tables 9a and 9b show the potential reduction in vehicle delays and queues in the AM and PM peak hours due to software optimization compared to the AM and PM peak hour results (Tables 7a and 8a), leaving the traffic signal timing as-is. The results shown in Tables 9a and 9b are for the Bob Gray Road Subdivision only scenario (plus the Lovell Crossing Development). Green and red in the table denote the changes, showing the decreases and increases, respectively.



TABLE 9a 2027 INTERSECTION CAPACITY ANALYSIS RESULTS -PROJECTED TRAFFIC CONDITIONS WITH THE PROJECT - MODIFIED SIGNAL TIMING Bob Gray Road Subdivision Only + Lovell Crossing Development

	TRAFFIC	APPROACH/		AM PEAI	K	PM PEAK		
INTERSECTION	CONTROL	MOVEMENT	LOS a	DELAY b	CHANGE °	LOS a	DELAY b	CHANGE °
				(seconds)	(seconds)		(seconds)	(seconds)
Lovell Road (SB & NB) at		Eastbound	D	37.3	-4.8	D	51.2	-138.6
Bob Gray Road (WB) and	Zed	Westbound	D	38.7	-9.1	D	48.5	-15.0
Yarnell Road (EB)	nali	Northbound	В	15.9	-4.1	С	23.2	5.7
	Si Si	Southbound	С	27.9	-4.8	C	32.4	8.9
		Summary	С	27.6	-5.2	С	33.4	-16.9

Note: All analyses were calculated in Synchro 12 software and reported with HCM 7th Edition methodology

TABLE 9b
TURN LANE STORAGE & VEHICLE QUEUE SUMMARY 2027 PROJECTED PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC WITH THE PROJECT - MODIFIED SIGNAL TIMING
Bob Gray Road Subdivision Only + Lovell Crossing Development

		SII	MTRAFFIC 95	5 th PERCENTILE	
INTERSECTION	APPROACH/		QUEUE LE	NGTH (ft)	
	MOVEMENT	AM PEAK HOUR	CHANGE ^a	PM PEAK HOUR	CHANGE ^a
			(feet)		(feet)
Lovell Road (SB & NB) at	Eastbound Left	214	-2	270	-47
Bob Gray Road (WB) and	Eastbound Thru	183	9	389	-168
Yarnell Road (EB)	Eastbound Right	77	-3	171	-429
	Westbound Left	148	17	233	25
	Westbound Thru	139	13	321	93
	Westbound Right	58	0	135	91
	Northbound Left	111	-5	220	27
	Northbound Thru	180	-17	359	34
	Northbound Right	42	-3	117	28
	Southbound Left	102	-15	233	33
	Southbound Thru	302	-26	432	36
	Southbound Thru/Right	257	-22	397	36

Note: 95th percentile queues were calculated in SimTraffic 11 software

The results in Tables 10a and 10b below show the potential reduction in vehicle delays and queues in the AM and PM peak hours due to software optimization compared to the AM and PM peak hour results (Tables 7b and 8b), leaving the traffic signal timing as-is. These results are for the combined residential subdivisions plus the Lovell Crossing Development scenario. Green and red in the table denote the changes, showing the decreases and increases, respectively.



^a Level of Service , ^b Average Delay (sec/vehicle)

c Difference between 2027 Projected Vehicle Delay (Table 7a) versus 2027 Projected Vehicle Delay with Revised Signal Timing (Table 9a, this table)

^a Difference between 2027 Projected Vehicle Queue (Table 8a) versus 2027 Projected Vehicle Queue with Modified Signal Timing (Table 9b, this table)

TABLE 10a
2027 INTERSECTION CAPACITY ANALYSIS RESULTS PROJECTED TRAFFIC CONDITIONS WITH THE PROJECT - MODIFIED SIGNAL TIMING
Combined Residential Subdivisions + Lovell Crossing Development

	TRAFFIC	APPROACH/		AM PEAI	K	PM PEAK			
INTERSECTION	CONTROL	MOVEMENT	LOS a	DELAY b	CHANGE c	LOS a	DELAY b	CHANGE °	
				(seconds)	(seconds)		(seconds)	(seconds)	
Lovell Road (SB & NB) at		Eastbound	D	36.1	-6.5	D	49.6	-163.9	
Bob Gray Road (WB) and Yarnell Road (EB)	Zed	Westbound	D	39.6	-9.3	D	50.3	-22.9	
	nali	Northbound	В	16.7	-3.8	C	24.5	6.8	
	•	Southbound	C	28.6	-5.3	C	34.9	11.4	
		Summary	С	28.2	-5.7	С	34.9	-20.5	

Note: All analyses were calculated in Synchro 12 software and reported with HCM 7th Edition methodology

TABLE 10b
TURN LANE STORAGE & VEHICLE QUEUE SUMMARY 2027 PROJECTED PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC WITH THE PROJECT - MODIFIED SIGNAL TIMING
Combined Residential Subdivisions + Lovell Crossing Development

		SIMTRAFFIC 95 th PERCENTILE						
INTERSECTION	APPROACH/	QUEUE LENGTH (ft)						
	MOVEMENT	AM PEAK HOUR	CHANGE ^a	PM PEAK HOUR	CHANGE a			
			(feet)		(feet)			
Lovell Road (SB & NB) at	Eastbound Left	225	5	275	-55			
Bob Gray Road (WB) and	Eastbound Thru	187	-7	407	-189			
Yarnell Road (EB)	Eastbound Right	80	-20	181	-421			
	Westbound Left	163	13	235	-9			
	Westbound Thru	151	7	280	-66			
	Westbound Right	60	0	80	-94			
	Northbound Left	110	- 9	235	49			
	Northbound Thru	181	-27	368	55			
	Northbound Right	42	-3	114	21			
	Southbound Left	81	-38	245	34			
	Southbound Thru	298	-30	439	47			
	Southbound Thru/Right	254	-28	406	57			

Note: 95th percentile queues were calculated in SimTraffic 11 software

Based on these results, Knox County Engineering is recommended to modify the traffic signal timing to reduce the considerable vehicle delays for the westbound and eastbound approaches on Bob Gray Road and Yarnell Road in the existing and projected conditions. The recommended optimization signal timing changes for the green times are shown in Table 11.



^a Level of Service , ^b Average Delay (sec/vehicle)

c Difference between 2027 Projected Vehicle Delay (Table 7b) versus 2027 Projected Vehicle Delay with Revised Signal Timing (Table 10a, this table)

^a Difference between 2027 Projected Vehicle Queue (Table 8b) versus 2027 Projected Vehicle Queue with Modified Signal Timing (Table 10b, this table)

TABLE 11
TRAFFIC SIGNAL GREEN TIME MODIFICATIONS
LOVELL ROAD AT BOB GRAY ROAD AND YARNELL ROAD

AM PEAK HOUR										
PHASE #	MOVEMENT	EXISTING GREEN TIME	OPTIMIZED GREEN TIME *	CHANGE						
		(seconds)	(seconds)	(seconds)						
1	Southbound Left	15	11	-4						
2	Northbound Thru/Right	42	51	9						
3	Eastbound Left	25	21	-4						
4	Westbound Thru/Right	18	17	-1						
5	Northbound Left	15	15.4	0.4						
6	Southbound Thru/Right	42	46.6	4.6						
7	Westbound Left	20	15	-5						
8	Eastbound Thru/Right	23	23	0						
		PM PEAK HOUR								
PHASE #	MOVEMENT	EXISTING GREEN TIME	OPTIMIZED GREEN TIME *	CHANGE						
		(seconds)	(seconds)	(seconds)						
1	Southbound Left	22	14	-8						
2	Northbound Thru/Right	62	61	-1						
3	Eastbound Left	18	20	2						
4	Westbound Thru/Right	18	25	7						
5	Northbound Left	19	17.5	-1.5						
6	Southbound Thru/Right	65	57.5	-7.5						
7	Westbound Left	18	17	-1						
8	Eastbound Thru/Right	18	28	10						

 $^{^{*}}$ Optimized output from Synchro 12

A summary of the Lovell Road at Bob Gray Road and Yarnell Road intersection capacity analyses are presented in Table 12. This table provides a side-by-side summary and comparison of the intersection for the 2024 existing conditions, projected conditions in 2027 without the project, the projected conditions in 2027 with the project (with the Bob Gray Road Subdivision, Parkway Heights Townhouses, and Lovell Crossing Development), and the projected conditions in 2027 (with all the developments) with the modified signal timing. As can be seen in Table 12, the optimization provided significant benefits in reducing vehicle delays in the projected 2027 conditions.

34.9

TABLE 12
INTERSECTION CAPACITY ANALYSIS SUMMARY
LOVELL ROAD AT BOB GRAY ROAD AND YARNELL ROAD

D

APPROACH / PEAK	2024 EXISTING		2027 WITHOUT THE PROJECT		2027 WITH THE PROJECT *			2027 WITH THE PROJECT *				
HOUR MOVEMENT	LOSª	Delay ^b		LOSª	Delay ^b		LOSª	Delay ^b		(MOI LOSª	DIFIED TIM Delay ^b	IING)
AM Peak												
Eastbound	D	41.4		D	41.6		D	42.6		D	36.1	
Westbound	D	47.1		D	47.3		D	48.9		D	39.6	
Northbound	В	17.8		В	19.4		С	20.5		В	16.7	
Southbound	С	26.6		С	30.9		С	33.9		С	28.6	
Summary	С	29.5		С	31.6		С	33.9		С	28.2	
PM Peak												
Eastbound	F	141.0		F	162.9		F	213.5		D	49.6	
Westbound	Е	58.0		Е	59.1		Е	73.2		D	50.3	
Northbound	В	15.8		В	17.0		В	17.7		С	24.5	
Southbound	С	20.5		С	22.5		С	23.5		С	34.9	

44.8

55.4

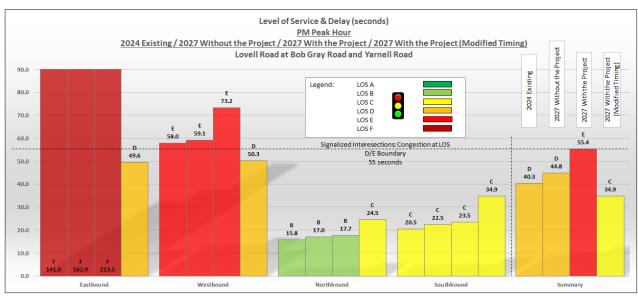
D

Note: All analyses were calculated in Synchro 12 software and reported with HCM 7th Edition methodology

Summary

40.3







^a Level of Service , ^b Average Delay (sec/vehicle)

 $^{^* \,} Includes \, Bob \, Gray \, Road \, Subdivision, \, Parkway \, Heights \, Townhouses, \, and \, Lovell \, Crossing \, Development$



Bob Gray Road at the Proposed Entrance: The 2027 projected level of service calculations for this intersection resulted in average vehicle delays and LOS. Poorer LOS results were calculated for the northbound exiting approach in the PM peak hour.

Professional Proposed Entrance will not be warranted based on the projected peak hour 2027 traffic volumes. For the scenario which includes the Bob Gray Road Subdivision and the diverted trips from the Parkway Heights Townhouses, a separate eastbound right-turn lane and a separate westbound left-turn lane on Bob Gray Road at the Proposed Entrance will be warranted based on the projected PM peak hour 2027 traffic volumes.

Due to the limited development property road frontage along Bob Gray Road, the eastbound right-turn lane would need to be designed and constructed with a minimal lane taper and maximum deceleration length possible within the confines of the property road frontage. Based on the site plan, the horizontal distance between the centerline of the Proposed Entrance and the western property line at Bob Gray Road is 230 feet. The civil site designer would need to coordinate the design of this turn lane with Knox County and include a white right-turn arrow and lane lines on the pavement for this exclusive lane.

A separate westbound left-turn lane is shown to be warranted in this study in the projected 2027 conditions if Parkway Heights loses its road access to Pellissippi Parkway and is diverted through the new Bob Gray Road Subdivision for road access to Bob Gray Road. The Proposed Entrance location on Bob Gray Road will be just west of the overpass bridge on Bob Gray Road over Pellissippi Parkway. Providing a westbound left-turn lane at the Proposed Entrance on Bob Gray Road would necessitate substantial construction costs due to the limited width of the overpass bridge on Bob Gray Road over Pellissippi Parkway. This overpass bridge has a width of approximately 30 feet between barrier faces. This width would not be conducive for three lanes of traffic while providing an adequate safe buffer from the barrier walls. Furthermore, the future greenway referenced earlier stated that this overpass bridge would be the preferred route, which would not be achievable if three lanes for automobile traffic were proposed without widening the overpass bridge.



Furthermore, according to the local trip generation calculations, the entering volumes for the 123 townhouses in the Parkway Heights Townhouses are calculated to be 51 trips in the PM peak hour, which, in combination with the trips from the Bob Gray Road Subdivision, meets the threshold for a westbound left-turn lane. However, the traffic counts determined that 18 vehicles entered the Parkway Heights Townhouses during the PM peak hour, which is substantially less (nearly three times less) than the calculated theoretical value. Thus, due to these realities, a separate westbound left-turn lane on Bob Gray Road is not likely feasible and recommended even if the Parkway Heights Townhouses traffic is diverted. Likewise, due to the probability of over-estimating generated tips, the projected LOS E conditions for the exiting lane at Bob Gray Road are not expected, as shown in Table 7b, and will have much shorter vehicle delays.

2b) Due to the vertical curve on Bob Gray Road to the west and the overpass bridge to the east, it is recommended that advance intersection warning signs be installed on Bob Gray Road to the east and west of the Proposed Entrance. These warning signs should be Side Road Intersection Signs (W2-2r and W2-2l). The signs should be installed in both directions on Bob Gray Road, preferably no less than 450 feet in advance of the Proposed Entrance.



- 2c) It is recommended that a Stop Sign (R1-1) be installed and a 24" white stop bar be applied to the Proposed Entrance approach at Bob Gray Road. The stop bar should be applied a minimum of 4 feet away from the edge of Bob Gray Road and placed at the desired stopping point that maximizes the sight distance.
- 2d) A single exit lane for the Bob Gray Road development entrance will be sufficient. The northbound exiting lane at Bob Gray Road is proposed as a shared left/right turn lane.

The longest vehicle queue in the projected 2027 conditions on this exiting approach is calculated to be 49 feet in the AM peak hour and 48 feet in the PM peak hour for the scenario that only includes the Bob Gray Road Subdivision. These queue lengths are reasonable and translate to just two passenger cars, assuming a length of 25 feet per vehicle. The longest vehicle queue in the projected 2027 conditions on this exiting approach is calculated to be 63 feet in the AM peak hour and 61 feet in the PM peak hour for the worst-case scenario that includes the Bob Gray Road Subdivision and the

diverted trips from the Parkway Heights Townhouses. These queue lengths are reasonable and translate to nearly three passenger cars.

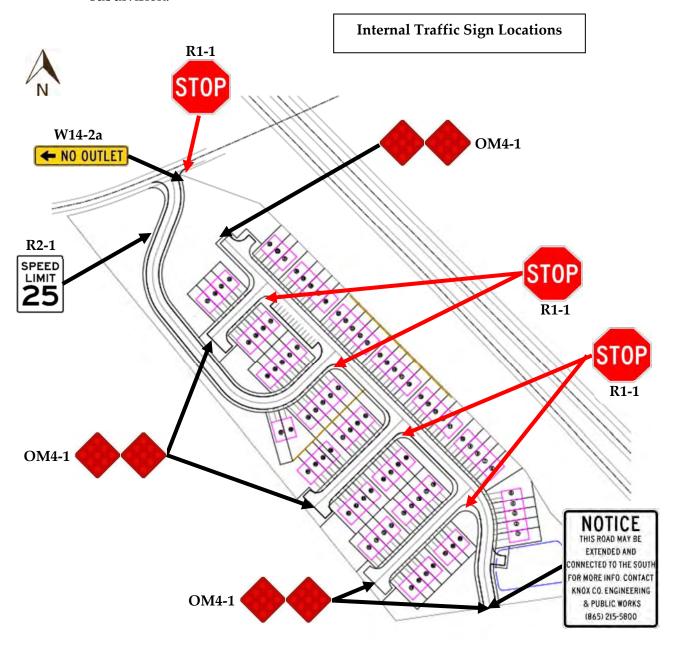
Intersection sight distance at the Proposed Entrance at Bob Gray Road must not be impacted by future landscaping, signage, or existing or future vegetation. Based on a posted speed limit of 40-mph on Bob Gray Road, the required intersection sight distance is 400 feet for exiting left and right-turning vehicles. The existing sight distances at the Proposed Entrance location were estimated visually to be adequate in both directions and were also certified by a land surveyor.





Bob Gray Road Subdivision Internal Roads: The layout plan shows a single entrance at Bob Gray Road constructed for the development, as shown in Figure 3.

- 3a) A 25-mph Speed Limit (R2-1) sign is recommended to be posted near the beginning of the development entrance off Bob Gray Road. It is also recommended that a "No Outlet" Sign (W14-2a) be posted at the front of the subdivision. This sign can be posted above or below the street name sign.
- 3b) The image below shows the recommended internal road signage for the proposed subdivision.





Dual end-of-roadway object markers (OM4-1) should be installed at the end of the internal roads in the subdivision that end in hammerhead turnarounds. These markers should also be installed at the end of Road "A" if the road is not immediately connected to Blinken Street to the south in the Parkway Heights development. Furthermore, if an immediate road connection is not made to Blinken Street, an additional sign should be posted at the end of Road "A" to follow Knoxville-Knox County Subdivision regulations. This sign is for notification of a possible future street connection. It should state, "NOTICE – This road may be extended and connected to the south – for more info. contact Knox Co. Engineering & Public Works (865) 215-5800".

Stop Signs (R1-1) with 24" white stop bars are recommended to be installed at the internal road locations, as shown in the above image.

- 3c) Sight distance at the new internal intersections must not be impacted by new signage, parked cars, or future landscaping. With a speed limit of 25-mph in the development, the internal intersection sight distance is 250 feet. The required stopping sight distance is 155 feet for a level road grade. The site designer should ensure that internal sight distance lengths are met and account for different proposed road grades.
- 3d) It is recommended that a small strip of the development property be reserved as a potential common area for all Bob Gray Road Subdivision residents to walk or ride their bikes to the east. This strip would allow for a pathway to the future Knox to Oak Ridge Greenway if the greenway is constructed adjacent to the subdivision and on the west side of Pellissippi Parkway.
- 3e) If directed by the local post office, the site designer should include a parking area and a centralized mail delivery center within the development for the subdivision residents.
- 3f) All drainage grates and covers for the residential development must be pedestrian and bicycle-safe.
- 3g) Road "A" will have a long, straight road segment. Straight road segments encourage higher vehicle speeds. Additionally, if Parkway Heights loses its access to Pellissippi Parkway, residents from this other development will increase traffic volumes and may contribute to speeding in the Bob Gray Road Subdivision. It is recommended that the civil site designer consider including traffic calming measures on the internal Road "A",



such as speed humps or tables. Specifics regarding this recommendation should be discussed in the design phase with Knox County Engineering.

- 3h) All road and intersection elements should be designed to AASHTO, TDOT, and Knox County specifications and guidelines to ensure proper transportation operations.
- 3i) If a connection to Odin Street to the south (Parkway Heights Subdivision) is pursued as part of this project or in the future, then the connection of Odin Street to Pellissippi Parkway <u>must</u> be closed.



APPENDIX A

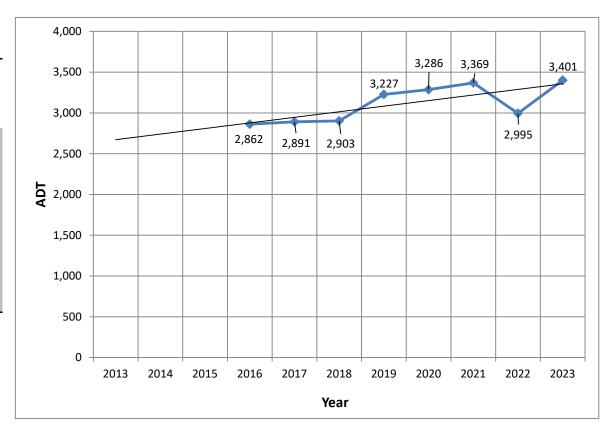
HISTORICAL TRAFFIC COUNT DATA

Historical Traffic Counts

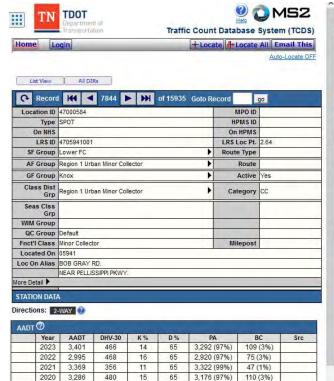
Organization: TDOT Station ID #: 47000584

Location: Bob Gray Road, east of Pellissippi Parkway

YEAR	ADT	
2013		
2014		
2015		
2016	2,862	
2017	2,891	
2018	2,903	e
2019	3,227	dlin
2020	3,286	Trendline
2021	3,369	I
2022	2,995	
2023	3,401	↓



2016 - 2023 Growth Rate = 18.8% Average Annual Growth Rate = 2.5%



65

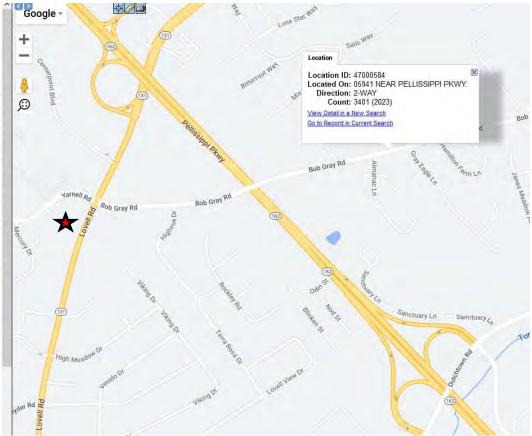
Model Model AM PHV AM PPV MD PHV MD PPV PM PHV PM PPV NT PHV NT PPV

15

2019 3,227

Travel Demand Model

|<< | > | > | 1-5 of 8

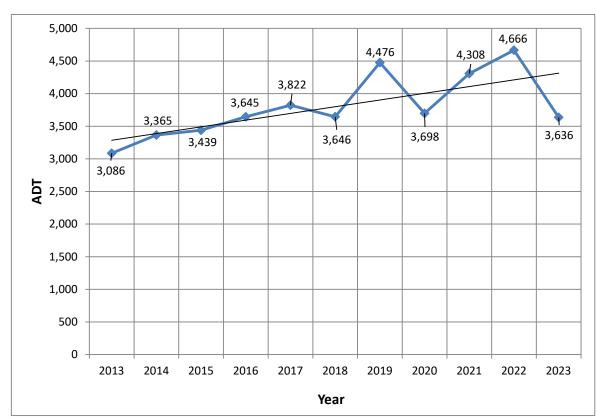


Historical Traffic Counts

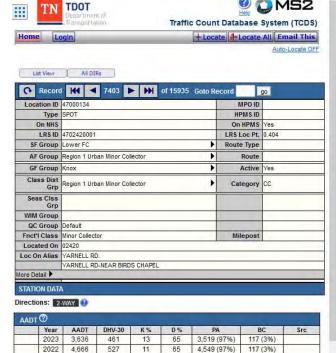
Organization: TDOT Station ID #: 47000134

Location: Yarnell Road, west of Lovell Road

YEAR	ADT	
2013	3,086	
2014	3,365	
2015	3,439	
2016	3,645	
2017	3,822	ine
2018	3,646	<u> Trendline</u>
2019	4,476	Tre
2020	3,698	
2021	4,308	
2022	4,666	
2023	3,636	↓



2013 - 2023 Growth Rate = 17.8% Average Annual Growth Rate = 1.7%



2021 4,308

2020 3,698

2019 4,476

430

548

10

15

16

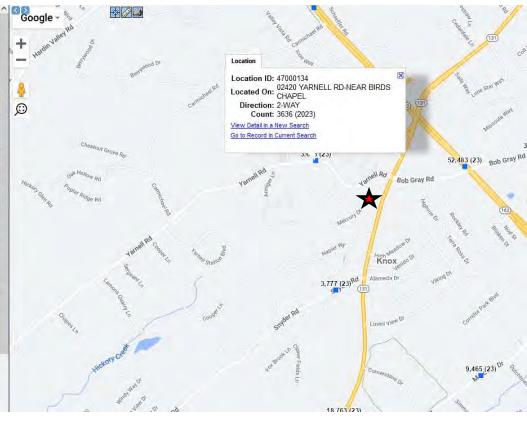
65

65 4,247 (99%)

65 3,571 (97%)

61 (1%)

127 (3%)



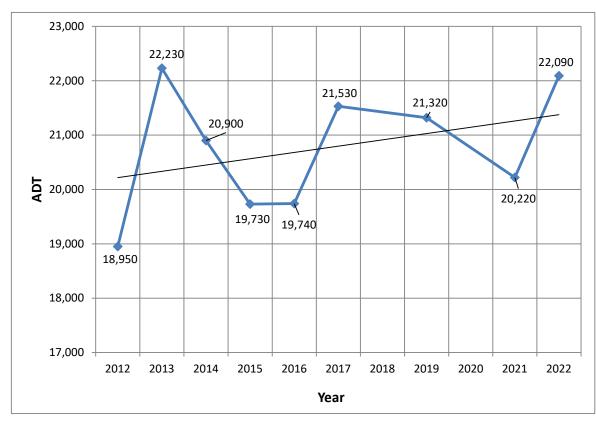
Historical Traffic Counts

Organization: TPO

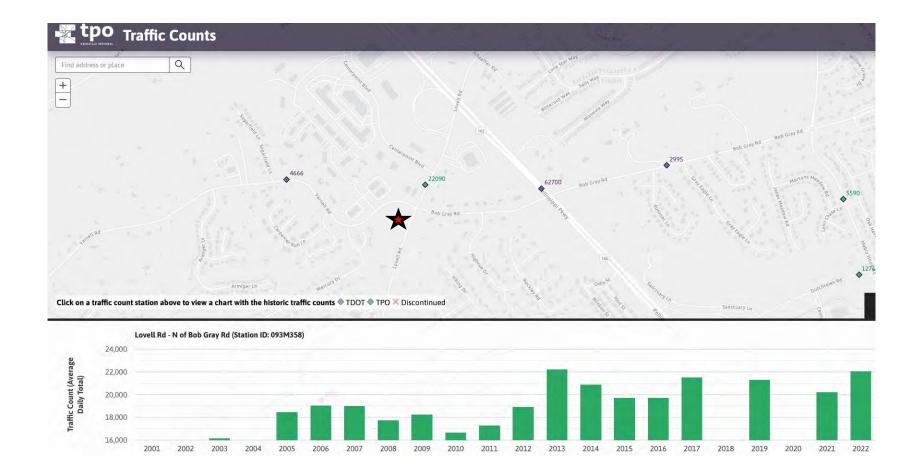
Station ID #: 093M358

Location: Lovell Road, north of Bob Gray Road

YEAR	ADT	
2012	18,950	
2013	22,230	
2014	20,900	
2015	19,730	
2016	19,740	ine
2017	21,530	Trendline
2018	-	Tre
2019	21,320	
2020	-	
2021	20,220	
2022	22,090	\downarrow

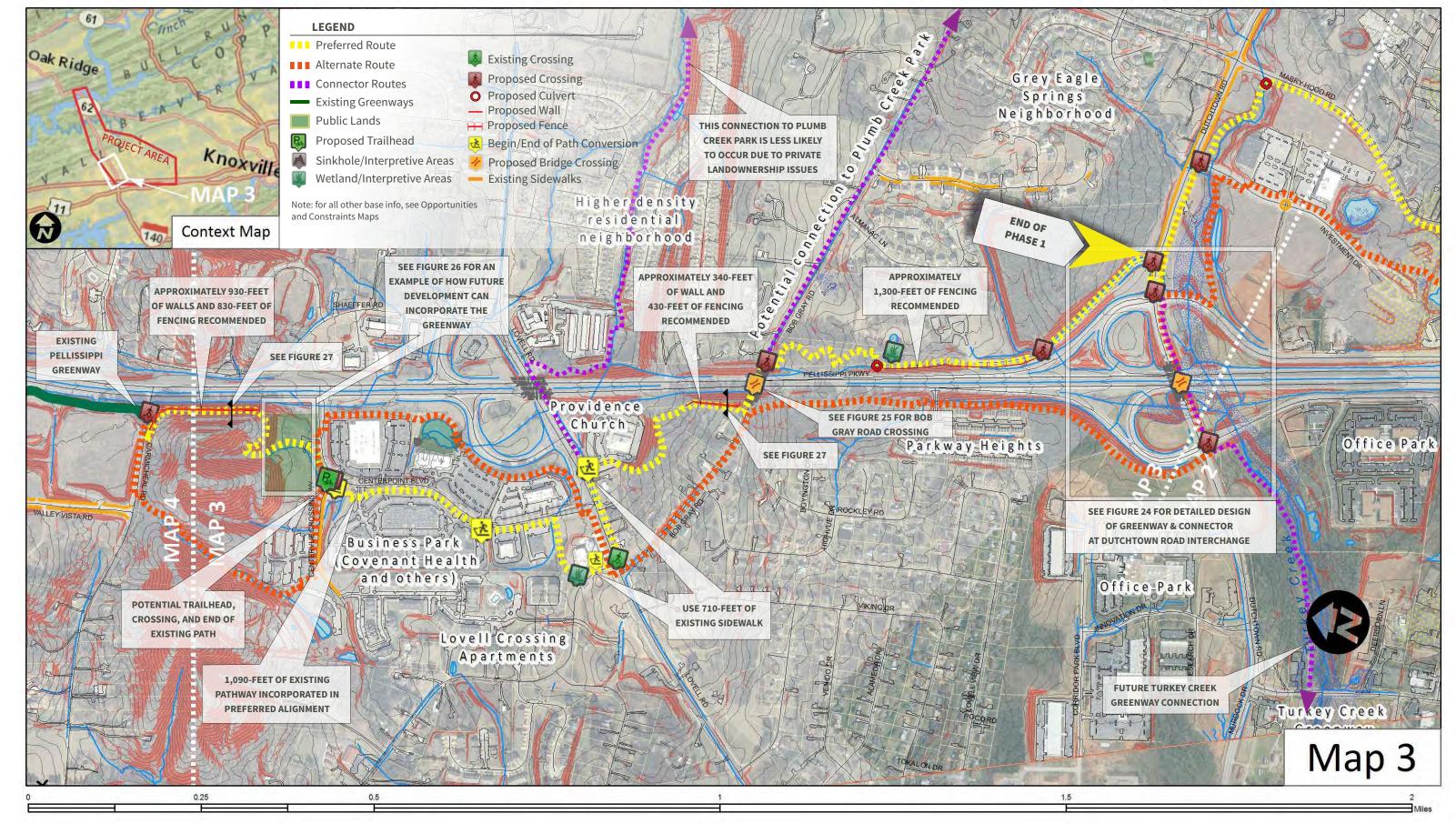


2012 - 2022 Growth Rate = 16.6% Average Annual Growth Rate = 1.5%



APPENDIX B

FUTURE KNOX TO OAK RIDGE GREENWAY STUDY MAP



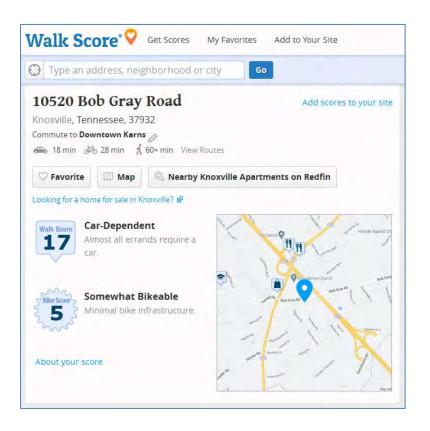
Knox to Oak Ridge Greenway Study • Corridor Design

APPENDIX C

WALK SCORE

WALKSCORE

(from walkscore.com)









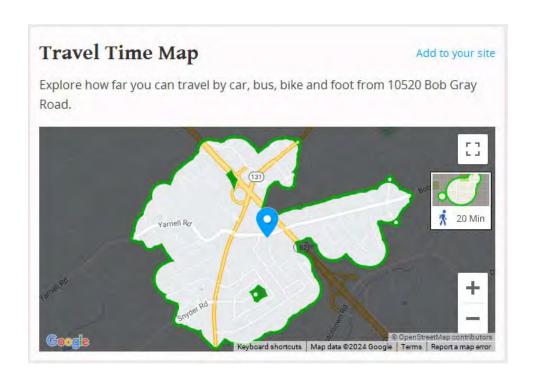
Walk Score		Transit Score	Bike Score					
		ow well a location is ser d type of nearby transit						
90-100								
	World-class p	ublic transportation						
70-89	Excellent Tr	Excellent Transit						
	Transit is con-	venient for most trips						
50-69	Good Transit							
	Many nearby	public transportation opti	ons					
25-49	Some Transi	Some Transit						
	A few nearby	public transportation option	ons					
0-24	Minimal Tra	nsit						
	It is possible t	o get on a bus						

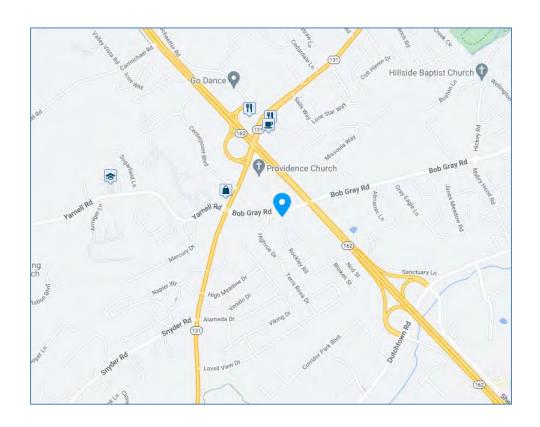
Scores for 10520 Bob Gray Road





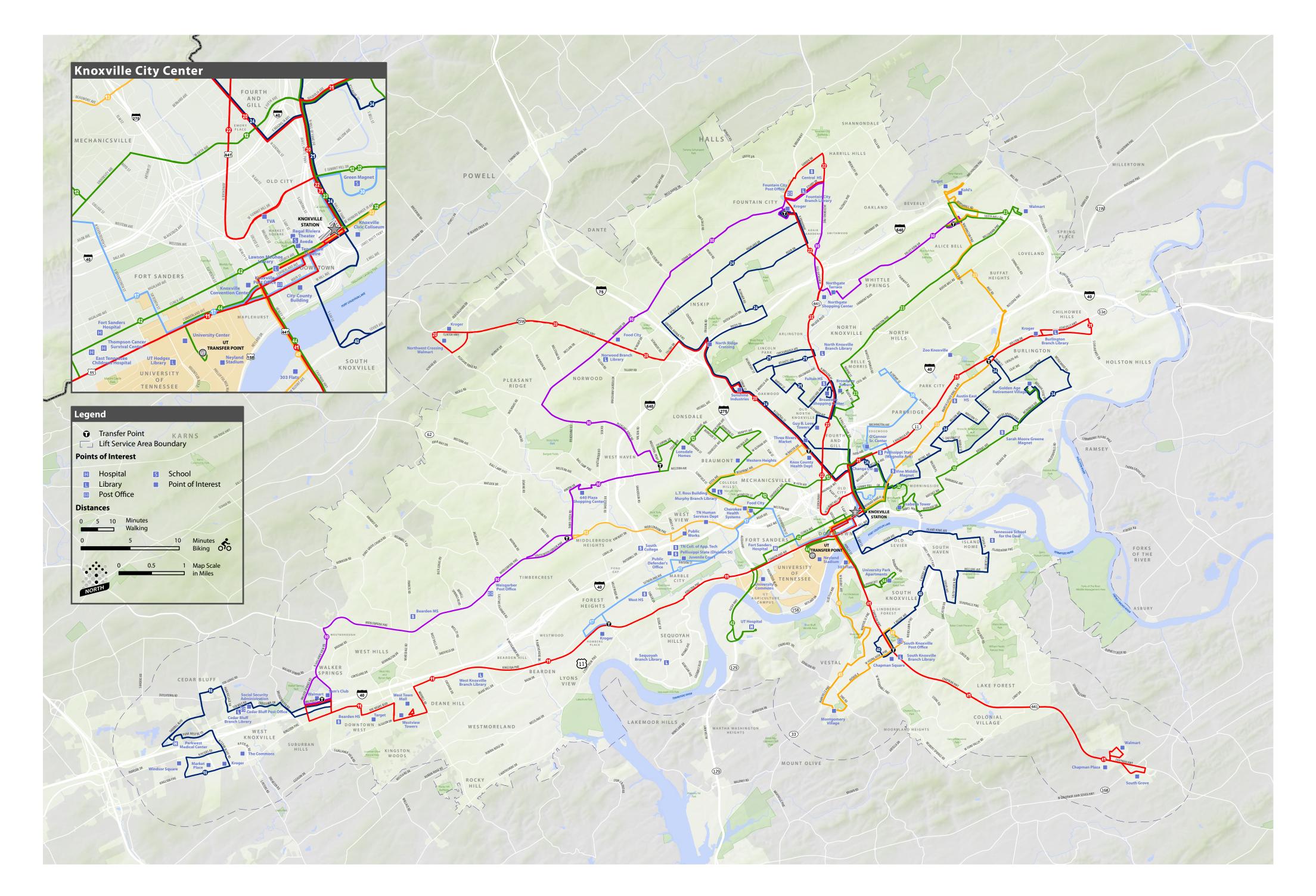
Walk Score		Transit Score	Bike Score						
		ether an area is good for ad connectivity, and dest							
90-100 Biker's Paradise									
	Daily errand	is can be accomplished on a	bike						
70-89	Very Bikea	ery Bikeable							
	Biking is con	venient for most trips							
50-69	Bikeable								
	Some bike ii	nfrastructure							
0-49	Somewhat	Bikeable							
	Minimal bik	e infrastructure							

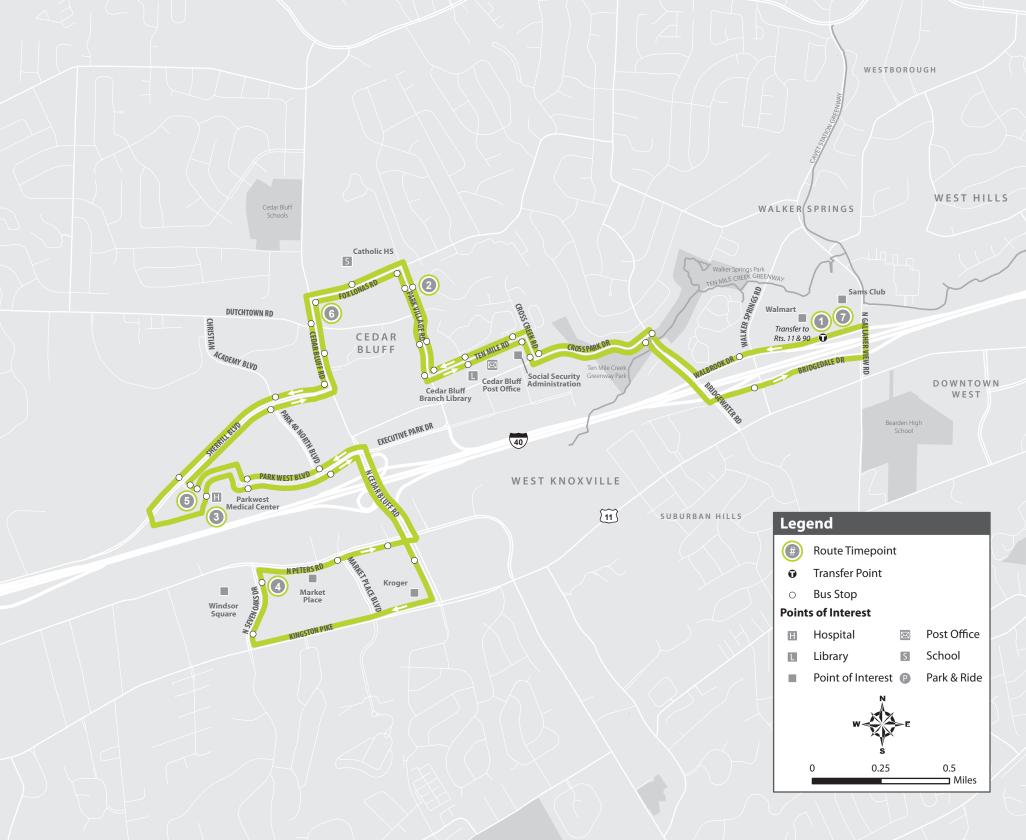




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KNOXVILLE AREA TRANSIT MAP AND INFORMATION





Route 16 - Cedar Bluff: Weekdays

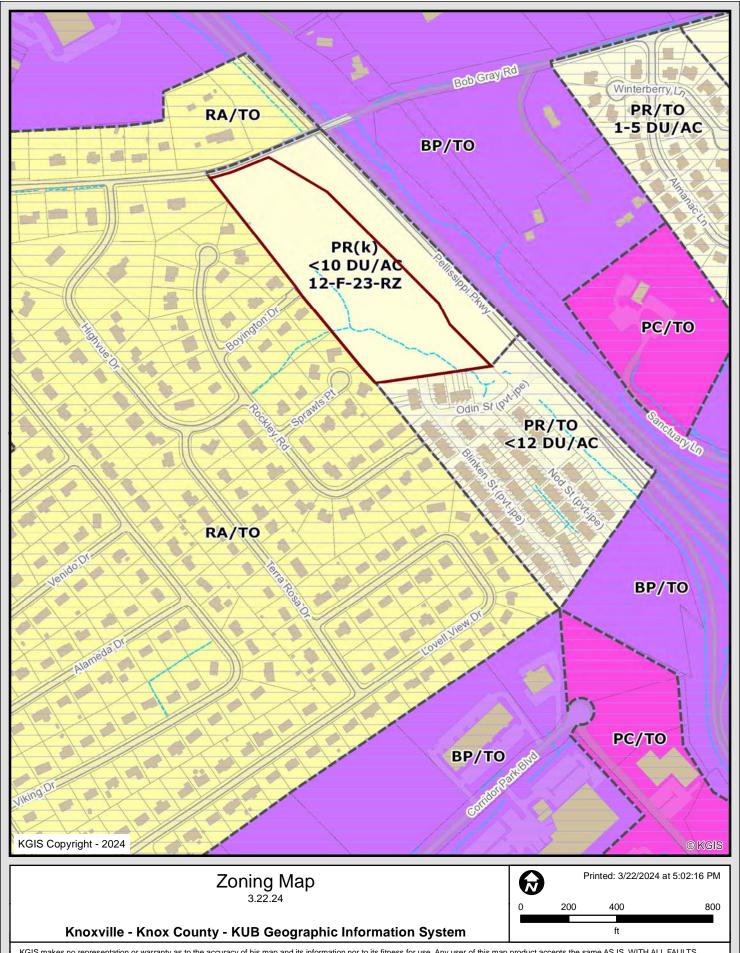
Going away	from Walmart			Going to W	almart	
	Park Village @	Parkwest	Windsor	Parkwest	Cedar Bluff @	
Walmart	Woodpark	Hospital	Square	Hospital	Fox Lonas	Walmart
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
6:15 AM	6:27 AM	6:32 AM	6:42 AM	6:50 AM	6:54 AM	7:10 AM
7:15 AM	7:27 AM	7:32 AM	7:42 AM	7:50 AM	7:54 AM	8:10 AM
8:15 AM	8:27 AM	8:32 AM	8:42 AM	8:50 AM	8:54 AM	9:10 AM
9:15 AM	9:27 AM	9:32 AM	9:42 AM	9:50 AM	9:54 AM	10:10 AM
10:15 AM	10:27 AM	10:32 AM	10:42 AM	10:50 AM	10:54 AM	11:10 AM
11:15 AM	11:27 AM	11:32 AM	11:42 AM	11:50 AM	11:54 AM	12:10 PM
12:15 PM	12:27 PM	12:32 PM	12:42 PM	12:50 PM	12:54 PM	1:10 PM
1:15 PM	1:27 PM	1:32 PM	1:42 PM	1:50 PM	1:54 PM	2:10 PM
2:15 PM	2:27 PM	2:32 PM	2:42 PM	2:50 PM	2:54 PM	3:10 PM
3:15 PM	3:27 PM	3:32 PM	3:42 PM	3:50 PM	3:54 PM	4:10 PM
4:15 PM	4:27 PM	4:32 PM	4:42 PM	4:50 PM	4:54 PM	5:10 PM
5:15 PM	5:27 PM	5:32 PM	5:42 PM	5:50 PM	5:54 PM	6:10 PM
6:15 PM	6:27 PM	6:32 PM	6:42 PM	6:50 PM	6:54 PM	7:10 PM
7:15 PM	7:27 PM	7:32 PM	7:42 PM	7:50 PM	7:54 PM	8:10 PM
8:15 PM	8:27 PM	8:32 PM	8:42 PM	8:50 PM	8:54 PM	9:10 PM
9:15 PM	9:27 PM	9:32 PM	9:42 PM	9:50 PM	9:54 PM	10:10 PM

Route 16 - Cedar Bluff: SATURDAYS

Going away	from Walmart			Going to W	almart	
	Park Village @	Parkwest	Windsor	Parkwest	Cedar Bluff @	
Walmart	Woodpark	Hospital	Square	Hospital	Fox Lonas	Walmart
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
7:15 AM	7:27 AM	7:32 AM	7:42 AM	7:50 AM	7:54 AM	8:10 AM
8:15 AM	8:27 AM	8:32 AM	8:42 AM	8:50 AM	8:54 AM	9:10 AM
9:15 AM	9:27 AM	9:32 AM	9:42 AM	9:50 AM	9:54 AM	10:10 AM
10:15 AM	10:27 AM	10:32 AM	10:42 AM	10:50 AM	10:54 AM	11:10 AM
11:15 AM	11:27 AM	11:32 AM	11:42 AM	11:50 AM	11:54 AM	12:10 PM
12:15 PM	12:27 PM	12:32 PM	12:42 PM	12:50 PM	12:54 PM	1:10 PM
1:15 PM	1:27 PM	1:32 PM	1:42 PM	1:50 PM	1:54 PM	2:10 PM
2:15 PM	2:27 PM	2:32 PM	2:42 PM	2:50 PM	2:54 PM	3:10 PM
3:15 PM	3:27 PM	3:32 PM	3:42 PM	3:50 PM	3:54 PM	4:10 PM
4:15 PM	4:27 PM	4:32 PM	4:42 PM	4:50 PM	4:54 PM	5:10 PM
5:15 PM	5:27 PM	5:32 PM	5:42 PM	5:50 PM	5:54 PM	6:10 PM
6:15 PM	6:27 PM	6:32 PM	6:42 PM	6:50 PM	6:54 PM	7:10 PM
7:15 PM	7:27 PM	7:32 PM	7:42 PM	7:50 PM	7:54 PM	8:10 PM
8:15 PM	8:27 PM	8:32 PM	8:42 PM	8:50 PM	8:54 PM	9:10 PM
9:15 PM	9:27 PM	9:32 PM	9:42 PM	9:50 PM	9:54 PM	10:10 PM

APPENDIX E

ZONING MAP



KGIS makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of his map and its information nor to its fitness for use. Any user of this map product accepts the same AS IS ,WITH ALL FAULTS, and assumes all responsibility for the use thereof, and futher covenants and agrees to hold KGIS harmless from any and all damage, loss, or liability arising from any use of this map product.

APPENDIX F

MANUAL TRAFFIC COUNT DATA

TRAFFIC COUNT DATA

Major Street: Lovell Road (SB and NB)

Minor Street: Bob Gray Road (WB) and Yarnell Road (EB)

Traffic Control: Traffic Signal

3/28/2024 (Thursday) Mostly Sunny and Mild Conducted by: Ajax Engineering

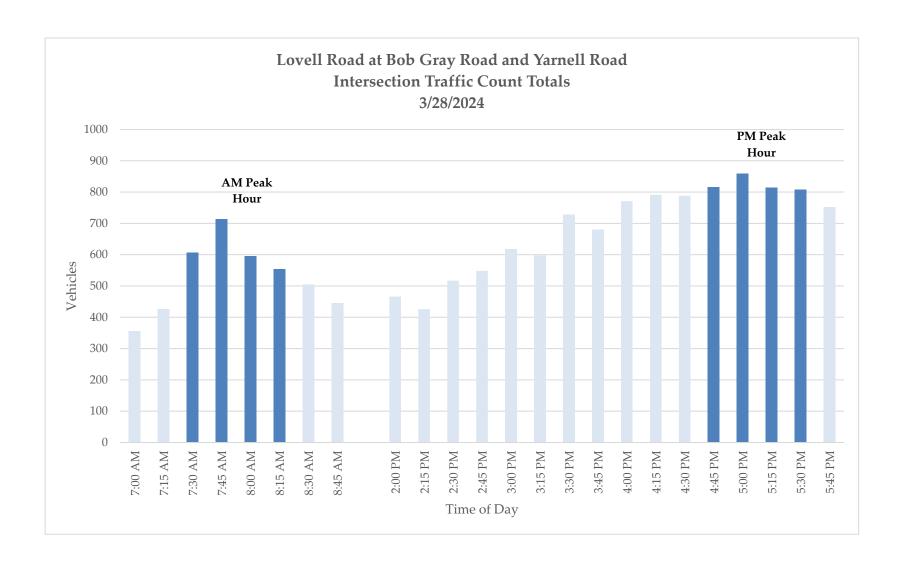
		Lovell Road		E	Bob Gray Roa	d		Lovell Road			Yarnell Road	[1	
TIME	S	OUTHBOUN	ID	I	VESTBOUNI)	N	ORTHBOUN	JD]	EASTBOUNI)	VEHICLE	PEAK
BEGIN	LT	THRU	RT	LT	THRU	RT	LT	THRU	RT	LT	THRU	RT	TOTAL	HOUR
7:00 AM	7	128	17	8	5	14	14	105	6	30	4	17	355	
7:15 AM	4	146	20	22	8	24	10	106	5	46	14	21	426	
7:30 AM	7	186	47	38	13	17	22	135	17	61	28	35	606	7:30 AM - 8:30 AM
7:45 AM	9	211	42	40	29	29	37	123	30	65	49	49	713	
8:00 AM	6	166	19	25	30	17	26	161	21	62	33	29	595	
8:15 AM	7	176	23	20	18	30	28	140	15	52	17	27	553	
8:30 AM	6	174	18	10	7	16	22	134	12	58	19	28	504	
8:45 AM	11	157	25	10	4	9	23	123	11	42	10	20	445	
TOTAL	57	1344	211	173	114	156	182	1027	117	416	174	226	4197	
2:00 PM	15	144	26	13	8	5	18	158	21	27	12	19	466	
2:15 PM	11	127	26	12	9	8	19	132	20	33	13	16	426	
2:30 PM	9	161	31	27	8	8	14	176	14	39	10	20	517	
2:45 PM	15	174	33	21	12	6	19	167	19	37	20	25	548	
3:00 PM	10	181	42	24	16	8	32	194	31	35	20	25	618	
3:15 PM	15	178	35	26	22	7	24	164	30	45	30	21	597	
3:30 PM	21	210	39	36	28	10	21	229	27	50	29	28	728	
3:45 PM	18	222	48	36	24	11	20	177	26	50	20	27	679	
4:00 PM	22	275	32	29	12	10	25	219	41	44	36	26	771	
4:15 PM	24	236	37	21	23	11	36	224	42	66	54	17	791	
4:30 PM	38	226	38	31	20	20	28	207	54	58	47	21	788	
4:45 PM	24	237	45	44	32	11	29	221	45	58	40	29	815	4:45 PM - 5:45 PM
5:00 PM	33	252	41	32	37	6	34	248	67	40	46	23	859	
5:15 PM	24	228	39	41	31	16	34	231	48	47	57	18	814	
5:30 PM	11	254	36	30	26	12	27	223	55	51	64	18	807	
5:45 PM	21	257	38	49	20	15	29	176	40	42	41	24	752	
TOTAL	311	3362	586	472	328	164	409	3146	580	722	539	357	10976	

2024 AM Peak Hour 7:30 AM - 8:30 AM

		Lovell Road		F	Bob Gray Road			Lovell Road			Yarnell Road		
TIME	S	OUTHBOUN	D	7	WESTBOUND			NORTHBOUND			EASTBOUND		
BEGIN	LT	THRU	RT	LT	THRU	RT	LT	THRU	RT	LT	THRU	RT	
7:30 AM	7	186	47	38	13	17	22	135	17	61	28	35	
7:45 AM	9	211	42	40	29	29	37	123	30	65	49	49	
8:00 AM	6	166	19	25	30	17	26	161	21	62	33	29	
8:15 AM	7	176	23	20	18	30	28	140	15	52	17	27	
TOTAL	29	739	131	123	90	93	113	559	83	240	127	140	
TRUCK %	0.0%	1.4%	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%	2.1%	1.8%	2.9%	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%	1.4%	
PHF mvmt	0.81	0.88	0.70	0.77	0.75	0.78	0.76	0.87	0.69	0.92	0.65	0.71	
PHF app		0.86			0.78 0.91					0.78			
PHF int		0.87											

2024 PM Peak Hour 4:45 PM - 5:45 PM

		Lovell Road		E	Bob Gray Road			Lovell Road			Yarnell Road		
TIME	S	OUTHBOUN	D	WESTBOUND			N	ORTHBOUN	ID	I	EASTBOUNI)	
BEGIN	LT	THRU	RT	LT	THRU	RT	LT	THRU	RT	LT	THRU	RT	
4:45 PM	24	237	45	44	32	11	29	221	45	58	40	29	
5:00 PM	33	252	41	32	37	6	34	248	67	40	46	23	
5:15 PM	24	228	39	41	31	16	34	231	48	47	57	18	
5:30 PM	11	254	36	30	26	12	27	223	55	51	64	18	
TOTAL	92	971	161	147	126	45	124	923	215	196	207	88	
TRUCK %	0.0%	1.4%	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%	2.1%	1.8%	2.9%	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%	1.4%	
PHF mvmt	0.70	0.96	0.89	0.84	0.85	0.70	0.91	0.93	0.80	0.84	0.81	0.76	
PHF app		0.94			0.90	•	0.90			0.92			
PHF int			0.96										



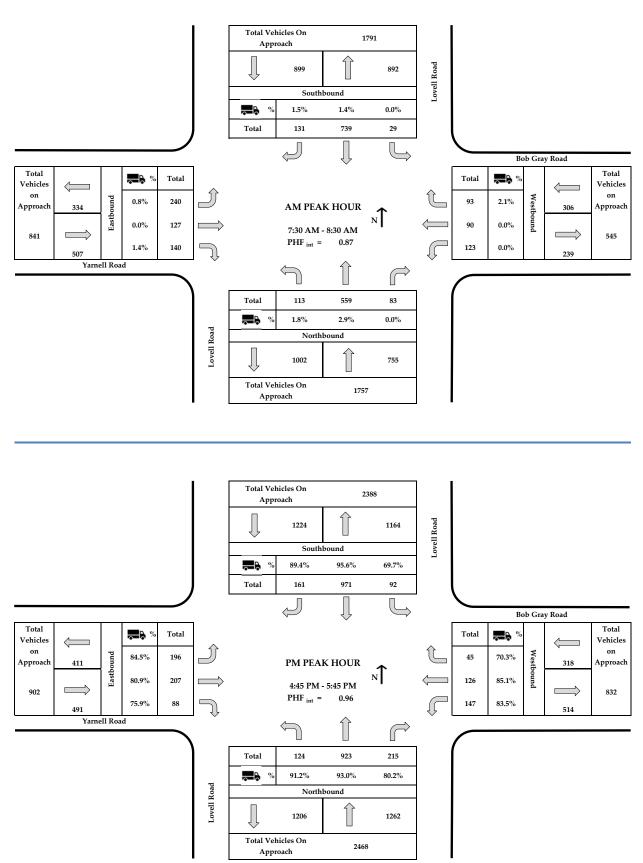
PEAK HOUR DATA

Major Street: Lovell Road (SB and NB)

Minor Street: Bob Gray Road (WB) and Yarnell Road (EB)

Traffic Control: Traffic Signal

3/28/2024 (Thursday) Mostly Sunny and Mild Conducted by: Ajax Engineering



TRAFFIC COUNT DATA

Major Street: Bob Gray Road (EB and WB) Minor Street: Highvue Drive (NB) Traffic Control: Stop Sign on Minor Street 3/28/2024 (Thursday) Mostly Sunny and Mild Conducted by: Ajax Engineering

	Bob Gr	ay Road	Highvu	e Drive	Bob Gra	ay Road		
TIME	WESTI	BOUND	NORTH	BOUND	EASTB	OUND	VEHICLE	PEAK
BEGIN	LT	THRU	LT	RT	THRU	RT	TOTAL	HOUR
7:00 AM	0	21	6	1	14	2	44	
7:15 AM	0	48	7	0	20	0	75	
7:30 AM	1	60	8	0	47	2	118	7:30 AM - 8:30 AM
7:45 AM	0	92	5	1	82	1	181	
8:00 AM	0	72	6	0	66	2	146	
8:15 AM	1	52	8	1	37	0	99	
8:30 AM	0	30	5	1	38	0	74	
8:45 AM	2	19	2	2	32	0	57	
TOTAL	4	394	47	6	336	7	794	
2:00 PM	0	27	1	1	45	3	77	
2:15 PM	2	27	1	1	40	3	74	
2:30 PM	1	45	0	0	29	4	79	
2:45 PM	2	32	4	0	55	1	94	
3:00 PM	0	51	1	1	58	5	116	
3:15 PM	2	52	2	0	65	7	128	
3:30 PM	2	72	2	2	65	10	153	
3:45 PM	3	68	4	1	59	8	143	
4:00 PM	0	42	7	1	97	7	154	
4:15 PM	3	51	0	0	109	7	170	
4:30 PM	9	70	5	0	136	3	223	4:30 PM - 5:30 PM
4:45 PM	2	81	5	0	103	7	198	
5:00 PM	3	88	1	1	132	6	231	
5:15 PM	2	71	7	1	123	5	209	
5:30 PM	1	71	2	2	129	4	209	
5:45 PM	2	75	5	3	92	9	186	
TOTAL	34	923	47	14	1337	89	2444	

2024 AM Peak Hour

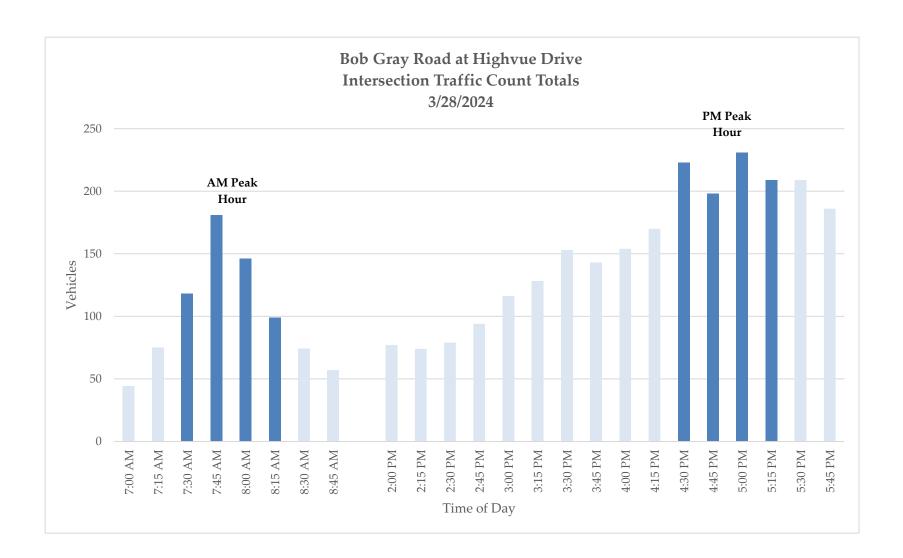
7:30 AM - 8:30 AM

	Bob Gra	ay Road	Highvu	ıe Drive	Bob Gra	ay Road
TIME	WESTE	BOUND	NORTH	BOUND	EASTB	OUND
BEGIN	LT	THRU	LT	RT	THRU	RT
7:30 AM	1	60	8	0	47	2
7:45 AM	0	92	5	1	82	1
8:00 AM	0	72	6	0	66	2
8:15 AM	1	52	8	1	37	0
TOTAL	2	276	27	2	232	5
PHF	0.50	0.75	0.84	0.50	0.71	0.63
Truck %	50.0%	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

2024 PM Peak Hour

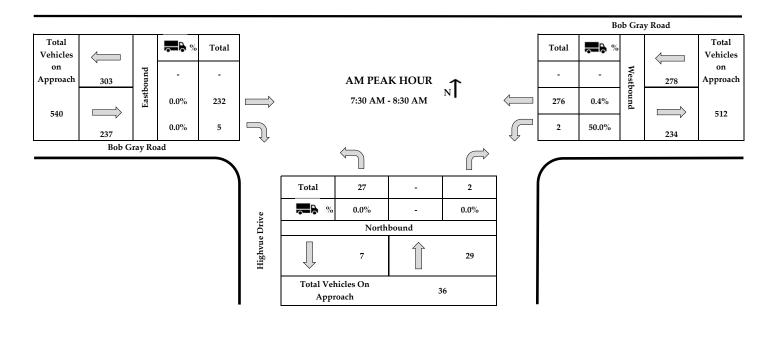
4:30 PM - 5:30 PM

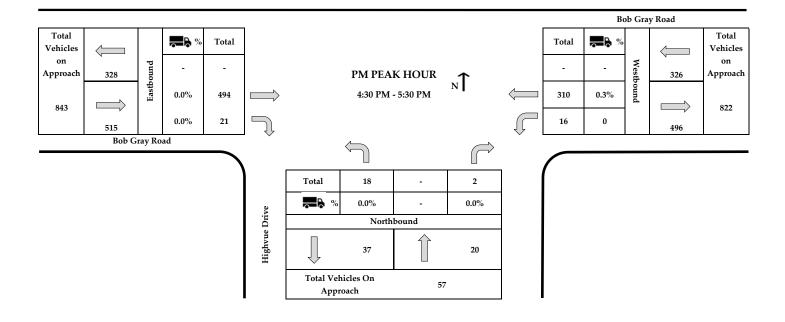
	Bob Gra	ay Road	Highvu	ie Drive	Bob Gra	ay Road
TIME	WESTE	OUND	NORTH	BOUND	EASTB	OUND
BEGIN	LT	THRU	LT	RT	THRU	RT
4:30 PM	9	70	5	0	136	3
4:45 PM	2	81	5	0	103	7
5:00 PM	3	88	1	1	132	6
5:15 PM	2	71	7	1	123	5
TOTAL	16	310	18	2	494	21
PHF	0.44	0.88	0.64	0.50	0.91	0.75
Truck %	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%



PEAK HOUR DATA

Major Street: Bob Gray Road (EB and WB) Minor Street: Highvue Drive (NB) Traffic Control: Stop Sign on Minor Street 3/28/2024 (Thursday) Mostly Sunny and Mild Conducted by: Ajax Engineering





TRAFFIC COUNT DATA

Major Street: Pellissippi Parkway (SB and NB)

Minor Street: Odin Street (EB)

Traffic Control: Stop Sign on Odin Street

3/28/2024 (Thursday) Mostly Sunny and Mild Conducted by: Ajax Engineering

	Pellissipp	i Parkway	Pellissipp	i Parkway	Odin	Street		
TIME	SOUTH	BOUND	NORTH	BOUND	EASTB	OUND	VEHICLE	PEAK
BEGIN	THRU	RT	LT	THRU	LT	RT	TOTAL	HOUR
7:00 AM	-	0	-	-	-	6	6	
7:15 AM	-	0	-	-	-	4	4	
7:30 AM	1	6	-	1	-	8	14	7:30 AM - 8:30 AM
7:45 AM	-	1	-	-	-	9	10	
8:00 AM	-	3	-	-	-	7	10	
8:15 AM	-	3	-	-	-	8	11	
8:30 AM	ı	2	ı	ı	-	5	7	
8:45 AM	1	1	1	1	-	5	6	
TOTAL	-	16	-	1	-	52	68	
2:00 PM	-	4	-	-	-	2	6	
2:15 PM	-	10	-	-	-	10	20	
2:30 PM	-	2	-	-	-	4	6	
2:45 PM	-	2	-	-	-	5	7	
3:00 PM	-	3	-	-	-	3	6	
3:15 PM	-	3	-	-	-	1	4	
3:30 PM	-	5	-	-	-	1	6	
3:45 PM	-	9	-	-	-	7	16	3:45 PM - 4:45 PM
4:00 PM	-	6	-	-	-	6	12	
4:15 PM	-	5	-	-	-	3	8	
4:30 PM	-	4	-	-	-	2	6	
4:45 PM	-	9	-	-	-	5	14	
5:00 PM	-	4	-	-	-	2	6	
5:15 PM	-	7	-	-	-	2	9	
5:30 PM	-	1	-	-	-	2	3	
5:45 PM	-	3	-	-	-	1	4	
TOTAL	-	77	-	-	-	56	133	

2024 AM Peak Hour

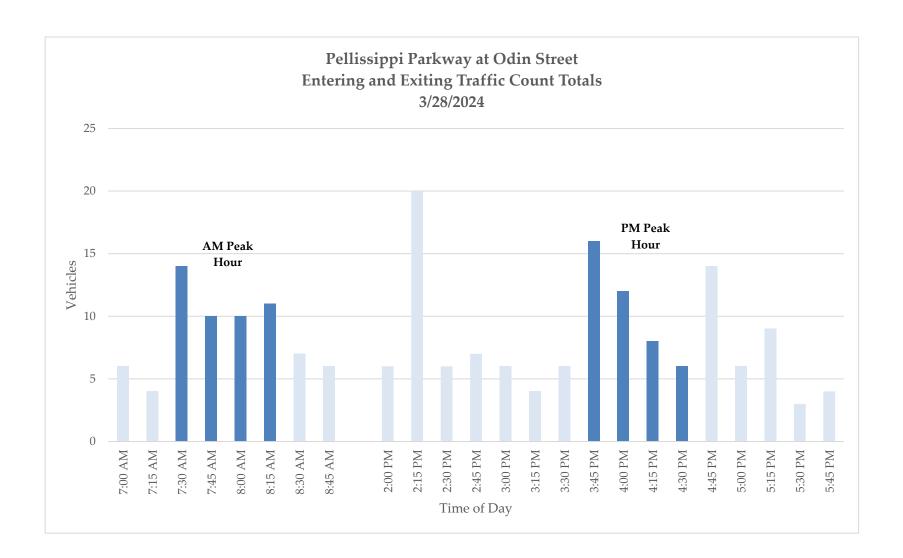
7:30 AM - 8:30 AM

	Pellissipp	i Parkway	Pellissipp	i Parkway	Odin	Street
TIME	SOUTH	BOUND	NORTH	BOUND	EASTB	OUND
BEGIN	THRU	RT	LT	THRU	LT	RT
7:30 AM	-	6	-	-	-	8
7:45 AM	-	1	-	1	-	9
8:00 AM	-	3	-	-	-	7
8:15 AM	-	3	-	-	-	8
TOTAL	-	13	-	-	-	32
PHF	1	0.54	-	1	1	0.89
TRUCK %	-	0.0%	-	-	-	0.0%

2024 PM Peak Hour

3:45 PM - 4:45 PM

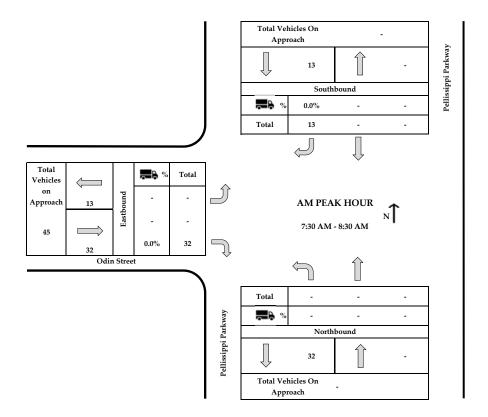
	Pellissipp	i Parkway	Pellissipp	i Parkway	Odin	Street
TIME	SOUTH	BOUND	NORTH	BOUND	EASTB	OUND
BEGIN	THRU	RT	LT	THRU	LT	RT
3:45 PM	-	9	-	-	-	7
4:00 PM	-	6	-	-	-	6
4:15 PM	-	5	-	-	-	3
4:30 PM	i	4	-	-	-	2
TOTAL	-	24	-	-	-	18
PHF	ı	0.67	-	-	ı	0.64
TRUCK %	-	0.0%	•	-	-	0.0%

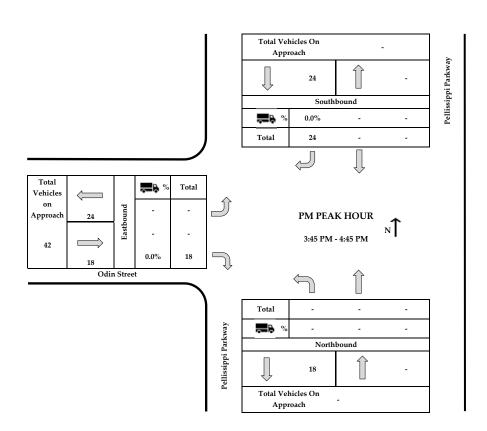


PEAK HOUR DATA

Major Street: Pellissippi Parkway (SB and NB)

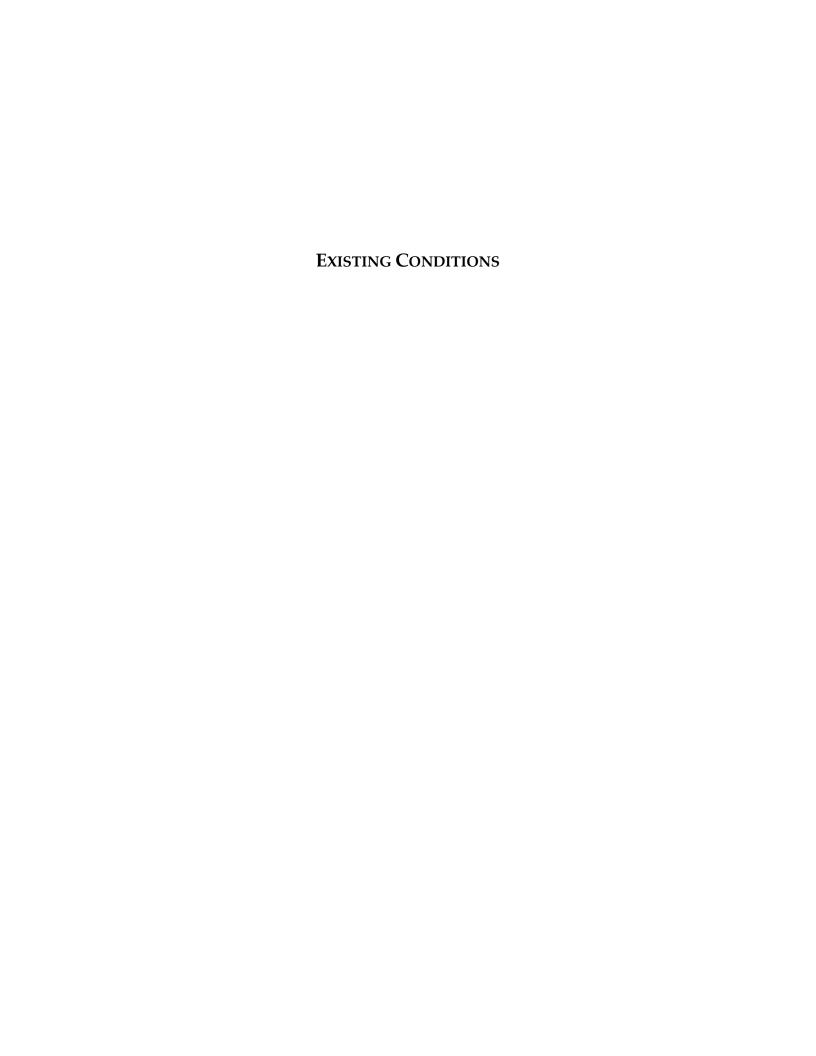
Minor Street: Odin Street (EB) Traffic Control: Stop Sign on Odin Street 3/28/2024 (Thursday) Mostly Sunny and Mild Conducted by: Ajax Engineering





APPENDIX G

CAPACITY ANALYSES – HCM WORKSHEETS (SYNCHRO 12)



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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	7	^	7	ሻ	^	7	7	^	7	7	∱ ∱	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	240	127	140	123	90	93	113	559	83	29	739	131
Future Volume (veh/h)	240	127	140	123	90	93	113	559	83	29	739	131
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lane Width Adj.	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Work Zone On Approach		No			No			No			No	
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1738	1753	1738	2097	2097	2067	1949	1934	1979	1876	1862	1847
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	276	146	161	141	103	107	130	643	95	33	849	151
Peak Hour Factor	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87
Percent Heavy Veh, %	1	0	1	0	0	2	2	3	0	0	1	2
Cap, veh/h	388	276	232	335	174	145	301	1706	779	379	1293	230
Arrive On Green	0.17	0.16	0.16	80.0	0.08	0.08	0.06	0.46	0.46	0.03	0.43	0.43
Sat Flow, veh/h	1655	1753	1473	1997	2097	1751	1856	3674	1677	1787	3000	534
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	276	146	161	141	103	107	130	643	95	33	500	500
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1655	1753	1473	1997	2097	1751	1856	1837	1677	1787	1769	1766
Q Serve(g_s), s	14.6	7.7	10.3	6.3	4.7	6.0	3.8	11.4	3.2	1.0	22.5	22.5
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	14.6	7.7	10.3	6.3	4.7	6.0	3.8	11.4	3.2	1.0	22.5	22.5
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.30
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	388	276	232	335	174	145	301	1706	779	379	762	761
V/C Ratio(X)	0.71	0.53	0.69	0.42	0.59	0.74	0.43	0.38	0.12	0.09	0.66	0.66
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	425	280	236	429	231	193	351	1706	779	486	762	761
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	32.2	38.7	39.8	37.4	44.2	44.8	17.3	17.4	15.2	15.1	22.6	22.6
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	4.9	2.4	9.2	8.0	4.5	12.2	1.0	0.6	0.3	0.1	4.4	4.4
Initial Q Delay(d3), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	6.1	3.4	4.2	3.1	2.6	3.0	1.6	4.6	1.2	0.4	9.5	9.5
Unsig. Movement Delay, s/veh												
LnGrp Delay(d), s/veh	37.2	41.1	49.0	38.3	48.8	57.0	18.2	18.0	15.5	15.2	27.0	27.0
LnGrp LOS	D	D	D	D	D	E	В	В	В	В	С	С
Approach Vol, veh/h		583			351			868			1033	
Approach Delay, s/veh		41.4			47.1			17.8			26.6	
Approach LOS		D			D			В			С	
Timer - Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	9.0	52.9	22.8	15.3	12.3	49.6	15.3	22.8				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	6.0	6.5	6.0	7.0	6.5	6.5	7.0	7.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	9.0	35.5	19.0	11.0	8.5	35.5	13.0	16.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	3.0	13.4	16.6	8.0	5.8	24.5	8.3	12.3				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	6.1	0.2	0.3	0.1	5.8	0.1	0.6				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 7th Control Delay, s/veh			29.5									
HCM 7th LOS			С									

Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	0.7					
		EDD	WDI	MOT	NDI	NDD
	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations	}	-	0	4	\	0
Traffic Vol, veh/h	232	5	2	276	27	2
Future Vol, veh/h	232	5	2	276	27	2
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	_ 0	0	_ 0	0	0
5	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	None	-		-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	0	-
Veh in Median Storage, #		-	-	0	0	-
Grade, %	5	-	-	-5	-5	-
Peak Hour Factor	71	63	50	75	84	50
Heavy Vehicles, %	0	0	50	0	0	0
Mvmt Flow	327	8	4	368	32	4
Major/Minor Ma	ajor1	N	Major2	N	Minor1	
Conflicting Flow All	0	0	335	0	707	331
Stage 1	_	-	-	-	331	-
Stage 2	_	<u>-</u>	_	_	376	<u>-</u>
Critical Hdwy	_	_	4.6	_	5.4	5.7
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	_	_	7.0	_	4.4	J.1 -
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	_	_	_	_	4.4	_
Follow-up Hdwy	_	_	2.65	_	3.5	3.3
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	_		999		493	749
•	_	_	333	-	803	143
Stage 1			-		776	
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	110	-
Platoon blocked, %	-	-	000	-	400	740
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	-	-	999	-	490	749
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	-	-	-	-	490	-
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	803	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	772	-
Approach	EB		WB		NB	
HCM Control Delay, s/v	0		0.09		12.6	
HCM LOS	U		0.00		В	
110M 200						
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	١	NBLn1	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT
Capacity (veh/h)		510	-	-		-
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		0.071	-	-	0.004	-
HCM Control Delay (s/ve	h)	12.6	-	-	8.6	0
HCM Lane LOS		В	-	-	Α	Α
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)		0.2	-	-	0	-

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	^	7	ሻ	^	7	7	^	7	7	∱ ⊅	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	196	207	88	147	126	45	124	923	215	92	971	161
Future Volume (veh/h)	196	207	88	147	126	45	124	923	215	92	971	161
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lane Width Adj.	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Work Zone On Approach		No			No			No			No	
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1738	1753	1738	2097	2097	2067	1949	1934	1979	1876	1862	1847
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	204	216	92	153	131	47	129	961	224	96	1011	168
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Percent Heavy Veh, %	1	0	1	0	0	2	2	3	0	0	1	2
Cap, veh/h	253	161	135	230	179	149	312	2066	943	325	1666	276
Arrive On Green	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.05	0.56	0.56	0.04	0.55	0.55
Sat Flow, veh/h	1655	1753	1473	1997	2097	1751	1856	3674	1677	1787	3036	504
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	204	216	92	153	131	47	129	961	224	96	588	591
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1655	1753	1473	1997	2097	1751	1856	1837	1677	1787	1769	1771
Q Serve(g_s), s	12.0	11.0	7.3	8.3	7.3	3.0	3.6	18.6	8.1	2.8	27.0	27.1
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	12.0	11.0	7.3	8.3	7.3	3.0	3.6	18.6	8.1	2.8	27.0	27.1
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.28
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	253	161	135	230	179	149	312	2066	943	325	971	972
V/C Ratio(X)	0.81	1.34	0.68	0.66	0.73	0.31	0.41	0.47	0.24	0.30	0.61	0.61
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	253	161	135	243	192	161	413	2066	943	491	971	972
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	46.6	54.5	52.8	45.2	53.6	51.6	14.5	15.6	13.3	12.2	18.3	18.3
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	17.4	190.5	14.5	6.2	13.9	1.7	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.5	2.8	2.8
Initial Q Delay(d3), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	1.8	13.3	3.2	4.4	4.5	1.4	1.4	7.4	3.1	1.1	10.9	10.9
Unsig. Movement Delay, s/veh												
LnGrp Delay(d), s/veh	64.0	245.0	67.3	51.4	67.4	53.3	15.4	16.3	13.9	12.7	21.1	21.1
LnGrp LOS	Е	F	Е	D	E	D	В	В	В	В	С	С
Approach Vol, veh/h		512			331			1314			1275	
Approach Delay, s/veh		141.0			58.0			15.8			20.5	
Approach LOS		F			E			В			С	
Timer - Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	10.8	74.0	18.0	17.2	12.4	72.4	17.2	18.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	6.0	6.5	6.0	7.0	6.5	6.5	7.0	7.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	16.0	55.5	12.0	11.0	12.5	58.5	11.0	11.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	4.8	20.6	14.0	9.3	5.6	29.1	10.3	13.0				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.1	12.5	0.0	0.2	0.2	12.3	0.0	0.0				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 7th Control Delay, s/veh			40.3									
HCM 7th LOS			D									

Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	0.8					
	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations		EDI	WDL	₩ <u>₩</u>	NDL W	NDI
	1 34	21	16	310	'T' 18	2
	494	21	16	310	18	2
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	None	riee -	None	Stop -	None
Storage Length	_	NOITE	_	-	0	NOHE -
		-		0	0	
Veh in Median Storage, #			-	-5	-5	-
Grade, %	5 91	- 75	- 11	-5 88	-5 64	-
Peak Hour Factor		75	44			50
Heavy Vehicles, %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mvmt Flow	543	28	36	352	28	4
Major/Minor Ma	ajor1	N	Major2	ı	Minor1	
Conflicting Flow All	0	0	571	0	982	557
Stage 1	_	-	_	_	557	-
Stage 2	_	_	-	_	425	_
Critical Hdwy	_	_	4.1	_	5.4	5.7
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	_	_	_	_	4.4	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	_	_	_	_	4.4	_
Follow-up Hdwy	_	_	2.2	_	3.5	3.3
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	_	_	1012	-	366	577
Stage 1	_	_	-	_	674	-
Stage 2	_	_	_	_	747	_
Platoon blocked, %	_	_		_	171	
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	_		1012	-	350	577
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	_	-	1012	-	350	311 -
		_	-		674	-
Stage 1	-	-	-	-		
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	714	-
Approach	EB		WB		NB	
HCM Control Delay, s/v	0		0.81		15.73	
HCM LOS					С	
Minor Long/Mailer March		JDI 4	EDT	EDD	///DI	MDT
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	ſ	NBLn1	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT
Capacity (veh/h)		368	-	-	168	-
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		0.087	-		0.036	-
HCM Control Delay (s/vel	h)	15.7	-	-	8.7	0
		С	_	-	Α	Α
HCM Lane LOS HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)		0.3	_	_	0.1	-



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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	*	^	7	ሻ	^	7	7	^	7	7	∱ ∱	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	258	137	151	132	97	100	122	602	89	31	796	141
Future Volume (veh/h)	258	137	151	132	97	100	122	602	89	31	796	141
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lane Width Adj.	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Work Zone On Approach		No			No			No			No	
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1738	1753	1738	2097	2097	2067	1949	1934	1979	1876	1862	1847
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	297	157	174	152	111	115	140	692	102	36	915	162
Peak Hour Factor	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87
Percent Heavy Veh, %	1	0	1	0	0	2	2	3	0	0	1	2
Cap, veh/h	405	292	246	347	183	153	272	1648	752	348	1240	220
Arrive On Green	0.18	0.17	0.17	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.06	0.45	0.45	0.03	0.41	0.41
Sat Flow, veh/h	1655	1753	1473	1997	2097	1751	1856	3674	1677	1787	3003	531
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	297	157	174	152	111	115	140	692	102	36	539	538
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1655	1753	1473	1997	2097	1751	1856	1837	1677	1787	1769	1766
Q Serve(g_s), s	15.6	8.2	11.2	6.8	5.1	6.4	4.3	12.8	3.6	1.1	25.7	25.7
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	15.6	8.2	11.2	6.8	5.1	6.4	4.3	12.8	3.6	1.1	25.7	25.7
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.30
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	405	292	246	347	183	153	272	1648	752	348	730	729
V/C Ratio(X)	0.73	0.54	0.71	0.44	0.61	0.75	0.51	0.42	0.14	0.10	0.74	0.74
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	425	292	246	431	231	193	315	1648	752	453	730	729
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	31.5	38.1	39.4	36.8	44.0	44.6	19.3	18.7	16.2	16.2	24.8	24.8
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	6.1	2.5	9.9	0.9	4.6	14.1	1.5	8.0	0.4	0.1	6.6	6.6
Initial Q Delay(d3), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	6.7	3.6	4.6	3.3	2.8	3.3	1.8	5.2	1.4	0.4	11.2	11.2
Unsig. Movement Delay, s/veh												
LnGrp Delay(d), s/veh	37.7	40.7	49.2	37.7	48.6	58.7	20.9	19.5	16.6	16.3	31.3	31.4
LnGrp LOS	D	D	D	D	D	E	С	В	В	В	С	С
Approach Vol, veh/h		628			378			934			1113	
Approach Delay, s/veh		41.6			47.3			19.4			30.9	
Approach LOS		D			D			В			С	
Timer - Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	9.2	51.4	23.8	15.7	12.7	47.8	15.8	23.7				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	6.0	6.5	6.0	7.0	6.5	6.5	7.0	7.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	9.0	35.5	19.0	11.0	8.5	35.5	13.0	16.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	3.1	14.8	17.6	8.4	6.3	27.7	8.8	13.2				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	6.5	0.1	0.3	0.1	4.8	0.1	0.5				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 7th Control Delay, s/veh			31.6									
HCM 7th LOS			С									

Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	0.6					
		EDD	WDI	WDT	NDI	NDD
	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations	7	_	0	4	\	^
•	249	5	2	297	27	2
Future Vol, veh/h	249	5	2	297	27	2
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	None	-		-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	0	-
Veh in Median Storage, #		-	-	0	0	-
Grade, %	5	-	-	-5 -75	-5	-
Peak Hour Factor	71	63	50	75	84	50
Heavy Vehicles, %	0	0	50	0	0	0
Mvmt Flow	351	8	4	396	32	4
Major/Minor Ma	ajor1	N	Major2	N	Minor1	
Conflicting Flow All	0	0	359	0	759	355
Stage 1	-	_	-	_	355	-
Stage 2	_	_	_	_	404	_
Critical Hdwy	_	_	4.6	_	5.4	5.7
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	_	_	-	_	4.4	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	_	_	_	_	4.4	_
Follow-up Hdwy	_	_	2.65	_	3.5	3.3
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	_	_	977	_	466	729
Stage 1	_	_	-	_	788	-
Stage 2	_	_	_	_	759	_
Platoon blocked, %	_	<u>-</u>		_	700	
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	_	_	977	_	464	729
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	_	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	464	-
Stage 1	_		-	_	788	-
-	_	-	_	_	755	_
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	755	-
Approach	EB		WB		NB	
HCM Control Delay, s/v	0		0.09		13.06	
HCM LOS					В	
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	N	NBLn1	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT
Capacity (veh/h)		483	LDI	LDIX		- 1001
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		0.075	-		0.004	-
HCM Control Delay (s/ve		13.1	-	-	8.7	0
HCM Lane LOS	11)	13.1 B	-	-	ο. <i>τ</i>	A
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)		0.2		<u>-</u>	0	- -
HOW JOHN JOHN (VEII)		U.Z			U	

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	¥	†	7	ň	†	7	7	^	7	7	∱ ∱	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	211	223	95	158	136	48	134	994	232	99	1046	173
Future Volume (veh/h)	211	223	95	158	136	48	134	994	232	99	1046	173
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lane Width Adj.	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Work Zone On Approach		No			No			No			No	
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1738	1753	1738	2097	2097	2067	1949	1934	1979	1876	1862	1847
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	220	232	99	165	142	50	140	1035	242	103	1090	180
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Percent Heavy Veh, %	1	0	1	0	0	2	2	3	0	0	1	2
Cap, veh/h	252	161	135	240	189	158	284	2040	931	301	1649	272
Arrive On Green	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.05	0.56	0.56	0.04	0.54	0.54
Sat Flow, veh/h	1655	1753	1473	1997	2097	1751	1856	3674	1677	1787	3039	501
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	220	232	99	165	142	50	140	1035	242	103	633	637
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1655	1753	1473	1997	2097	1751	1856	1837	1677	1787	1769	1772
Q Serve(g_s), s	12.0	11.0	7.9	8.9	7.9	3.2	4.0	20.9	9.0	3.1	30.6	30.8
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	12.0	11.0	7.9	8.9	7.9	3.2	4.0	20.9	9.0	3.1	30.6	30.8
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.28
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	252	161	135	240	189	158	284	2040	931	301	959	961
V/C Ratio(X)	0.87	1.44	0.73	0.69	0.75	0.32	0.49	0.51	0.26	0.34	0.66	0.66
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	252	161	135	243	192	161	383	2040	931	464	959	961
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	47.2	54.5	53.1	44.4	53.3	51.1	16.5	16.5	13.9	13.0	19.6	19.6
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	26.7	231.3	19.8	7.8	16.0	1.6	1.3	0.9	0.7	0.7	3.6	3.6
Initial Q Delay(d3), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	3.0	15.1	3.6	4.8	4.9	1.5	1.6	8.4	3.4	1.2	12.5	12.6
Unsig. Movement Delay, s/veh												
LnGrp Delay(d), s/veh	73.8	285.8	72.9	52.2	69.3	52.7	17.8	17.4	14.5	13.7	23.1	23.2
LnGrp LOS	Е	F	Е	D	Е	D	В	В	В	В	С	С
Approach Vol, veh/h		551			357			1417			1373	
Approach Delay, s/veh		162.9			59.1			17.0			22.5	
Approach LOS		F			E			В			C	
Timer - Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	11.0	73.1	18.0	17.8	12.6	71.6	17.8	18.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	6.0	6.5	6.0	7.0	6.5	6.5	7.0	7.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	16.0	55.5	12.0	11.0	12.5	58.5	11.0	11.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	5.1	22.9	14.0	9.9	6.0	32.8	10.9	13.0				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.2	13.4	0.0	0.1	0.2	12.7	0.0	0.0				
Intersection Summary	V. -		• • •	• • •	·	.=						
HCM 7th Control Delay, s/veh			44.8									
HCM 7th LOS			44.0 D									
HOW 7 III LOS			U									

Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	0.8					
Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations	1			ની	W	
Traffic Vol. veh/h	531	21	16	333	18	2
Future Vol, veh/h	531	21	16	333	18	2
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	None	-	None	-	None
Storage Length	_	-	_	-	0	-
Veh in Median Storage,	# 0	_	_	0	0	_
Grade, %	5	_	_	-5	-5	_
Peak Hour Factor	91	75	44	88	64	50
Heavy Vehicles, %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mymt Flow	584	28	36	378	28	4
IVIVIIIL I IUW	J04	20	30	570	20	4
Major/Minor Ma	ajor1	N	//ajor2	N	/linor1	
Conflicting Flow All	0	0	612	0	1049	598
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	598	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	451	-
Critical Hdwy	-	-	4.1	-	5.4	5.7
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	-	-	-	4.4	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	-	-	4.4	-
Follow-up Hdwy	-	-	2.2	-	3.5	3.3
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	-	-	977	-	340	550
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	653	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	732	-
Platoon blocked, %	-	_		_		
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	_	_	977	-	324	550
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	_	_	-	-	324	-
Stage 1	-	-	_	_	653	-
Stage 2	_	<u>-</u>	_	_	698	_
J. W. J. L.					555	
Approach	EB		WB		NB	
HCM Control Delay, s/v	0		0.77		16.63	
HCM LOS					С	
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	N	NBLn1	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT
Capacity (veh/h)		342	-	-	158	-
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		0.094	-		0.037	-
HCM Control Delay (s/ve	h)	16.6	-	_	8.8	0
HCM Lane LOS	711)	10.0 C	-	_	0.0 A	A
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)		0.3	-	_	0.1	- -
HOW BOTH WILL M(VEII)		0.5	-		0.1	-

PROJECTED CONDITIONS WITH THE PROJECT BOB GRAY ROAD SUBDIVISION ONLY + LOVELL CROSSING DEVELOPMENT

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	*	^	7	ሻ	^	7	7	^	7	7	∱ ∱	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	260	143	151	149	107	110	127	608	91	32	810	141
Future Volume (veh/h)	260	143	151	149	107	110	127	608	91	32	810	141
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lane Width Adj.	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Work Zone On Approach		No			No			No			No	
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1738	1753	1738	2097	2097	2067	1949	1934	1979	1876	1862	1847
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	299	164	174	171	123	126	146	699	105	37	931	162
Peak Hour Factor	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87
Percent Heavy Veh, %	1	0	1	0	0	2	2	3	0	0	1	2
Cap, veh/h	404	288	242	356	195	163	266	1625	742	341	1218	212
Arrive On Green	0.18	0.16	0.16	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.06	0.44	0.44	0.03	0.40	0.40
Sat Flow, veh/h	1655	1753	1473	1997	2097	1751	1856	3674	1677	1787	3012	524
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	299	164	174	171	123	126	146	699	105	37	546	547
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1655	1753	1473	1997	2097	1751	1856	1837	1677	1787	1769	1767
Q Serve(g_s), s	15.6	8.6	11.2	7.6	5.7	7.0	4.5	13.1	3.7	1.2	26.6	26.7
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	15.6	8.6	11.2	7.6	5.7	7.0	4.5	13.1	3.7	1.2	26.6	26.7
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.30
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	404	288	242	356	195	163	266	1625	742	341	715	715
V/C Ratio(X)	0.74	0.57	0.72	0.48	0.63	0.77	0.55	0.43	0.14	0.11	0.76	0.76
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	425	288	242	423	231	193	304	1625	742	444	715	715
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	31.1	38.5	39.6	35.9	43.7	44.3	20.2	19.2	16.6	16.7	25.7	25.7
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	6.4	3.3	10.7	1.0	5.4	16.9	1.8	8.0	0.4	0.1	7.6	7.6
Initial Q Delay(d3), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	6.7	3.9	4.6	3.7	3.2	3.7	1.9	5.3	1.4	0.5	11.8	11.8
Unsig. Movement Delay, s/veh												
LnGrp Delay(d), s/veh	37.5	41.8	50.3	37.0	49.1	61.2	21.9	20.0	17.0	16.8	33.3	33.3
LnGrp LOS	D	D	D	D	D	Е	С	С	В	В	С	С
Approach Vol, veh/h		637			420			950			1130	
Approach Delay, s/veh		42.1			47.8			20.0			32.7	
Approach LOS		D			D			В			С	
Timer - Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	9.2	50.7	23.8	16.3	13.0	47.0	16.6	23.4				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	6.0	6.5	6.0	7.0	6.5	6.5	7.0	7.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	9.0	35.5	19.0	11.0	8.5	35.5	13.0	16.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	3.2	15.1	17.6	9.0	6.5	28.7	9.6	13.2				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	6.5	0.1	0.3	0.1	4.3	0.1	0.5				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 7th Control Delay, s/veh			32.8									
HCM 7th LOS			С									

Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	0.6					
	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
		EDI	WDL		NDL W	NDI
Lane Configurations Traffic Vol, veh/h	1 3 258	5	2	बी 334	'T' 27	2
Future Vol, veh/h	258	5	2	334	27	2
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	None	-	None	Stop -	None
Storage Length	_	NOITE	_	-	0	NOHE -
Veh in Median Storage, #			-	0	0	
Grade, %	+ 0 5			-5	-5	-
Peak Hour Factor	71	63	50	-5 75	-5 84	- 50
Heavy Vehicles, %	0	0	50 4	0	0	0
Mvmt Flow	363	8	4	445	32	4
Major/Minor Ma	ajor1	N	Major2	N	Minor1	
Conflicting Flow All	0	0	371	0	821	367
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	367	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	453	_
Critical Hdwy	_	-	4.6	_	5.4	5.7
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	_	_	_	4.4	_
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	_	_	_	4.4	_
Follow-up Hdwy	_	_	2.65	_	3.5	3.3
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	_	_	966	-	436	718
Stage 1	_	_	-	_	781	-
Stage 2	_	_	_	-	731	_
Platoon blocked, %	_	_		_	701	
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	_	_	966	_	434	718
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	<u>-</u>	_	-	<u>-</u>	434	- 10
Stage 1	-		_	_	781	-
•	_	-	-	_	727	_
Stage 2	-	_	-	-	121	_
Approach	EB		WB		NB	
HCM Control Delay, s/v	0		0.08		13.63	
HCM LOS					В	
Minor Long/Major Muset		JDI 51	EDT	EBR	WDI	WDT
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	ľ	VBLn1	EBT		WBL	WBT
Capacity (veh/h)		453	-	-		-
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		0.08	-		0.004	-
HCM Control Delay (s/ve	n)	13.6	-	-	8.7	0
HCM Lane LOS		В	-	-	A	Α
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)		0.3	-	-	0	-

Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	0.9					
Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations	1≯	LDIX	WDL	₩ <u>₩</u>	NDL NDL	NOI
Traffic Vol, veh/h	253	7	4	302	34	6
	253	7		302	34	6
Future Vol, veh/h			4			
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	None	-	None	-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	0	-
Veh in Median Storage,		-	-	0	0	-
Grade, %	-3	-	-	3	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	90	90	90	88	90	90
Heavy Vehicles, %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mvmt Flow	281	8	4	343	38	7
Majay/Minas	-:4		1-is=0		Ain cud	
	ajor1		Major2		Minor1	00-
Conflicting Flow All	0	0	289	0	637	285
Stage 1	-	_	-	-	285	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	352	-
Critical Hdwy	-	-	4.1	-	6.4	6.2
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	-	-	-	5.4	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	-	-	5.4	-
Follow-up Hdwy	-	-	2.2	-	3.5	3.3
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	-	-	1285	-	445	759
Stage 1	_	_	-	_	768	-
Stage 2	-	_	-	-	716	-
Platoon blocked, %	_	_		_	. 10	
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver			1285		443	759
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver		_	1200	_	443	759
	-	_	-	-		
Stage 1	-	_	-	-	768	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	713	-
Approach	EB		WB		NB	
HCM Control Delay, s/v	0		0.1		13.41	
HCM LOS	U		0.1		13.41 B	
I IOIVI LOO					D	
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt		NBLn1	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT
Capacity (veh/h)		472	-	-	23	-
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		0.094	-	_	0.003	-
HCM Control Delay (s/ve	eh)	13.4	-	_	7.8	0
HCM Lane LOS		В	-	_	Α.	A
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)		0.3	_	_	0	-
HOW JULY (VEH)		0.5			U	

	۶	→	•	•	←	4	4	†	<i>></i>	/	ţ	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	*	^	7	ሻ	^	7	7	^	7	7	∱ ∱	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	218	240	95	177	147	52	148	1014	242	105	1073	173
Future Volume (veh/h)	218	240	95	177	147	52	148	1014	242	105	1073	173
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lane Width Adj.	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Work Zone On Approach		No			No			No			No	
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1738	1753	1738	2097	2097	2067	1949	1934	1979	1876	1862	1847
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	227	250	99	184	153	54	154	1056	252	109	1118	180
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Percent Heavy Veh, %	1	0	1	0	0	2	2	3	0	0	1	2
Cap, veh/h	248	161	135	243	192	161	280	2027	925	295	1639	263
Arrive On Green	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.05	0.55	0.55	0.04	0.54	0.54
Sat Flow, veh/h	1655	1753	1473	1997	2097	1751	1856	3674	1677	1787	3052	490
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	227	250	99	184	153	54	154	1056	252	109	646	652
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1655	1753	1473	1997	2097	1751	1856	1837	1677	1787	1769	1773
Q Serve(g_s), s	12.0	11.0	7.9	9.9	8.6	3.5	4.4	21.7	9.5	3.3	32.0	32.3
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	12.0	11.0	7.9	9.9	8.6	3.5	4.4	21.7	9.5	3.3	32.0	32.3
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.28
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	248	161	135	243	192	161	280	2027	925	295	950	952
V/C Ratio(X)	0.92	1.56	0.73	0.76	0.80	0.34	0.55	0.52	0.27	0.37	0.68	0.68
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	248	161	135	243	192	161	372	2027	925	455	950	952
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	47.5	54.5	53.1	44.6	53.4	51.1	17.6	16.9	14.2	13.4	20.3	20.3
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	35.7	278.4	19.8	12.8	21.3	1.7	1.7	1.0	0.7	8.0	3.9	4.0
Initial Q Delay(d3), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	3.7	17.2	3.6	5.7	5.6	1.6	1.8	8.7	3.6	1.3	13.1	13.3
Unsig. Movement Delay, s/veh												
LnGrp Delay(d), s/veh	83.2	332.9	72.9	57.4	74.7	52.8	19.2	17.9	14.9	14.2	24.2	24.3
LnGrp LOS	F	F	Е	Е	Е	D	В	В	В	В	С	С
Approach Vol, veh/h		576			391			1462			1407	
Approach Delay, s/veh		189.8			63.5			17.5			23.5	
Approach LOS		F			E			В			С	
Timer - Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	11.3	72.7	18.0	18.0	13.1	70.9	18.0	18.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	6.0	6.5	6.0	7.0	6.5	6.5	7.0	7.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	16.0	55.5	12.0	11.0	12.5	58.5	11.0	11.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	5.3	23.7	14.0	10.6	6.4	34.3	11.9	13.0				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.2	13.7	0.0	0.1	0.2	12.6	0.0	0.0				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 7th Control Delay, s/veh			50.3									
HCM 7th LOS			D									

Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	0.8					
		EDD	MDI	WET	NDI	NDD
Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations	₽	0.4	40	4	Y	•
Traffic Vol, veh/h	564	21	16	367	18	2
Future Vol, veh/h	564	21	16	367	18	2
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	_ 0	_ 0	_ 0	_ 0	0	0
•	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	None	-	None	-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	0	-
Veh in Median Storage,		-	-	0	0	-
Grade, %	5	-	-	-5	-5	-
Peak Hour Factor	91	75	44	88	64	50
Heavy Vehicles, %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mvmt Flow	620	28	36	417	28	4
NA -1 /NA1 NA			4		P	
	ajor1		Major2		Minor1	20.4
Conflicting Flow All	0	0	648	0	1124	634
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	634	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	490	-
Critical Hdwy	-	-	4.1	-	5.4	5.7
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	-	-	-	4.4	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	-	-	4.4	-
Follow-up Hdwy	-	-	2.2	-	3.5	3.3
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	-	-	948	-	313	527
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	635	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	711	-
Platoon blocked, %	-	-		-		
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	_	_	948	_	298	527
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	_	_	-	_	298	-
Stage 1	_	_	_	_	635	_
Stage 2	_	_	_	_	675	_
Olage 2					010	
Approach	EB		WB		NB	
HCM Control Delay, s/v	0		0.72		17.73	
HCM LOS					С	
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt		VIDI n1	EDT	EDD	\\/DI	WBT
	ı	NBLn1	EBT	EBR	WBL	
Capacity (veh/h)		315	-	-	144	-
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		0.102	-	-	0.038	-
HCM Control Delay (s/ve	eh)	17.7	-	-	9	0
HCM Lane LOS		С	-	-	Α	Α
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)		0.3	-	-	0.1	-

Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	0.9					
Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations	<u>₽</u>	LDIN	VVDL	4	7/	NDIX
	540	26	14		28	5
Traffic Vol, veh/h				355		5
Future Vol, veh/h	540	26	14	355	28	5
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	_ 0	0	0	0	5	0
	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	None	-	None	-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	0	-
Veh in Median Storage, #		-	-	0	0	-
Grade, %	-3	-	-	3	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	71	90	90	75	90	90
Heavy Vehicles, %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mvmt Flow	761	29	16	473	31	6
WWW.CT IOW			10	110	•	
Major/Minor Ma	ajor1	N	//ajor2	1	Minor1	
Conflicting Flow All	0	0	789	0	1284	775
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	775	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	509	-
Critical Hdwy	_	_	4.1	_	6.4	6.2
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	_	_	-	_	5.4	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2		_	_	_	5.4	_
Follow-up Hdwy	<u> </u>	_	2.2	_	3.5	3.3
			839		184	401
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	-	-	009	-		
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	458	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	607	-
Platoon blocked, %	-	-		-		
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	-	-	839	-	178	401
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	-	-	-	-	178	-
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	458	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	590	-
			1675			
Approach	EB		WB		NB	
HCM Control Delay, s/v	0		0.3		27.75	
HCM LOS					D	
Minor Long/Mailer Mr.		JDI 4	EDT	EDD	WDI	WDT
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt		NBLn1	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT
Capacity (veh/h)		195	-	-	57	-
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		0.188	-	-	0.019	-
HCM Control Delay (s/ve	:h)	27.7	-	-	9.4	0
HCM Lane LOS		D	-	-	Α	Α
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)		0.7	_	_	0.1	-

PROJECTED CONDITIONS WITH THE PROJECT COMBINED RESIDENTIAL SUBDIVISIONS + LOVELL CROSSING DEVELOPMENT

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	*	^	7	ሻ	^	7	7	^	7	7	∱ ∱	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	260	148	151	166	120	123	127	608	94	33	810	141
Future Volume (veh/h)	260	148	151	166	120	123	127	608	94	33	810	141
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lane Width Adj.	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Work Zone On Approach		No			No			No			No	
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1738	1753	1738	2097	2097	2067	1949	1934	1979	1876	1862	1847
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	299	170	174	191	138	141	146	699	108	38	931	162
Peak Hour Factor	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87
Percent Heavy Veh, %	1	0	1	0	0	2	2	3	0	0	1	2
Cap, veh/h	402	284	239	365	211	176	262	1600	730	335	1198	208
Arrive On Green	0.18	0.16	0.16	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.07	0.44	0.44	0.03	0.40	0.40
Sat Flow, veh/h	1655	1753	1473	1997	2097	1751	1856	3674	1677	1787	3012	524
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	299	170	174	191	138	141	146	699	108	38	546	547
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1655	1753	1473	1997	2097	1751	1856	1837	1677	1787	1769	1767
Q Serve(g_s), s	15.5	9.0	11.2	8.4	6.3	7.9	4.6	13.3	3.9	1.2	26.9	27.0
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	15.5	9.0	11.2	8.4	6.3	7.9	4.6	13.3	3.9	1.2	26.9	27.0
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.30
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	402	284	239	365	211	176	262	1600	730	335	703	703
V/C Ratio(X)	0.74	0.60	0.73	0.52	0.65	0.80	0.56	0.44	0.15	0.11	0.78	0.78
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	425	284	239	416	231	193	299	1600	730	438	703	703
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	30.6	38.9	39.8	35.0	43.3	44.0	20.6	19.7	17.0	17.1	26.3	26.3
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	6.6	4.1	11.5	1.2	6.9	20.9	1.8	0.9	0.4	0.1	8.2	8.3
Initial Q Delay(d3), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	6.6	4.1	4.7	4.1	3.6	4.3	1.9	5.4	1.5	0.5	12.0	12.0
Unsig. Movement Delay, s/veh												
LnGrp Delay(d), s/veh	37.2	42.9	51.3	36.1	50.2	64.9	22.5	20.6	17.5	17.2	34.5	34.5
LnGrp LOS	D	D	D	D	D	Е	С	С	В	В	С	С
Approach Vol, veh/h		643			470			953			1131	
Approach Delay, s/veh		42.6			48.9			20.5			33.9	
Approach LOS		D			D			С			С	
Timer - Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	9.3	50.0	23.6	17.1	13.0	46.3	17.5	23.2				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	6.0	6.5	6.0	7.0	6.5	6.5	7.0	7.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	9.0	35.5	19.0	11.0	8.5	35.5	13.0	16.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	3.2	15.3	17.5	9.9	6.6	29.0	10.4	13.2				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.0	6.5	0.1	0.2	0.1	4.2	0.1	0.6				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 7th Control Delay, s/veh			33.9									
HCM 7th LOS			С									

Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	0.6					
Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations	1			4	¥#	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	267	5	2	377	27	2
Future Vol, veh/h	267	5	2	377	27	2
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0
•	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	None	-	None	-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	0	-
Veh in Median Storage, #	# 0	-	-	0	0	-
Grade, %	5	-	-	-5	-5	-
Peak Hour Factor	71	63	50	75	84	50
Heavy Vehicles, %	0	0	50	0	0	0
Mvmt Flow	376	8	4	503	32	4
Major/Minor Ma	nior1		Aniar?	N	Minor1	
	ajor1		Major2			200
Conflicting Flow All	0	0	384	0	891	380
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	380	-
Stage 2	-	-	4.6	-	511	- - 7
Critical Hdwy	-	-	4.0	-	5.4	5.7
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	-	-	-	4.4	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	- 0 CE	-	4.4	-
Follow-up Hdwy	-	-	2.65	-	3.5	3.3
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	-	-	955	-	404	708
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	773	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	699	-
Platoon blocked, %	-	-	٥٢٢	-	400	700
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	-	-	955	-	402	708
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	-	-	-	-	402	-
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	773	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	695	-
Approach	EB		WB		NB	
HCM Control Delay, s/v	0		0.07		14.33	
HCM LOS	•				В	
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	N	NBLn1	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT
	ľ					
Capacity (veh/h)		422	-	-	14	-
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	LA	0.086	-		0.004	-
HCM Long LOS	(11)	14.3	-	-	8.8	0
HCM Lane LOS HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)		B 0.3	-	-	A 0	Α
		11.5	_	-		-

Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	2.1					
	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
		EDK	WDL			NDK
Lane Configurations	\$	40	^	4	, A	4.4
Traffic Vol, veh/h	253	16	9	302	77	14
Future Vol, veh/h	253	16	9	302	77	14
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0
•	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	None	-	None	-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	0	-
Veh in Median Storage,	# 0	-	-	0	0	-
Grade, %	-3	_	-	3	0	_
Peak Hour Factor	90	90	90	88	90	90
Heavy Vehicles, %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mvmt Flow	281	18	10	343	86	16
IVIVIIIL I IOW	201	10	10	343	00	10
Major/Minor Major/Minor	ajor1	N	Major2	1	Minor1	
Conflicting Flow All	0	0	299	0	653	290
Stage 1	-	-	_	-	290	-
Stage 2	_	_	_	_	363	_
Critical Hdwy	_	_	4.1	_	6.4	6.2
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	_	_	7.1	_	5.4	- 0.2
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	_	-		5.4	_
	-	-	-	-		
Follow-up Hdwy	-	-	2.2	-	3.5	3.3
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	-	-	1274	-	435	754
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	764	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	708	-
Platoon blocked, %	-	-		-		
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	-	-	1274	-	431	754
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	-	-	-	-	431	-
Stage 1	_	_	_	_	764	_
Stage 2	_	_	_	_	701	_
Glaye Z	_	_	-	<u>-</u>	701	-
Approach	EB		WB		NB	
HCM Control Delay, s/v	0		0.22		14.98	
HCM LOS					В	
Minor Long/Major Marrat		JDI 1	CDT	EDD	WDI	WDT
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	ľ	NBLn1	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT
Capacity (veh/h)		461	-	-	51	-
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		0.219	-	-	0.008	-
HCM Control Delay (s/ve	eh)	15	-	-	7.8	0
HCM Lane LOS		В	-	-	Α	Α
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)		0.8	-	-	0	-

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	*	^	7	ሻ	^	7	7	^	7	7	∱ ∱	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	218	253	95	194	162	56	148	1014	255	112	1073	173
Future Volume (veh/h)	218	253	95	194	162	56	148	1014	255	112	1073	173
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lane Width Adj.	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Work Zone On Approach		No			No			No			No	
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1738	1753	1738	2097	2097	2067	1949	1934	1979	1876	1862	1847
Adj Flow Rate, veh/h	227	264	99	202	169	58	154	1056	266	117	1118	180
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Percent Heavy Veh, %	1	0	1	0	0	2	2	3	0	0	1	2
Cap, veh/h	238	161	135	243	192	161	280	2019	921	296	1639	263
Arrive On Green	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.05	0.55	0.55	0.05	0.54	0.54
Sat Flow, veh/h	1655	1753	1473	1997	2097	1751	1856	3674	1677	1787	3052	490
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	227	264	99	202	169	58	154	1056	266	117	646	652
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	1655	1753	1473	1997	2097	1751	1856	1837	1677	1787	1769	1773
Q Serve(g_s), s	12.0	11.0	7.9	11.0	9.6	3.7	4.4	21.8	10.2	3.5	32.0	32.3
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	12.0	11.0	7.9	11.0	9.6	3.7	4.4	21.8	10.2	3.5	32.0	32.3
Prop In Lane	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.28
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	238	161	135	243	192	161	280	2019	921	296	950	952
V/C Ratio(X)	0.95	1.64	0.73	0.83	0.88	0.36	0.55	0.52	0.29	0.40	0.68	0.68
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	238	161	135	243	192	161	372	2019	921	451	950	952
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	47.6	54.5	53.1	45.0	53.8	51.2	17.6	17.1	14.5	13.5	20.3	20.3
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	45.0	315.7	19.8	21.0	34.7	1.9	1.7	1.0	8.0	0.9	3.9	4.0
Initial Q Delay(d3), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	4.3	18.8	3.6	6.8	6.8	1.7	1.8	8.8	3.9	1.4	13.1	13.3
Unsig. Movement Delay, s/veh												
LnGrp Delay(d), s/veh	92.5	370.2	72.9	66.0	88.5	53.1	19.2	18.1	15.3	14.4	24.2	24.3
LnGrp LOS	F	F	Е	E	F	D	В	В	В	В	С	С
Approach Vol, veh/h		590			429			1476			1415	
Approach Delay, s/veh		213.5			73.2			17.7			23.5	
Approach LOS		F			E			В			С	
Timer - Assigned Phs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	11.6	72.4	18.0	18.0	13.1	70.9	18.0	18.0				
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	6.0	6.5	6.0	7.0	6.5	6.5	7.0	7.0				
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	16.0	55.5	12.0	11.0	12.5	58.5	11.0	11.0				
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	5.5	23.8	14.0	11.6	6.4	34.3	13.0	13.0				
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	0.2	13.8	0.0	0.0	0.2	12.6	0.0	0.0				
Intersection Summary												
HCM 7th Control Delay, s/veh			55.4									
HCM 7th LOS			Е									

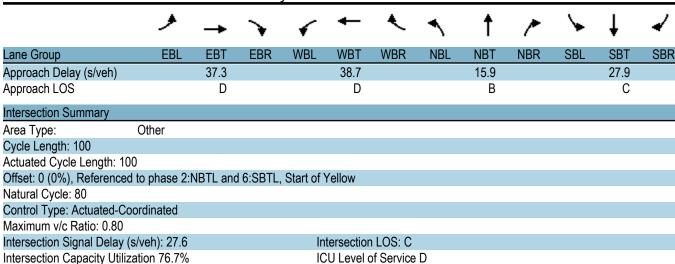
Intersection						
Int Delay, s/veh	0.8					
Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations	1			4	¥	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	597	21	16	403	18	2
Future Vol, veh/h	597	21	16	403	18	2
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	None	-	None	-	None
Storage Length	_	-	-	-	0	-
Veh in Median Storage,	# 0	-	-	0	0	_
Grade, %	5	-	-	-5	-5	-
Peak Hour Factor	91	75	44	88	64	50
Heavy Vehicles, %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mvmt Flow	656	28	36	458	28	4
NA : (NA:			4 : 0		P 4	
	1ajor1		Major2		/linor1	
Conflicting Flow All	0	0	684	0	1201	670
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	670	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	531	-
Critical Hdwy	-	-	4.1	-	5.4	5.7
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	-	-	-	4.4	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	-	-	4.4	-
Follow-up Hdwy	-	-	2.2	-	3.5	3.3
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	-	-	919	-	288	505
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	617	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	688	-
Platoon blocked, %	-	-		-		
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	-	_	919	-	273	505
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	-	-	-	-	273	-
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	617	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	652	-
Annroach	EB		WB		NB	
Approach						
HCM Control Delay, s/v	0		0.67		19	
HCM LOS					С	
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt		NBLn1	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT
Capacity (veh/h)		289	-	-	132	-
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		0.111	-	_	0.04	_
HCM Control Delay (s/v	eh)	19	_	-	9.1	0
HCM Lane LOS	/	C	_	-	Α	A
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)		0.4	-	-	0.1	-
(1011)		7.1			J .,	

Intersection	0.0					
Int Delay, s/veh	2.8					
Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations	f)			र्स	¥	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	540	59	32	355	64	11
Future Vol, veh/h	540	59	32	355	64	11
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	5	0
•	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	None	-	None	-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	0	-
Veh in Median Storage,	# 0	-	-	0	0	-
Grade, %	-3	_	-	3	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	71	90	90	75	90	90
Heavy Vehicles, %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mymt Flow	761	66	36	473	71	12
WWITCHIOW	701	00	00	470	, , ,	12
	ajor1		//ajor2	N	Minor1	
Conflicting Flow All	0	0	826	0	1343	793
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	793	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	549	-
Critical Hdwy	-	-	4.1	-	6.4	6.2
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	-	-	-	5.4	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	-	-	5.4	-
Follow-up Hdwy	_	_	2.2	_	3.5	3.3
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	_	_	813	-	169	392
Stage 1	_	_	-	_	449	-
Stage 2	_	_		_	582	_
Platoon blocked, %	_	_		_	302	
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	_	_	813	_	159	392
•		-				
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	-	-	-	-	159	-
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	449	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	545	-
Approach	EB		WB		NB	
HCM Control Delay, s/v	0		0.67		43.49	
HCM LOS	U		0.01		±3.±3	
TIOWI LOO					_	
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt		NBLn1	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT
Capacity (veh/h)		174	-	-	126	-
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		0.48	-	-	0.044	-
HCM Control Delay (s/ve	eh)	43.5	-	-	9.6	0
	,	Е		_	Α	A
HCM Lane LOS			-	-	А	A

PROJECTED CONDITIONS WITH THE PROJECT BOB GRAY ROAD SUBDIVISION ONLY + LOVELL CROSSING DEVELOPMENT WITH MODIFIED SIGNAL TIMING

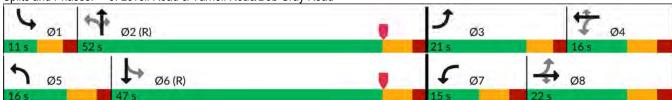
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Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	*	*	7	7	↑	7	ሻ	^	7	ች	↑ ↑	
Traffic Volume (vph)	260	143	151	149	107	110	127	608	91	32	810	141
Future Volume (vph)	260	143	151	149	107	110	127	608	91	32	810	141
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Grade (%)		5%			-5%			-2%			2%	
Storage Length (ft)	180		300	175		215	140		245	135		0
Storage Lanes	1		1	1		1	1		1	1		0
Taper Length (ft)	95			75			80			80		
Lane Util. Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95	0.95
Frt			0.850			0.850			0.850		0.978	
Flt Protected	0.950			0.950			0.950			0.950		
Satd. Flow (prot)	1742	1852	1559	1850	1947	1623	1787	3540	1631	1787	3456	0
Flt Permitted	0.415			0.653			0.114			0.378		
Satd. Flow (perm)	761	1852	1559	1272	1947	1623	214	3540	1631	711	3456	0
Right Turn on Red			Yes			Yes			Yes			Yes
Satd. Flow (RTOR)			180			180			185		24	
Link Speed (mph)		40			40			45			45	
Link Distance (ft)		583			867			822			438	
Travel Time (s)		9.9			14.8			12.5			6.6	
Peak Hour Factor	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87
Heavy Vehicles (%)	1%	0%	1%	0%	0%	2%	2%	3%	0%	0%	1%	2%
Adj. Flow (vph)	299	164	174	171	123	126	146	699	105	37	931	162
Shared Lane Traffic (%)												
Lane Group Flow (vph)	299	164	174	171	123	126	146	699	105	37	1093	0
Turn Type	pm+pt	NA	Perm	pm+pt	NA	Perm	pm+pt	NA	Perm	pm+pt	NA	
Protected Phases	3	8		7	4		5	2		1	6	
Permitted Phases	8		8	4		4	2		2	6		
Detector Phase	3	8	8	7	4	4	5	2	2	1	6	
Switch Phase												
Minimum Initial (s)	6.0	8.0	8.0	6.0	8.0	8.0	6.0	25.0	25.0	5.0	25.0	
Minimum Split (s)	15.0	15.0	15.0	13.0	15.0	15.0	12.5	35.5	35.5	11.0	35.5	
Total Split (s)	21.0	22.0	22.0	15.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	52.0	52.0	11.0	47.0	
Total Split (%)	21.0%	22.0%	22.0%	15.0%	16.0%	16.0%	16.0%	52.0%	52.0%	11.0%	47.0%	
Maximum Green (s)	15.0	15.0	15.0	8.0	9.0	9.0	9.5	45.5	45.5	5.0	40.5	
Yellow Time (s)	4.0	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.0	4.5	
All-Red Time (s)	2.0	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	
Lost Time Adjust (s)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Total Lost Time (s)	6.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.0	6.5	
Lead/Lag	Lead	Lag	Lag	Lead	Lag	Lag	Lead	Lag	Lag	Lead	Lag	
Lead-Lag Optimize?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Vehicle Extension (s)	3.0	4.0	4.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	3.0	4.0	
Recall Mode	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	C-Max	C-Max	None	C-Max	
Act Effct Green (s)	30.4	14.7	14.7	16.9	8.9	8.9	55.9	50.2	50.2	47.3	41.7	
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.30	0.15	0.15	0.17	0.09	0.09	0.56	0.50	0.50	0.47	0.42	
v/c Ratio	0.80	0.61	0.46	0.66	0.71	0.41	0.57	0.39	0.12	0.09	0.75	
Control Delay (s/veh)	46.3	50.1	9.7	42.4	66.9	6.1	21.1	17.2	0.3	10.7	28.5	
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Total Delay (s/veh)	46.3	50.1	9.7	42.4	66.9	6.1	21.1	17.2	0.3	10.7	28.5	
LOS	D	D	Α	D	Е	Α	С	В	Α	В	С	

3: Lovell Road & Yarnell Road/Bob Gray Road



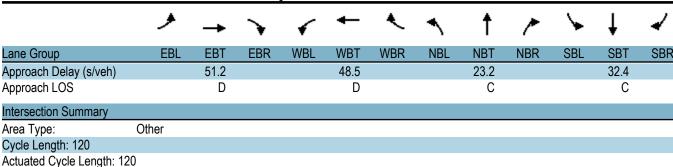
Analysis Period (min) 15

Splits and Phases: 3: Lovell Road & Yarnell Road/Bob Gray Road



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Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	7		7	*	†	7	ሻ	^	7	ሻ	† }	
Traffic Volume (vph)	218	240	95	177	147	52	148	1014	242	105	1073	173
Future Volume (vph)	218	240	95	177	147	52	148	1014	242	105	1073	173
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Grade (%)		5%			-5%			-2%			2%	
Storage Length (ft)	180		300	175		215	140		245	135		0
Storage Lanes	1		1	1		1	1		1	1		0
Taper Length (ft)	95			75			80			80		
Lane Util. Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95	0.95
Frt			0.850			0.850			0.850		0.979	
Flt Protected	0.950			0.950			0.950			0.950		
Satd. Flow (prot)	1742	1852	1559	1850	1947	1623	1787	3540	1631	1787	3459	0
Flt Permitted	0.541			0.330			0.078			0.177		
Satd. Flow (perm)	992	1852	1559	643	1947	1623	147	3540	1631	333	3459	0
Right Turn on Red			Yes			Yes			Yes			Yes
Satd. Flow (RTOR)			150			150			252		19	
Link Speed (mph)		40			40			45			45	
Link Distance (ft)		580			867			822			438	
Travel Time (s)		9.9			14.8			12.5			6.6	
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Heavy Vehicles (%)	1%	0%	1%	0%	0%	2%	2%	3%	0%	0%	1%	2%
Adj. Flow (vph)	227	250	99	184	153	54	154	1056	252	109	1118	180
Shared Lane Traffic (%)												
Lane Group Flow (vph)	227	250	99	184	153	54	154	1056	252	109	1298	0
Turn Type	pm+pt	NA	Perm	pm+pt	NA	Perm	pm+pt	NA	Perm	pm+pt	NA	
Protected Phases	3	8		7	4		5	2		1	6	
Permitted Phases	8		8	4		4	2		2	6		
Detector Phase	3	8	8	7	4	4	5	2	2	1	6	
Switch Phase												
Minimum Initial (s)	6.0	8.0	8.0	6.0	8.0	8.0	6.0	25.0	25.0	5.0	25.0	
Minimum Split (s)	12.0	15.0	15.0	13.0	15.0	15.0	12.5	35.5	35.5	11.0	35.5	
Total Split (s)	17.0	27.0	27.0	16.0	26.0	26.0	18.0	62.0	62.0	15.0	59.0	
Total Split (%)	14.2%	22.5%	22.5%	13.3%	21.7%	21.7%	15.0%	51.7%	51.7%	12.5%	49.2%	
Maximum Green (s)	11.0	20.0	20.0	9.0	19.0	19.0	11.5	55.5	55.5	9.0	52.5	
Yellow Time (s)	4.0	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.0	4.5	
All-Red Time (s)	2.0	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	
Lost Time Adjust (s)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Total Lost Time (s)	6.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.0	6.5	
Lead/Lag	Lead	Lag	Lag	Lead	Lag	Lag	Lead	Lag	Lag	Lead	Lag	
Lead-Lag Optimize?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Vehicle Extension (s)	3.0	4.0	4.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	3.0	4.0	
Recall Mode	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	C-Max	C-Max	None	C-Max	
Act Effct Green (s)	31.2	19.2	19.2	27.2	18.2	18.2	67.3	57.1	57.1	63.2	54.6	
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.26	0.16	0.16	0.23	0.15	0.15	0.56	0.48	0.48	0.53	0.46	
v/c Ratio	0.69	0.84	0.26	0.78	0.52	0.14	0.70	0.63	0.28	0.40	0.82	
Control Delay (s/veh)	47.3	73.7	3.3	58.4	53.4	0.8	37.8	25.9	3.1	15.5	33.8	
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Total Delay (s/veh)	47.3	73.7	3.3	58.4	53.4	0.8	37.8	25.9	3.1	15.5	33.8	
LOS	D	Е	Α	Е	D	Α	D	С	Α	В	С	

3: Lovell Road & Yarnell Road/Bob Gray Road



Natural Cycle: 90

Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated

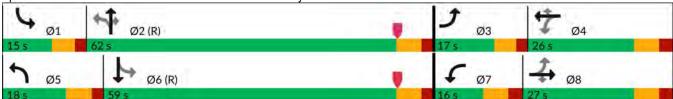
Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.84

Intersection Signal Delay (s/veh): 33.4 Intersection LOS: C
Intersection Capacity Utilization 88.3% ICU Level of Service E

Analysis Period (min) 15

Splits and Phases: 3: Lovell Road & Yarnell Road/Bob Gray Road

Offset: 30 (25%), Referenced to phase 2:NBTL and 6:SBTL, Start of Yellow

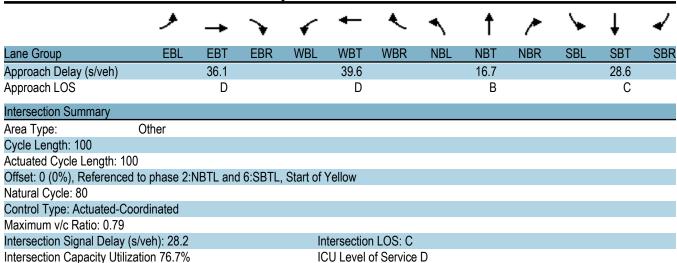


PROJECTED CONDITIONS WITH THE PROJECT COMBINED RESIDENTIAL SUBDIVISIONS + LOVELL CROSSING DEVELOPMENT WITH MODIFIED SIGNAL TIMING

	۶	→	•	•	←	•	1	†	~	/	ļ	4
Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	7		7	7	^	7	ሻ	^	7	ሻ	† }	
Traffic Volume (vph)	260	148	151	166	120	123	127	608	94	33	810	141
Future Volume (vph)	260	148	151	166	120	123	127	608	94	33	810	141
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Grade (%)		5%			-5%			-2%			2%	
Storage Length (ft)	180		300	175		215	140		245	135		0
Storage Lanes	1		1	1		1	1		1	1		0
Taper Length (ft)	95			75			80			80		
Lane Util. Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95	0.95
Frt			0.850			0.850			0.850		0.978	
Flt Protected	0.950			0.950			0.950			0.950		
Satd. Flow (prot)	1742	1852	1559	1850	1947	1623	1787	3540	1631	1787	3456	0
Flt Permitted	0.404			0.650			0.111			0.373		
Satd. Flow (perm)	741	1852	1559	1266	1947	1623	209	3540	1631	702	3456	0
Right Turn on Red			Yes			Yes			Yes			Yes
Satd. Flow (RTOR)			180			180			185		24	
Link Speed (mph)		40			40			45			45	
Link Distance (ft)		583			867			822			438	
Travel Time (s)		9.9			14.8			12.5			6.6	
Peak Hour Factor	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87
Heavy Vehicles (%)	1%	0%	1%	0%	0%	2%	2%	3%	0%	0%	1%	2%
Adj. Flow (vph)	299	170	174	191	138	141	146	699	108	38	931	162
Shared Lane Traffic (%)												
Lane Group Flow (vph)	299	170	174	191	138	141	146	699	108	38	1093	0
Turn Type	pm+pt	NA	Perm	pm+pt	NA	Perm	pm+pt	NA	Perm	pm+pt	NA	
Protected Phases	3	8		7	4		5	2		1	6	
Permitted Phases	8		8	4		4	2		2	6		
Detector Phase	3	8	8	7	4	4	5	2	2	1	6	
Switch Phase												
Minimum Initial (s)	6.0	8.0	8.0	6.0	8.0	8.0	6.0	25.0	25.0	5.0	25.0	
Minimum Split (s)	15.0	15.0	15.0	13.0	15.0	15.0	12.5	35.5	35.5	11.0	35.5	
Total Split (s)	21.0	23.0	23.0	15.0	17.0	17.0	15.4	51.0	51.0	11.0	46.6	
Total Split (%)	21.0%	23.0%	23.0%	15.0%	17.0%	17.0%	15.4%	51.0%	51.0%	11.0%	46.6%	
Maximum Green (s)	15.0	16.0	16.0	8.0	10.0	10.0	8.9	44.5	44.5	5.0	40.1	
Yellow Time (s)	4.0	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.0	4.5	
All-Red Time (s)	2.0	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	
Lost Time Adjust (s)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Total Lost Time (s)	6.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.0	6.5	
Lead/Lag	Lead	Lag	Lag	Lead	Lag	Lag	Lead	Lag	Lag	Lead	Lag	
Lead-Lag Optimize?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Vehicle Extension (s)	3.0	4.0	4.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	3.0	4.0	
Recall Mode	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	C-Max	C-Max	None	C-Max	
Act Effct Green (s)	31.3	15.6	15.6	17.9	9.9	9.9	54.7	49.3	49.3	46.7	41.1	
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.31	0.16	0.16	0.18	0.10	0.10	0.55	0.49	0.49	0.47	0.41	
v/c Ratio	0.79	0.59	0.44	0.70	0.72	0.44	0.59	0.40	0.12	0.10	0.76	
Control Delay (s/veh)	44.9	48.3	9.2	44.6	65.6	7.4	23.2	17.9	0.4	11.1	29.2	
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Total Delay (s/veh)	44.9	48.3	9.2	44.6	65.6	7.4	23.2	17.9	0.4	11.1	29.2	
LOS	D	D	Α	D	Е	Α	С	В	Α	В	С	

Analysis Period (min) 15

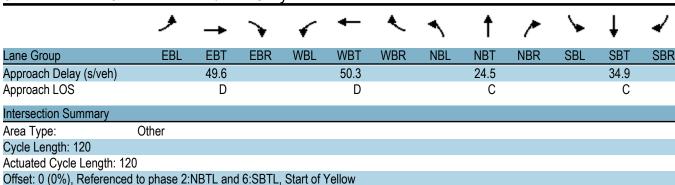
3: Lovell Road & Yarnell Road/Bob Gray Road





	۶	→	•	•	+	4	1	†	~	/	+	4
Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	¥	*	7	¥	†	7	*	^	7	*	↑ ↑	
Traffic Volume (vph)	218	253	95	194	162	56	148	1014	255	112	1073	173
Future Volume (vph)	218	253	95	194	162	56	148	1014	255	112	1073	173
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Grade (%)		5%			-5%			-2%			2%	
Storage Length (ft)	180		300	175		215	140		245	135		0
Storage Lanes	1		1	1		1	1		1	1		0
Taper Length (ft)	95			75			80			80		
Lane Util. Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95	0.95
Frt			0.850			0.850			0.850		0.979	
Flt Protected	0.950			0.950			0.950			0.950		
Satd. Flow (prot)	1742	1852	1559	1850	1947	1623	1787	3540	1631	1787	3459	0
Flt Permitted	0.450			0.340			0.072			0.171		
Satd. Flow (perm)	825	1852	1559	662	1947	1623	135	3540	1631	322	3459	0
Right Turn on Red			Yes			Yes			Yes			Yes
Satd. Flow (RTOR)			150			150			266		19	
Link Speed (mph)		40			40			45			45	
Link Distance (ft)		580			867			822			438	
Travel Time (s)		9.9			14.8			12.5			6.6	
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Heavy Vehicles (%)	1%	0%	1%	0%	0%	2%	2%	3%	0%	0%	1%	2%
Adj. Flow (vph)	227	264	99	202	169	58	154	1056	266	117	1118	180
Shared Lane Traffic (%)												
Lane Group Flow (vph)	227	264	99	202	169	58	154	1056	266	117	1298	0
Turn Type	pm+pt	NA	Perm	pm+pt	NA	Perm	pm+pt	NA	Perm	pm+pt	NA	
Protected Phases	3	8		7	4		5	2		1	6	
Permitted Phases	8		8	4		4	2		2	6		
Detector Phase	3	8	8	7	4	4	5	2	2	1	6	
Switch Phase												
Minimum Initial (s)	6.0	8.0	8.0	6.0	8.0	8.0	6.0	25.0	25.0	5.0	25.0	
Minimum Split (s)	12.0	15.0	15.0	13.0	15.0	15.0	12.5	35.5	35.5	11.0	35.5	
Total Split (s)	20.0	28.0	28.0	17.0	25.0	25.0	17.5	61.0	61.0	14.0	57.5	
Total Split (%)	16.7%	23.3%	23.3%	14.2%	20.8%	20.8%	14.6%	50.8%	50.8%	11.7%	47.9%	
Maximum Green (s)	14.0	21.0	21.0	10.0	18.0	18.0	11.0	54.5	54.5	8.0	51.0	
Yellow Time (s)	4.0	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.0	4.5	
All-Red Time (s)	2.0	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	
Lost Time Adjust (s)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Total Lost Time (s)	6.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.0	6.5	
Lead/Lag	Lead	Lag	Lag	Lead	Lag	Lag	Lead	Lag	Lag	Lead	Lag	
Lead-Lag Optimize?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Vehicle Extension (s)	3.0	4.0	4.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	3.0	4.0	
Recall Mode	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	C-Max	C-Max	None	C-Max	
Act Effct Green (s)	34.7	20.1	20.1	27.6	17.6	17.6	65.7	55.7	55.7	61.1	52.9	
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.29	0.17	0.17	0.23	0.15	0.15	0.55	0.46	0.46	0.51	0.44	
v/c Ratio	0.66	0.85	0.26	0.80	0.59	0.16	0.73	0.64	0.30	0.46	0.85	
Control Delay (s/veh)	42.8	72.9	3.2	58.8	57.1	0.9	43.4	27.1	3.2	18.0	36.4	
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Total Delay (s/veh)	42.8	72.9	3.2	58.8	57.1	0.9	43.4	27.1	3.2	18.0	36.4	
LOS	D	Е	Α	Ε	Е	Α	D	С	Α	В	D	

3: Lovell Road & Yarnell Road/Bob Gray Road



Natural Cycle: 90

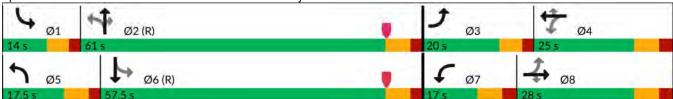
Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated

Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.85

Intersection Signal Delay (s/veh): 34.9 Intersection LOS: C
Intersection Capacity Utilization 89.9% ICU Level of Service E

Analysis Period (min) 15

Splits and Phases: 3: Lovell Road & Yarnell Road/Bob Gray Road



APPENDIX H

LOCAL TRIP GENERATION DATA

Local Apartment Trip Generation Study

Average Vehicle Trip Ends vs:

Dwelling Units

On a:

Weekday

Number of Studies:

13

Average Number of Dwelling Units:

193

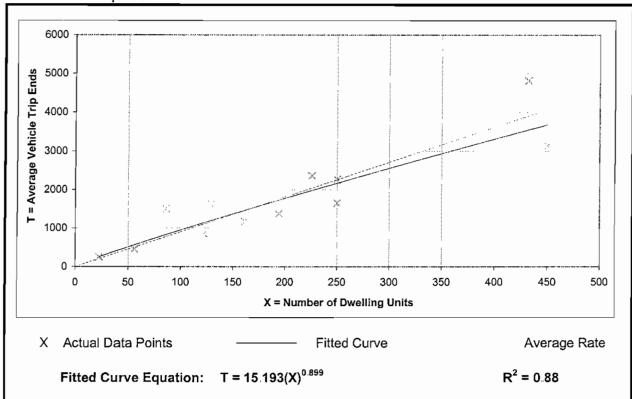
Directional Distribution:

50% entering, 50% exiting

Trip Generation Per Dwelling Unit

Average Rate	Ranges of Rates	Standard Deviation
9.03	6.59 - 17.41	2.47





Local Apartment Trip Generation Study

Average Vehicle Trip Ends vs: **Dwelling Units**

Weekday,

On a:

Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic, One Hour Between 7 and 9 a.m.

Number of Studies:

13 193

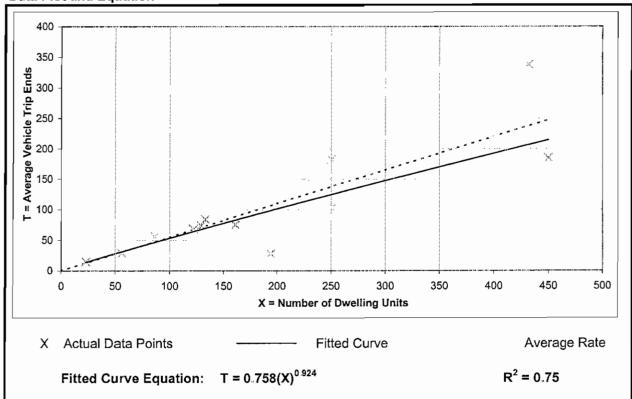
Average Number of Dwelling Units:

Directional Distribution: 22% entering, 78% exiting

Trip Generation Per Dwelling Unit

The Constant of Engine		
Average Rate	Ranges of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.55	0.14 - 0.78	0.18

Data Plot and Equation



Local Apartment Trip Generation Study

Average Vehicle Trip Ends vs:

Dwelling Units

On a:

Weekday,

Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic, One Hour Between 4 and 6 p.m.

Number of Studies:

13

Average Number of Dwelling Units:

193

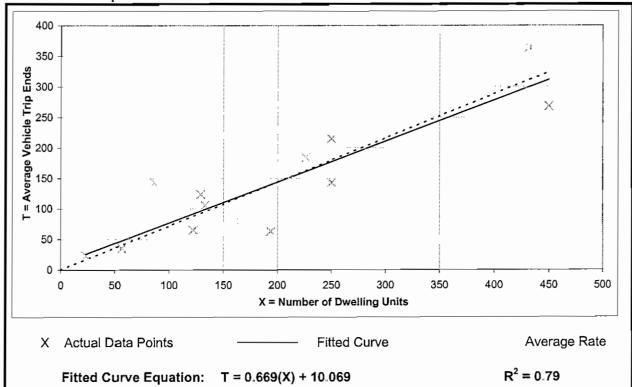
Directional Distribution:

55% entering, 45% exiting

Trip Generation Per Dwelling Unit

Average Rate	Ranges of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.72	0.32 - 1.66	0.25





TRIP GENERATION FOR BOB GRAY ROAD SUBDIVISION

94 Multi-Family Attached Townhouses

ITE LAND USE CODE	LAND USE DESCRIPTION	UNITS	TRAFFIC		GENERATED TRAFFIC AM PEAK HOUR			GENERATED TRAFFIC PM PEAK HOUR		
				ENTER	EXIT	TOTAL	ENTER	EXIT	TOTAL	
Local Trip				22%	78%		55%	45%		
Rate	Townhouses	94 Townhouses	903	11	40	51	40	33	73	
To	Total New Volume Site Trips			11	40	51	40	33	73	

Data from Local Trip Rates and calculated by using Fitted Curve Equations

TRIP GENERATION FOR BOB GRAY ROAD SUBDIVISION

94 Townhouses

Weekday:

Fitted Curve Equation: $T = 15.193(X)^{0.899}$

T = 15.193 * 59.41

T = 903 trips

Peak Hour of Adjacent Traffic between 7 and 9 am:

Fitted Curve Equation: $T = 0.758(X)^{0.924}$

T = 0.758 * 67

T = 51 trips

Peak Hour of Adjacent Traffic between 4 and 6 pm:

Fitted Curve Equation: T = 0.669(X)+10.069

T = 0.669 * 94 + 10.07

T = 73 trips

TRIP GENERATION FOR PARKWAY HEIGHTS TOWNHOUSES

123 Multi-Family Attached Townhouses

ITE LAND USE CODE	LAND USE DESCRIPTION	UNITS	GENERATED DAILY TRAFFIC	GENERATED TRAFFIC AM PEAK HOUR			GENERATED TRAFFIC PM PEAK HOUR		
				ENTER	EXIT	TOTAL	ENTER	EXIT	TOTAL
Local Trip				22%	78%		55%	45%	
Rate	Townhouses	123 Townhouses	1,150	14	51	65	51	42	93
Total New Volume Site Trips			1,150	14	51	65	51	42	93

Data from Local Trip Rates and calculated by using Fitted Curve Equations

TRIP GENERATION FOR PARKWAY HEIGHTS TOWNHOUSES

123 Townhouses

123 Units = X

Weekday:

Fitted Curve Equation: $T = 15.193(X)^{0.899}$

T = 15.193 * 75.65

T = 1150 trips

Peak Hour of Adjacent Traffic between 7 and 9 am:

Fitted Curve Equation: $T = 0.758(X)^{0.924}$

T = 0.758 * 85

T = 65 trips

Peak Hour of Adjacent Traffic between 4 and 6 pm:

Fitted Curve Equation: T = 0.669(X)+10.069

T = 0.669 * 123 + 10.07

T = 93 trips

TRIP GENERATION FOR COMBINED DEVELOPMENTS

ITE LAND USE CODE	LAND USE DESCRIPTION	UNITS	GENERATED DAILY TRAFFIC	GENERATED TRAFFIC AM PEAK HOUR			ENERATE TRAFFIC PEAK HC		
				ENTER	EXIT	TOTAL	ENTER	EXIT	TOTAL
Local Trip		217 Townhouses	2,053	22%	78%		55%	45%	
Rate	Townhouses			25	91	116	91	75	166
Total New Volume Site Trips			2,053	25	91	116	91	75	166

Data from Local Trip Rates and calculated by using Fitted Curve Equations

APPENDIX I

2021 CENSUS BUREAU DATA

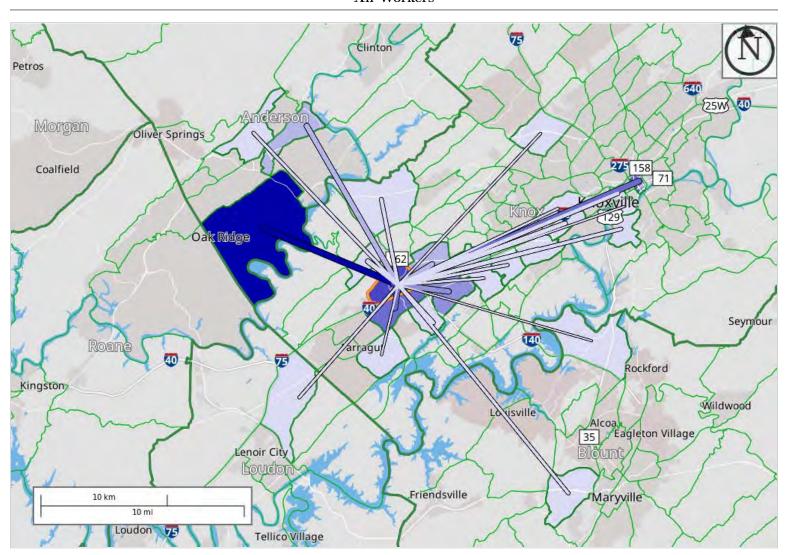
Destination Analysis

Workers: Living in 59.11 (Knox, TN)

Showing: Employment locations grouped by Census Tracts

Created by the U.S. Census Bureau's OnTheMap https://onthemap.ces.census.gov on 03/22/2024

Counts of All Jobs from Home Selection Area to Work Census Tracts in 2021 All Workers



Map Legend

Job Count

- **111** 127
- **94** 110
- 94 110
- **8** 93
- **61 77**
- **45** 60
- 28 4411 27

Selection Areas

✓ Home Area

Job Count

4 111 - 127

94 - 110

78 - 93

4 61 - 77

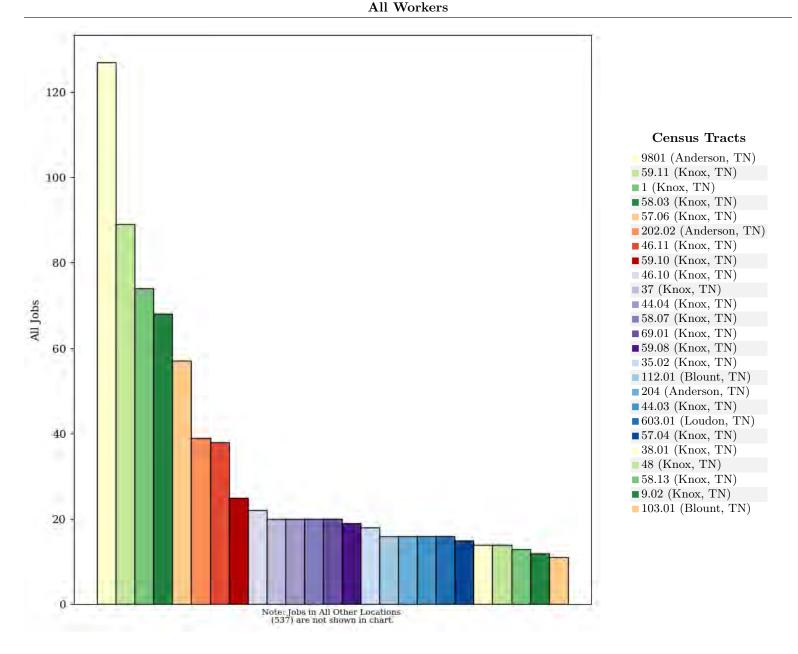
45 - 60

28 - 44

11 - 27







All Jobs from Home Selection Area to Work Census Tracts in 2021

All Workers

	20	21
Census Tracts as Work Destination Area	Count	Share
All Census Tracts	1,336	100.0%
9801 (Anderson, TN)	127	9.5%
59.11 (Knox, TN)	89	6.7%
1 (Knox, TN)	74	5.5%
58.03 (Knox, TN)	68	5.1%
57.06 (Knox, TN)	57	4.3%
202.02 (Anderson, TN)	39	2.9%
46.11 (Knox, TN)	38	2.8%
59.10 (Knox, TN)	25	1.9%
46.10 (Knox, TN)	22	1.6%
37 (Knox, TN)	20	1.5%



	20	21
Census Tracts as Work Destination Area	Count	Share
AAOA (IZ EENI)		1 507
44.04 (Knox, TN)	20	1.5%
58.07 (Knox, TN)	20	1.5%
69.01 (Knox, TN)	20	1.5%
59.08 (Knox, TN)	19	1.4%
35.02 (Knox, TN)	18	1.3%
112.01 (Blount, TN)	16	1.2%
204 (Anderson, TN)	16	1.2%
44.03 (Knox, TN)	16	1.2%
603.01 (Loudon, TN)	16	1.2%
57.04 (Knox, TN)	15	1.1%
38.01 (Knox, TN)	14	1.0%
48 (Knox, TN)	14	1.0%
58.13 (Knox, TN)	13	1.0%
9.02 (Knox, TN)	12	0.9%
103.01 (Blount, TN)	11	0.8%
All Other Locations	537	40.2%



Additional Information

Analysis Settings

Analysis Type	Destination
Destination Type	Census Tracts
Selection area as	Home
Year(s)	2021
Job Type	All Jobs
Selection Area	59.11 (Knox, TN) from Census Tracts
Selected Census Blocks	48
Analysis Generation Date	03/22/2024 16:56 - On The Map 6.23.5
Code Revision	61 ba 66 ad b 1494 f 11636 f 474452 a 03 e 1039 f 6f 3a 0
LODES Data Vintage	20231016_1512

Data Sources

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, OnTheMap Application and LEHD Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (Beginning of Quarter Employment, 2nd Quarter of 2002-2021).

Notes

- 1. Race, Ethnicity, Educational Attainment, and Sex statistics are beta release results and are not available before 2009.
- 2. Educational Attainment is only produced for workers aged 30 and over.
- 3. Firm Age and Firm Size statistics are beta release results for All Private jobs and are not available before 2011.



APPENDIX J
KNOX COUNTY TURN LANE VOLUME THRESHOLD WORKSHEETS

TABLE 5A

LEFT-TURN LANE VOLUME THRESHOLDS FOR TWO-LANE ROADWAYS WITH A PREVAILING SPEED OF 36 TO 45 MPH

(If the left-turn volume exceeds the table value a left -turn lane is needed)

	OPPOSING	THROU	GH VOLUM	E PLUS RIGH	T-TURN	VOLUME	*
	VOLUME	100 - 149	150 - 199	200 - 249	250 - 299	300 - 349	350 - 399
,	100 - 149 150 - 199	250 200	180 140	140 105	110 90	80 70	70 60
253+7 260	250 - 200	160 130	115 100	85 75	75 65	60	55 50
	300 - 349 350 - 399	119 100	90 80		60		45 40
	400 - 449 450 - 499	90 80	70 65	Bob Gray Road at th Bob Gray Road S Lovell Crossin	nly + 👌	35 30	
	500 - 549 550 - 599	70 , 65	60 55	2027 Pro	jected AM	1	25 25
	600 - 649 650 - 699	60 55	45 35		Turns = 4 Lane NOT	1	25 20
	760 - 749 750 or More	50 45	35 35		ranted	Juzy	20 20

OPPOSING	THROUGH VOLUME PLUS RIGHT-TURN VOLUME *								
VOLUME	350 - 399	400 - 449	450 - 499	500 - 549	550 - 599	=/ > 600			
100 - 149	70	60	50	45	40	35			
150 - 199	60	55	45	40	35	30			
200 - 249	55	50	40	35	30	30			
250 - 299	50	45	35	30	30	30			
300 - 349	45	40	35	30	25	25			
350 - 399	40	35	30	25	25	20			
400 - 449	35	30	30	25	20	20			
450 - 499	30	25	25	20	20	20			
500 - 549	25	25	20	20	20	15			
550 - 599	25	20	20	20	20	15			
600 - 649	25	20	20	20	20	15			
650 - 699	20	20	20	20	20	15			
700 - 749	20	20	20	15	15	15			
750 or More	20	20	20	15	15	15			

^{*} Or through volume only if a right-turn lane exists

TABLE 5B

RIGHT-TURN LANE VOLUME THRESHOLDS FOR TWO-LANE ROADWAYS WITH A PREVAILING SPEED OF 36 TO 45 MPH

RIGHT-TURN	THRO	DUGH VOLUM	E PLUS LE	FT-TURN	VOLUME	, 4e
VOLUME	<100	100 - 199	200 - 249	250 - 299	300 - 349	350 - 399
Fewer Than 25 25 - 49 50 - 99						
100 - 149 150 - 199		Bob Gray Ro Bob Gray Lovell				
200 - 249 250 - 299		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Yes	Yes Yes		
300 - 349 350 - 399		 	EB Right Turns = 7 Right Turn Lane NOT			
400 - 449 450 - 499		Eyeur	Yes · Yes	Yes Yes		
500 - 549 550 - 599	Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
600 or More	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

RIGHT-TURN	THROUGH VOLUME PLUS LEFT-TURN VOLUME *								
VOLUME	350 - 399	400 - 449	450 - 499	500 - 549	550 - 600	+/> 600			
Fewer Than 25 25 - 49 50 - 99				Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes			
100 - 149 150 - 199		Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes			
200 - 249 250 - 299	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes			
300 - 349 350 - 399	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes			
400 - 449 450 - 499	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes			
500 - 549 550 - 599	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes			
600 or More	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			

^{*} Or through volume only if a left-turn lane exists.

TABLE 5A

LEFT-TURN LANE VOLUME THRESHOLDS FOR TWO-LANE ROADWAYS WITH A PREVAILING SPEED OF 36 TO 45 MPH

(If the left-turn volume exceeds the table value a left -turn lane is needed)

-	OPPOSING	THRO	THROUGH VOLUME PLUS RIGHT-TURN VOLUME *							
	VOLUME	100 - 149	150 - 199	200 - 249	250 - 299	300 - 349	350 - 399			
	100 - 149 150 - 199	250 200	Bob Gray Road at the Proposed Entrance: Bob Gray Road Subdivision Only +		e: } 110 90	80 70	70 60			
	200 - 249 250 - 299	160 130	Lovell Crossing I	75 65	65 60	55 50				
	300 - 349 350 - 399	110 100	2027 Projected PM WB Left Turns = 14 Left Turn Lane NOT Warranted		60 55	55 50	45 40			
	400 - 449 450 - 499	90 80			50 45	45 40	35 30			
0+26 566	500 - 549 550 - 599	70 65	60 55	45 40	35 35	35 30	25 25			
	600 - 649 650 - 699	60 55	45 35	35 35	30 30	25 25	25 20			
	700 - 749 750 or More	50 45	35 35	30 25	25 25	20 20	20 20			

OPPOSING	THROUGH VOLUME PLUS RIGHT-TURN VOLUME *								
VOLUME	350 - 399	400 - 449	450 - 499	500 - 549	550 - 599	=/ > 600			
100 - 149	70	60	50	45	40	35			
150 - 199	60	. 55	45	40	35	30			
200 - 249	55	50	40	35	30	30			
250 - 299	50	45	35	30	30	30			
300 - 349	45	40	35	30	25	25			
350 - 399	40	35	30	25	25	20			
400 - 449	35	30	30	25	20	20			
450 - 499	30	25	25	20	20	20			
500 - 549	25	25	20	20	20	15			
550 - 599	25	20	20	20	20	15			
600 - 649	25	20	20	20	20	15			
650 - 699	20	20	20	20	. 20	15			
700 - 749	20	20	20	15	15	15			
750 or More	20	20	20	15	15	15			

^{*} Or through volume only if a right-turn lane exists

TABLE 5B

RIGHT-TURN LANE VOLUME THRESHOLDS FOR TWO-LANE ROADWAYS WITH A PREVAILING SPEED OF 36 TO 45 MPH

RIGHT-TURN	THRO	OUGH VOLUM	E PLUS LEI	T-TURN	VOLUME	*
VOLUME	<100	100 - 199	200 - 249	250 - 299	300 - 349	350 - 399
Fewer Than 25 25 - 49 50 - 99						
100 - 149 150 - 199						
200 - 249 250 - 299					Yes	Yes Yes
300 - 349 350 - 399		**	Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
400 - 449 450 - 499	**************************************	Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes · Yes	Yes Yes
500 - 549 550 - 599	Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
600 or More	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

RIGHT-TURN	THR	OUGH VOLUM	Æ PLUS LI	EFT-TURN	VOLUM	E *
VOLUME	350 - 399	400 - 449	450 - 499	500 - 549	550 - 600	+/> 600
Fewer Than 25 25 - 49 50 - 99				Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
100 - 149 150 - 199	(FEE)	Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
200 - 249 250 - 299	Yes Yes	Bob Gray Ro	at the Proposed oad Subdivision ossing Developn	Only $+$	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
300 - 349 350 - 399	Yes Yes	2027	Projected PM	3	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
400 - 449 450 - 499	Yes Yes	1}	ight Turns = 26 Turn Lane NO	1	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
500 - 549 550 - 599	Yes Yes		Warranted	yes T	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
600 or More	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

^{*} Or through volume only if a left-turn lane exists.

TABLE 5A

LEFT-TURN LANE VOLUME THRESHOLDS FOR TWO-LANE ROADWAYS WITH A PREVAILING SPEED OF 36 TO 45 MPH

(If the left-turn volume exceeds the table value a left -turn lane is needed)

	OPPOSING	THROU	GH VOLU	ME PLUS RIGH	T-TURN	VOLUME	*
	VOLUME	100 - 149	150 - 199	200 - 249	250 - 299	300 - 349	350 - 399
	100 - 149 150 - 199	250 200	180 140	140 105	110 90	80 70	70 60
53+ = 26	250 - 200	160 130	115 100	85 75	75 65	60	55 50
	300 - 349 350 - 399	110 100	90 80	70		55 55	45 40
	400 - 449 450 - 499	90 80	70 65	Bob Gray Road at the Combined Reside Lovell Crossin	ential Subdivis	ions + }	35 30
	500 - 549 550 - 599	70 65	60 55	2027 Pro	jected AM	3	25 25
	600 - 649 650 - 699	60 55	45 35	}	Turns = 9 Lane NOT	3	25 20
	700 - 749 750 or More	50 45	35 35	War	ranted	Fyring	20 20

OPPOSING	THROU	GH VOLUME	PLUS RIGH	T-TURN	VOLUME	*
VOLUME	350 - 399	400 - 449	450 - 499	500 - 549	550 - 599	=/ > 600
100 - 149	70	60	50	45	40	35
150 - 199	60	. 55	45	40	35	30
200 - 249	55	50	40	35	30	30
250 - 299	50	45	35	30	30	30
300 - 349	45	40	35	30	25	25
350 - 399	40	35	30	25	25	20
400 - 449	35	30	30	25	20	20
450 - 499	30	25	25	20	20	20
500 - 549	25	25	20	20	20	15
550 - 599	25	20	20	20	20	15
600 - 649	25	20	20	20	20	15
650 - 699	20	20	20	20	. 20	15
700 - 749	20	20	20	15	15	15
750 or More	20	20	20	15	15	15

^{*} Or through volume only if a right-turn lane exists

TABLE 5B

RIGHT-TURN LANE VOLUME THRESHOLDS FOR TWO-LANE ROADWAYS WITH A PREVAILING SPEED OF 36 TO 45 MPH

RIGHT-TURN	THRO	OUGH VOLUM	E PLUS LEI	FT-TURN	VOLUME	*
VOLUME	<100	100 - 199	200 - 249	250 - 299	300 - 349	350 - 399
Fewer Than 25 25 - 49 50 - 99						
100 - 149 150 - 199		Combined	pad at the Propos Residential Subo Crossing Develo	divisions +		
200 - 249 250 - 299		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	2027 Projected AN	1	Yes	Yes Yes
300 - 349 350 - 399		\	B Right Turns = ght Turn Lane No	1	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
400 - 449 450 - 499		Lygun	Warranted	Yuvesu	Yes · Yes	Yes Yes
500 - 549 550 - 599	Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
600 or More	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

RIGHT-TURN	THR	OUGH VOLU	ME PLUS LI	EFT-TURN	VOLUM	E *
VOLUME	350 - 399	400 - 449	450 - 499	500 - 549	550 - 600	+/> 600
Fewer Than 25 25 - 49 50 - 99				Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
100 - 149 150 - 199		Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
200 - 249 250 - 299	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
300 - 349 350 - 399	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
400 - 449 450 - 499	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
500 - 549 550 - 599	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
600 or More	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

^{*} Or through volume only if a left-turn lane exists.

TABLE 5A

LEFT-TURN LANE VOLUME THRESHOLDS FOR TWO-LANE ROADWAYS WITH A PREVAILING SPEED OF 36 TO 45 MPH

(If the left-turn volume exceeds the table value a left -turn lane is needed)

OPPOS	ING	THRO	UGH VOLUME PL	US RIGHT	TURN Y	OLUME	. He
VOLU	ME	100 - 149	150 - 199 200 - 249		250 - 299	300 - 349	350 - 399
100 - 1 150 - 1	13073	250 200	Bob Gray Road at the Prop	oosed Entrance:	110 90	80 70	70 60
200 - 2 250 - 2	100	160 130	Lovell Crossing Dev	_	75 65	65 60	55 50
300 - 3 350 - 3	2002	110 100	2027 Projected WB Left Turns		60 55	55 50	45 40
400 - 4 450 - 4		90 80	Left Turn La Warranted		50 45	45 40	35 30
+59 599 550 - 5	99	70 , 65	60 55	45 40	35 35	35 30	25
600 - 6 650 - 6	1-11	60 55	45 35	35 35	30 30	25 25	25 20
760 - 74 750 or M	70 TO 100	50 45	35 35	30 25	25 25	20 20	20 20

OPPOSING	THROU	GH VOLUME	PLUS RIGH	T-TURN	VOLUME	*
VOLUME	350 - 399	400 - 449	450 - 499	500 - 549	550 - 599	=/ > 600
100 - 149	70	60	50	45	40	35
150 - 199	60	. 55	45	40	35	30
200 - 249	55	50	40	35	30	30
250 - 299	50	45	35	30	30	30
300 - 349	45	40	35	30	25	25
350 - 399	40	35	30	25	25	20
400 - 449	35	30	30	25	20	20
450 - 499	30	25	25	20	20	20
500 - 549	25	25	20	20	20	15
550 - 599	25	20	20	20	20	15
600 - 649	25	20	20	20	20	15
650 - 699	20	20	20	20	. 20	15
700 - 749	20	20	20	15	15	15
750 or More	20	20	20	15	15	15

^{*} Or through volume only if a right-turn lane exists

TABLE 5B

RIGHT-TURN LANE VOLUME THRESHOLDS FOR TWO-LANE ROADWAYS WITH A PREVAILING SPEED OF 36 TO 45 MPH

RIGHT-TURN	THRO	OUGH VOLUM	E PLUS LEI	T-TURN	VOLUME	*
VOLUME	<100	100 - 199	200 - 249	250 - 299	300 - 349	350 - 399
Fewer Than 25 25 - 49 50 - 99						
100 - 149 150 - 199						
200 - 249 250 - 299					Yes	Yes Yes
300 - 349 350 - 399		**	Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
400 - 449 450 - 499		Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes · Yes	Yes Yes
500 - 549 550 - 599	Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
600 or More	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

R	HGHT-TURN	THR	OUGH VOLUM	E PLUS LI	EFT-TURN	VOLUM	E *
- 21720	VOLUME	350 - 399	400 - 449	450 - 499	500 - 549	550 - 600	+/> 600
9	Fewer Than 25 25 - 49 50 - 99				Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
-35	100 - 149 150 - 199	(C=2) = 23 (C)	Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
	200 - 249 250 - 299	Yes Yes	Combined R	at the Propose esidential Subd rossing Develop	d Entrance: { ivisions +	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
	300 - 349 350 - 399	Yes Yes	1 8	7 Projected PM	3	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
	400 - 449 450 - 499	Yes Yes	1 }	Right Turns = 5 ght Turn Lane	59	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
	500 - 549 550 - 599	Yes Yes	1 }	Warranted	June	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
1-12	600 or More	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

^{*} Or through volume only if a left-turn lane exists.

APPENDIX K

SIMTRAFFIC VEHICLE QUEUE WORKSHEETS

Movement	EB	EB	EB	WB	WB	WB	NB	NB	NB	NB	SB	SB
Directions Served	L	Т	R	L	T	R	L	Т	T	R	L	T
Maximum Queue (ft)	248	220	98	159	154	74	154	225	193	55	185	371
Average Queue (ft)	134	94	46	72	71	32	61	125	83	20	30	218
95th Queue (ft)	216	174	80	131	126	58	116	197	162	45	117	328
Link Distance (ft)		537			772			778	778			393
Upstream Blk Time (%)												0
Queuing Penalty (veh)												0
Storage Bay Dist (ft)	180		300	175		215	140			245	135	
Storage Blk Time (%)	3	1		0	0		0	5	0			25
Queuing Penalty (veh)	9	2		1	0		1	6	0			8

Intersection: 3: Lovell Road & Yarnell Road/Bob Gray Road

Move	ment	SB	
Direct	tions Served	TR	
Maxir	num Queue (ft)	323	
	ge Queue (ft)	171	
95th (Queue (ft)	279	
	Distance (ft)	393	
	eam Blk Time (%)	0	
	ing Penalty (veh)	0	
Stora	ge Bay Dist (ft)		
	ge Blk Time (%)		
Queu	ing Penalty (veh)		

Intersection: 7: Highvue Drive & Bob Gray Road

Movement	WB	NB
Directions Served	LT	LR
Maximum Queue (ft)	19	41
Average Queue (ft)	1	19
95th Queue (ft)	10	44
Link Distance (ft)	729	385
Upstream Blk Time (%)		
Queuing Penalty (veh)		
Storage Bay Dist (ft)		
Storage Blk Time (%)		
Queuing Penalty (veh)		

Intersection: 8: Proposed Entrance & Bob Gray Road

Movement	WB	NB
Directions Served	LT	LR
Maximum Queue (ft)	29	56
Average Queue (ft)	1	24
95th Queue (ft)	14	49
Link Distance (ft)	442	332
Upstream Blk Time (%)		
Queuing Penalty (veh)		
Storage Bay Dist (ft)		
Storage Blk Time (%)		
Queuing Penalty (veh)		

Network Summary

Network wide Queuing Penalty: 27

Movement	EB	EB	EB	WB	WB	WB	NB	NB	NB	NB	SB	SB
Directions Served	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	T	R	L	T
Maximum Queue (ft)	275	559	425	230	273	57	219	362	309	108	214	410
Average Queue (ft)	270	549	302	122	118	22	93	218	174	44	81	279
95th Queue (ft)	317	557	600	208	228	44	193	325	272	89	200	396
Link Distance (ft)		533			772			775	775			392
Upstream Blk Time (%)		83										1
Queuing Penalty (veh)		0										0
Storage Bay Dist (ft)	180		300	175		215	140			245	135	
Storage Blk Time (%)	21	92		6	6		2	17	1		0	24
Queuing Penalty (veh)	70	288		11	13		8	26	1		0	25

Intersection: 3: Lovell Road & Yarnell Road/Bob Gray Road

Movement	SB
Directions Served	TR
Maximum Queue (ft)	402
Average Queue (ft)	245
95th Queue (ft)	361
Link Distance (ft)	392
Upstream Blk Time (%)	1
Queuing Penalty (veh)	0
Storage Bay Dist (ft)	
Storage Blk Time (%)	
Queuing Penalty (veh)	

Intersection: 7: Highvue Drive & Bob Gray Road

Movement	EB	WB	NB
Directions Served	TR	LT	LR
Maximum Queue (ft)	2	52	37
Average Queue (ft)	0	8	14
95th Queue (ft)	2	35	39
Link Distance (ft)	772	736	386
Upstream Blk Time (%)			
Queuing Penalty (veh)			
Storage Bay Dist (ft)			
Storage Blk Time (%)			
Queuing Penalty (veh)			

Intersection: 8: Proposed Entrance & Bob Gray Road

Movement	EB	WB	NB
Directions Served	TR	LT	LR
Maximum Queue (ft)	8	68	50
Average Queue (ft)	0	9	23
95th Queue (ft)	7	40	48
Link Distance (ft)	736	470	256
Upstream Blk Time (%)			
Queuing Penalty (veh)			
Storage Bay Dist (ft)			
Storage Blk Time (%)			
Queuing Penalty (veh)			

Network Summary

Network wide Queuing Penalty: 443

Movement	EB	EB	EB	WB	WB	WB	NB	NB	NB	NB	SB	SB
Directions Served	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	T	R	L	T
Maximum Queue (ft)	246	264	141	175	175	81	147	243	203	55	182	370
Average Queue (ft)	137	99	48	82	78	33	64	129	85	21	32	225
95th Queue (ft)	220	194	100	150	144	60	119	208	173	45	119	328
Link Distance (ft)		537			772			778	778			393
Upstream Blk Time (%)												0
Queuing Penalty (veh)												0
Storage Bay Dist (ft)	180		300	175		215	140			245	135	
Storage Blk Time (%)	4	1		0	1		0	6	0			27
Queuing Penalty (veh)	13	3		1	3		1	8	0			9

Intersection: 3: Lovell Road & Yarnell Road/Bob Gray Road

Movement	SB
Directions Served	TR
Maximum Queue (ft)	326
Average Queue (ft)	178
95th Queue (ft)	282
Link Distance (ft)	393
Upstream Blk Time (%)	0
Queuing Penalty (veh)	0
Storage Bay Dist (ft)	
Storage Blk Time (%)	
Queuing Penalty (veh)	

Intersection: 7: Highvue Drive & Bob Gray Road

Movement	WB	NB
Directions Served	LT	LR
Maximum Queue (ft)	16	39
Average Queue (ft)	1	18
95th Queue (ft)	9	43
Link Distance (ft)	729	385
Upstream Blk Time (%)		
Queuing Penalty (veh)		
Storage Bay Dist (ft)		
Storage Blk Time (%)		
Queuing Penalty (veh)		

Intersection: 8: Proposed Entrance & Bob Gray Road

Movement	WB	NB
Directions Served	LT	LR
Maximum Queue (ft)	41	85
Average Queue (ft)	3	36
95th Queue (ft)	19	63
Link Distance (ft)	442	332
Upstream Blk Time (%)		
Queuing Penalty (veh)		
Storage Bay Dist (ft)		
Storage Blk Time (%)		
Queuing Penalty (veh)		

Network Summary

Network wide Queuing Penalty: 37

Movement	EB	EB	EB	WB	WB	WB	NB	NB	NB	NB	SB	SB
Directions Served	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	T	R	L	T
Maximum Queue (ft)	275	565	425	232	373	195	219	340	312	118	214	406
Average Queue (ft)	267	546	305	146	167	40	89	217	180	47	88	276
95th Queue (ft)	330	596	602	244	346	174	186	313	275	93	211	392
Link Distance (ft)		533			772			775	775			392
Upstream Blk Time (%)		84										1
Queuing Penalty (veh)		0										0
Storage Bay Dist (ft)	180		300	175		215	140			245	135	
Storage Blk Time (%)	17	94		14	12		1	17	1		0	24
Queuing Penalty (veh)	61	294		29	30		4	26	2		2	27

Intersection: 3: Lovell Road & Yarnell Road/Bob Gray Road

Movement	SB
Directions Served	TR
Maximum Queue (ft)	388
Average Queue (ft)	237
95th Queue (ft)	349
Link Distance (ft)	392
Upstream Blk Time (%)	0
Queuing Penalty (veh)	0
Storage Bay Dist (ft)	
Storage Blk Time (%)	
Queuing Penalty (veh)	

Intersection: 7: Highvue Drive & Bob Gray Road

Movement	WB	NB
Directions Served	LT	LR
Maximum Queue (ft)	59	44
Average Queue (ft)	9	15
95th Queue (ft)	38	42
Link Distance (ft)	736	386
Upstream Blk Time (%)		
Queuing Penalty (veh)		
Storage Bay Dist (ft)		
Storage Blk Time (%)		
Queuing Penalty (veh)		

Intersection: 8: Proposed Entrance & Bob Gray Road

Movement	EB	WB	NB
Directions Served	TR	LT	LR
Maximum Queue (ft)	8	82	75
Average Queue (ft)	0	15	36
95th Queue (ft)	4	52	61
Link Distance (ft)	736	470	256
Upstream Blk Time (%)			
Queuing Penalty (veh)			
Storage Bay Dist (ft)			
Storage Blk Time (%)			
Queuing Penalty (veh)			

Network Summary

Network wide Queuing Penalty: 474

Movement	EB	EB	EB	WB	WB	WB	NB	NB	NB	NB	SB	SB
Directions Served	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	T	R	L	T
Maximum Queue (ft)	234	222	96	171	175	70	150	202	174	57	197	349
Average Queue (ft)	137	99	45	86	77	32	60	112	67	18	27	198
95th Queue (ft)	214	183	77	148	139	58	111	180	142	42	102	302
Link Distance (ft)		537			772			778	778			393
Upstream Blk Time (%)												0
Queuing Penalty (veh)												0
Storage Bay Dist (ft)	180		300	175		215	140			245	135	
Storage Blk Time (%)	4	1		0	0		0	3	0			20
Queuing Penalty (veh)	11	3		1	1		1	4	0			6

Movement	SB
Directions Served	TR
Maximum Queue (ft)	282
Average Queue (ft)	156
95th Queue (ft)	257
Link Distance (ft)	393
Upstream Blk Time (%)	
Queuing Penalty (veh)	
Storage Bay Dist (ft)	
Storage Blk Time (%)	
Queuing Penalty (veh)	

Movement	EB	EB	EB	WB	WB	WB	NB	NB	NB	NB	SB	SB
Directions Served	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	Ţ	T	R	L	T
Maximum Queue (ft)	269	400	193	228	352	128	220	420	376	154	214	412
Average Queue (ft)	154	211	51	134	133	30	107	245	200	57	99	320
95th Queue (ft)	270	389	171	233	321	135	220	359	311	117	233	432
Link Distance (ft)		537			772			778	778			393
Upstream Blk Time (%)		2			0							3
Queuing Penalty (veh)		0			0							0
Storage Bay Dist (ft)	180		300	175		215	140			245	135	
Storage Blk Time (%)	8	23		14	4		2	23	1		0	33
Queuing Penalty (veh)	28	73		27	9		8	35	3		1	35

Movement	SB
Directions Served	TR
Maximum Queue (ft)	405
Average Queue (ft)	282
95th Queue (ft)	397
Link Distance (ft)	393
Upstream Blk Time (%)	2
Queuing Penalty (veh)	0
Storage Bay Dist (ft)	
Storage Blk Time (%)	
Queuing Penalty (veh)	

Movement	EB	EB	EB	WB	WB	WB	NB	NB	NB	NB	SB	SB
Directions Served	L	T	R	L	Т	R	L	T	T	R	L	T
Maximum Queue (ft)	256	234	103	189	210	73	138	204	170	49	162	338
Average Queue (ft)	140	102	46	96	83	33	60	113	71	19	23	194
95th Queue (ft)	225	187	80	163	151	60	110	181	146	42	81	298
Link Distance (ft)		537			772			778	778			393
Upstream Blk Time (%)												0
Queuing Penalty (veh)												0
Storage Bay Dist (ft)	180		300	175		215	140			245	135	
Storage Blk Time (%)	4	1		1	1		0	3				19
Queuing Penalty (veh)	13	3		2	2		1	4				6

Movement	SB
Directions Served	TR
Maximum Queue (ft)	271
Average Queue (ft)	153
95th Queue (ft)	254
Link Distance (ft)	393
Upstream Blk Time (%)	
Queuing Penalty (veh)	
Storage Bay Dist (ft)	
Storage Blk Time (%)	
Queuing Penalty (veh)	

Movement	EB	EB	EB	WB	WB	WB	NB	NB	NB	NB	SB	SB
Directions Served	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	Т	Т	R	L	T
Maximum Queue (ft)	275	436	219	240	307	123	220	429	372	137	214	408
Average Queue (ft)	153	217	52	139	135	24	118	256	208	61	112	325
95th Queue (ft)	275	407	181	235	280	80	235	368	318	114	245	439
Link Distance (ft)		537			772			778	778			393
Upstream Blk Time (%)		1										5
Queuing Penalty (veh)		0										0
Storage Bay Dist (ft)	180		300	175		215	140			245	135	
Storage Blk Time (%)	8	24		13	5		3	25	2		0	34
Queuing Penalty (veh)	28	75		28	13		14	37	4		1	39

Movement	SB
Directions Served	TR
Maximum Queue (ft)	410
Average Queue (ft)	284
95th Queue (ft)	406
Link Distance (ft)	393
Upstream Blk Time (%)	2
Queuing Penalty (veh)	0
Storage Bay Dist (ft)	
Storage Blk Time (%)	
Queuing Penalty (veh)	

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RESPONSE LETTER TO ADDRESS REVIEW COMMENTS



11812 Black Road Knoxville, Tennessee 37932 Phone (865) 556-0042 ajaxengineering@gmail.com

August 16, 2024

PROJECT NAME: Bob Gray Road Subdivision (6-SB-24-C / 6-E-24-DP)

TO: Knoxville-Knox County Planning

SUBJECT: Response Document for Bob Gray Road Subdivision TIS Review Comments

Knoxville-Knox County Planning and Knox County Engineering Staff:

The following response document addresses the comments in emails from Mike Conger, PE, dated August 14 and 16, 2024. This letter is added to the end of the revised report in Appendix L.

1. TDOT would want some direct language saying something like "If a connection to Odin St (Parkway Heights Neighborhood) is pursued as part of this project, then the connection of Odin St to Pellissippi Parkway must be closed". TDOT is not comfortable with the possibility of adding additional traffic at-grade to Pellissippi Parkway or creating a cut through that would allow motorists to avoid utilizing the existing interchanges at Dutchtown & Lovell.

Response: This language has been included at the end of Pages 4 and 66 in the updated report.

2. My preference would be if you could swap out the site plan with the new one and put in an introductory paragraph stating the change in lot count and how the rest of the analysis was based on a larger number and therefore represents a slightly conservative analysis and does not significantly affect the numbers and resulting recommendations.

<u>Response</u>: A note reflecting this comment has been added to the first page of the updated report. In addition, all the figures have been updated to reflect the final concept plan with a single entrance to Bob Gray Road. The final proposed townhouse unit count is 85, but the updated report maintains the calculations and analysis with 94 townhouse units and results in a conservative analysis.

In addition to the revisions listed above, other changes in the report include the following:

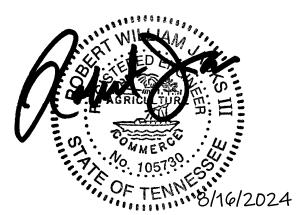
- Updated Title Page
- Updated Table of Contents

- Updated Page Footers
- A few minor grammatical changes
- Added Appendix L to include this response letter

If you have any questions or further comments, don't hesitate to get in touch with me. We look forward to your approval.

Sincerely,

Ajax Engineering, LLC Robert W. Jacks, P.E.



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